Appendix 7



1 (37)

Läkemedelsbehandling av polycystiskt ovarialsyndromhälsa och livskvalitet på kort och lång sikt Pharmacological treatment of polycystic ovary syndrome - health and quality of life in the short and long term, report 394 (2025)

Appendix 7 Sensitivity analyses

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1 Sensitivity analyses regarding combined oral contraceptives

1.1 Sensitivity analyses for different kinds of combined oral contraceptives

First generation compared to fourth generation

No sensitivity analyses.

Third generation compared to fourth generation BMI (kg/m^2) – high risk of bias

	3rd	generati	on	4th	generati	on		Mean difference	Mean difference	Risk of Bias
Study or Subgroup	Mean	SD	Total	Mean	SD	Total	Weight	IV, Random, 95% CI	IV, Random, 95% CI	ABCDEFG
× Amiri 2021	25.8	4.4	20	26.1	5.7	17	0.0%	-0.30 [-3.63 , 3.03]		⊕ ⊕ ⊜ ⊕ ? ∈
✓ Bhattacharya 2012	-0.45	6.75	58	0.11	5.54	57	12.2%	-0.56 [-2.82 , 1.70]		
✓ Dasgupta 2023	22.89	1.48	51	24.02	2.68	51	87.8%	-1.13 [-1.97 , -0.29]		• ? • • • • ?
X Kriplani 2010	27.5	3.6	29	27	5.3	29	0.0%	0.50 [-1.83 , 2.83]		9 ? 9 ? ? 6
Total (HKSJ ^a)			109			108	100.0%	-1.06 [-3.43 , 1.31]		
Test for overall effect:	T = 5.69, d	f = 1 (P =	0.11)						-4 -2 0 2	4
Test for subgroup diffe	rences: No	t applical	ole					Favours	3rd generation Favours 4	th generation

Heterogeneity: Tau 2 (REML b) = 0.00; Chi 2 = 0.22, df = 1 (P = 0.64); I^2 = 0%

Footnotes

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

HOMA-IR – high risk of bias

	3rd	generati	ion	4th	generati	on		Mean difference	Mean di	ifference	Risk of Bias
Study or Subgroup	Mean	SD	Total	Mean	SD	Total	Weight	IV, Random, 95% CI	IV, Rando	om, 95% CI	ABCDEFG
✓ Bhattacharya 2012	-0.28	3.98	58	0.42	3.82	57	33.2%	-0.70 [-2.13 , 0.73]	—		••••
✓ Dasgupta 2023	2.39	0.64	51	1.86	0.79	51	66.8%	0.53 [0.25, 0.81]		-	9 ? 9 9 9 7
X Kriplani 2010	1.8	1.3	29	1.7	0.7	29	0.0%	0.10 [-0.44 , 0.64]			• ? • ? ? •
Total (HKSJ ^a)			109			108	100.0%	0.12 [-7.24 , 7.48]			
Test for overall effect:	T = 0.21, d	f = 1 (P =	0.87)						-2 -1	0 1	
Test for subgroup diffe	rences: No	t applicat	ble					Favours	3rd generation	Favours 4th	n generation

Footnotes

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

bTau2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

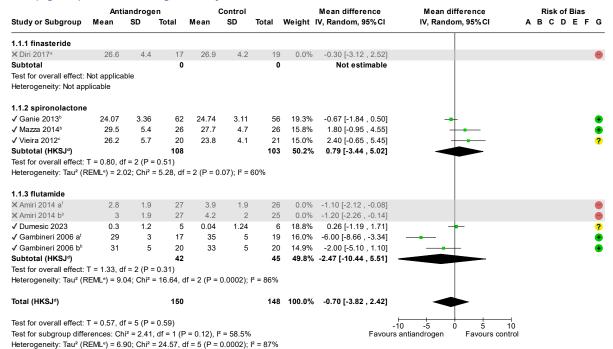
Heterogeneity: Tau^{2} (REML^b) = 0.48; Chi^{2} = 2.75, df = 1 (P = 0.10); I^{2} = 64%

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

2 Analyses regarding antiandrogens

2.1 Sensitivity analyses for antiandrogens+

BMI (kg/m^2) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith metformin for both groups

bwith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups

^cwith oral contraceptives for both groups

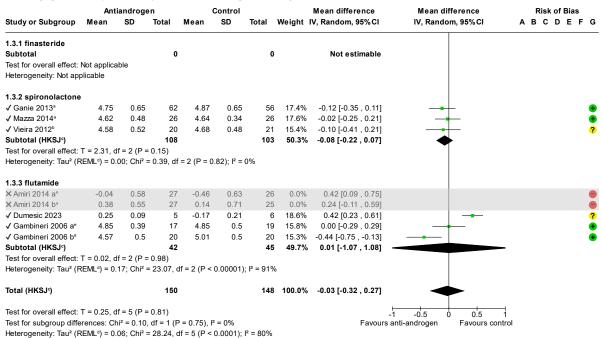
^dCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

eTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

with lifestyle intervention for both groups

- (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
- (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
- (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
- (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
- (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
- (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)
- (G) Other bias

Fasting glucose (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups

bwith oral contraceptives for both groups

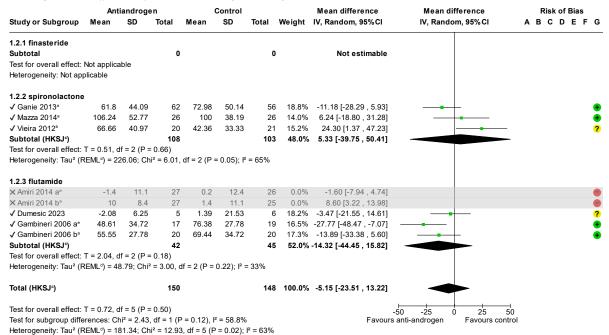
°Cl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

ewith lifestyle intervention for both groups

- (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
- (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
- (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
- (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
- (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
- (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)(G) Other bias

dTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Fasting insulin (pmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups

bwith oral contraceptives for both groups

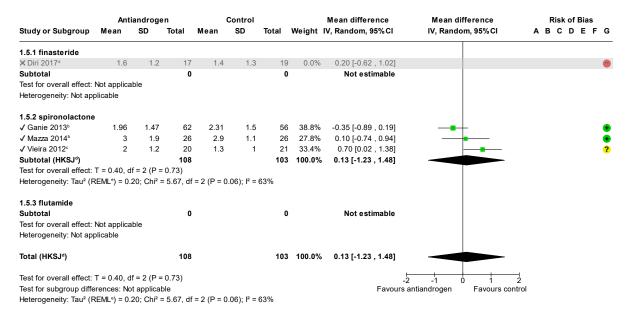
°Cl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

- (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
- (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
- (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
- (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
- (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
- (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)
- (G) Other bias

^dTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

ewith lifestyle intervention for both groups

HOMA-IR – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

awith metformin for both groups

^bwith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups

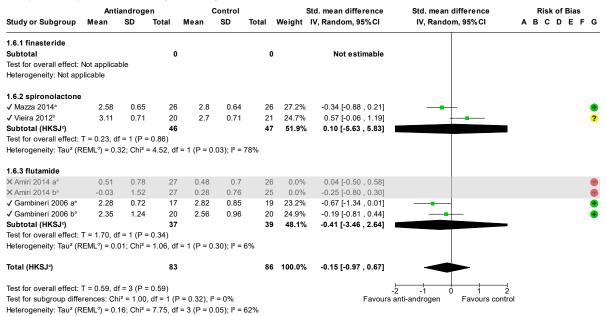
°with oral contraceptives for both groups

^dCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

eTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
- (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
- (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
- (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
- (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
- (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)
- (G) Other bias

LDL (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups

bwith oral contraceptives for both groups

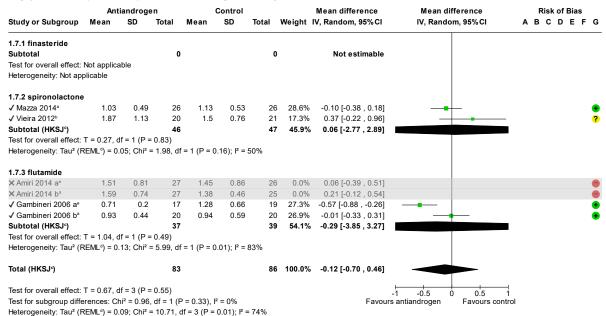
°Cl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^dTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

^ewith lifestyle intervention for both groups

- (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
- (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
- (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
- (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
- (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
- (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)
- (G) Other bias

Triglycerides (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups

^bwith oral contraceptives for both groups

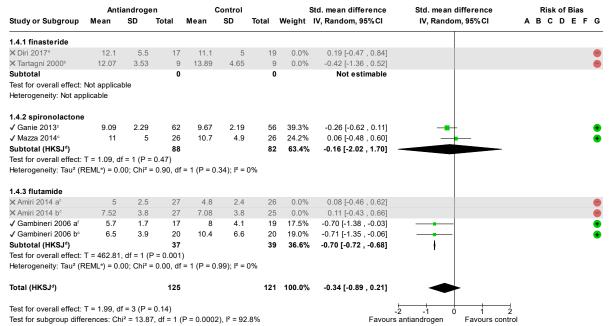
- (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
- (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
- (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
- (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
- (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
- (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)
- (G) Other bias

[°]Cl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

dTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

^ewith lifestyle intervention for both groups

Hirsutism – without high risk of bias



Heterogeneity: Tau 2 (REML e) = 0.03; Chi 2 = 4.60, df = 3 (P = 0.20); I 2 = 31%

Footnotes

^awith metformin for both groups

bwith oral contraceptives for both groups

°with metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups

^dCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

eTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

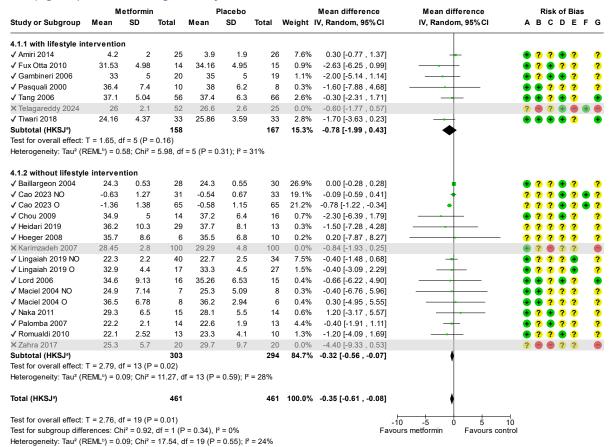
with lifestyle intervention for both groups

- (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
- (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
- (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
- (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
- (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
- (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)
- (G) Other bias

3 Analyses regarding metformin

3.1 Sensitivity analyses for metformin+

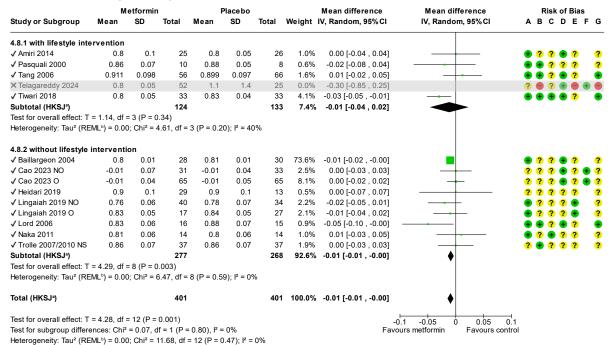
BMI all BMI (kg/m^2) – without high risk of bias



^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method. ^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

WHR – without high risk of bias

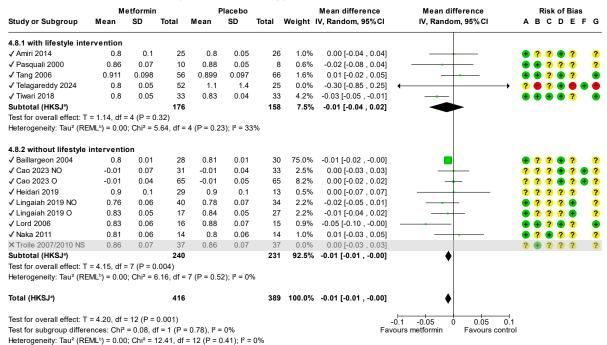


^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

WHR – without Trolle 2007 (crossover-study)



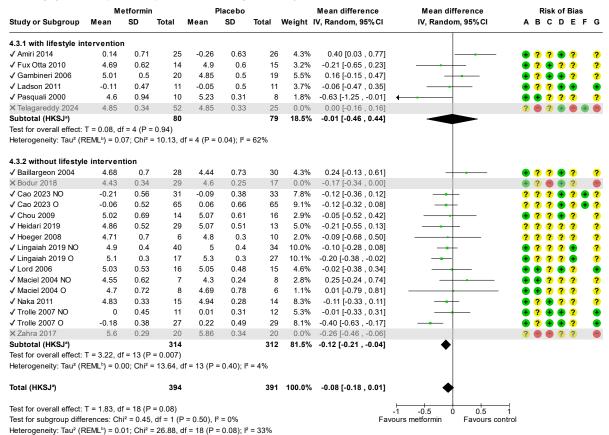
Footnotes

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting glucose (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



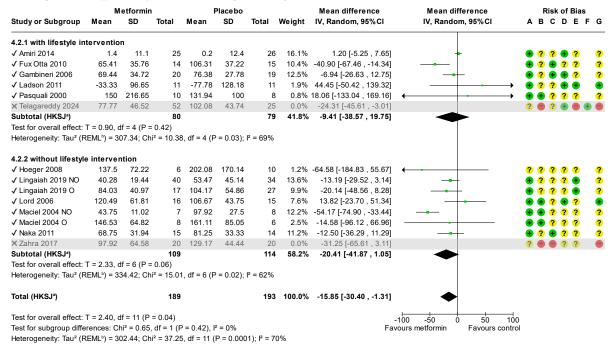
Footnotes

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest (G) Overall risk of bias

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Fasting insulin (pmol/l) – without high risk of bias



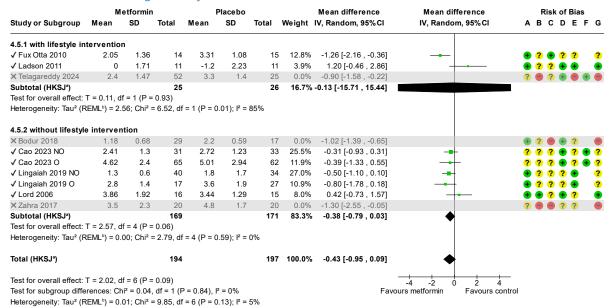
Footnotes

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

HOMA-IR – without high risk of bias



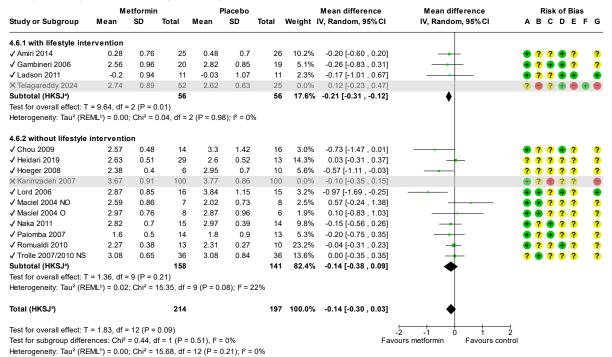
Footnotes

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

LDL (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



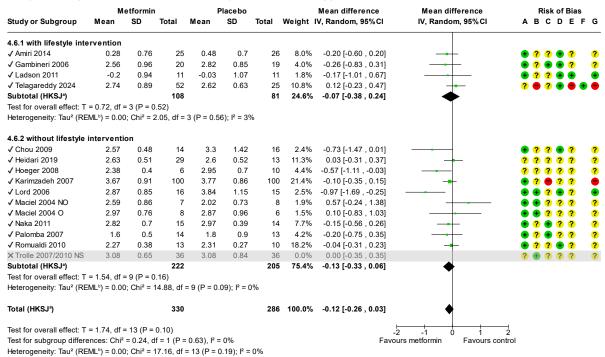
Footnotes

°Cl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

LDL (mmol/l) – without Trolle 2007 (crossover study)



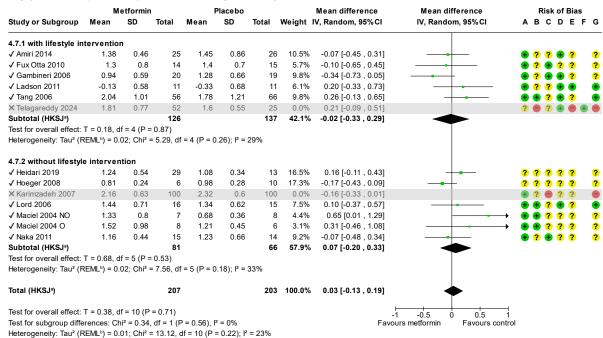
Footnotes

°Cl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Triglycerides (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



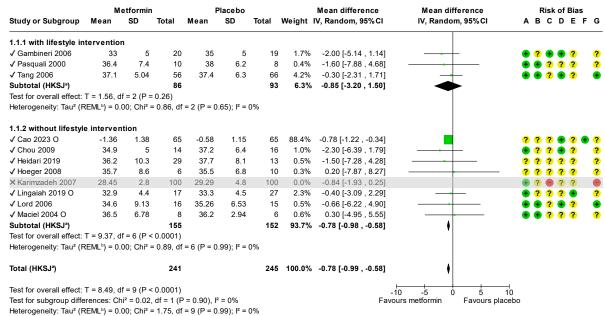
Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

BMI \geq 25 BMI (kg/m²) – without high risk of bias



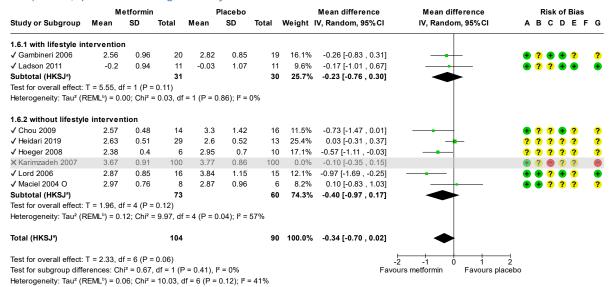
Footnotes

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

LDL (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



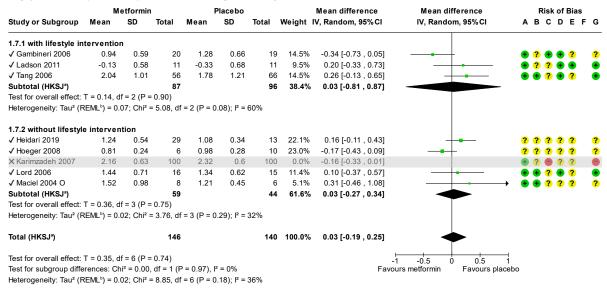
Footnotes

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Triglycerides (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

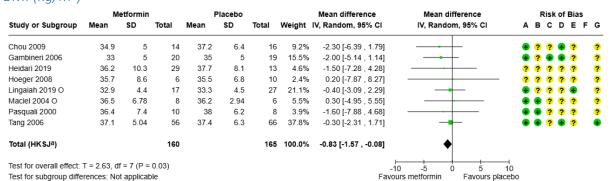
BMI < 25

No sensitivity analyses.

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

BMI >30 BMI (kg/m^2)



aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

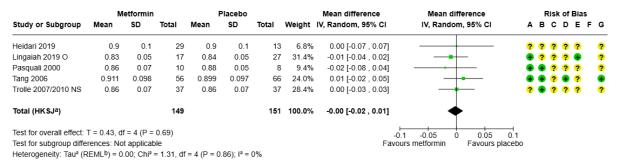
bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Heterogeneity: Tau^2 (REMLb) = 0.00; Chi^2 = 1.74, df = 7 (P = 0.97); I^2 = 0%

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

WHR

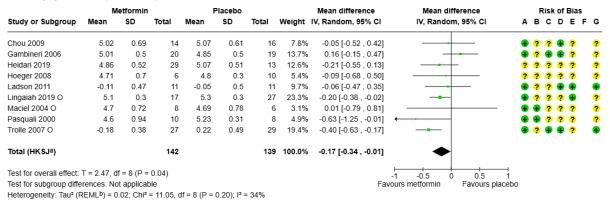


aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting glucose (mmol/l)



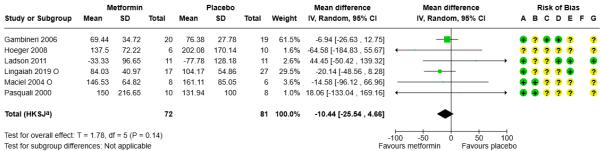
aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

bTau2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting insulin (pmol/l)



Heterogeneity: Tau^{2} (REMLb) = 0.00; Chi^{2} = 2.78, df = 5 (P = 0.73); I^{2} = 0%

Footnotes

aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

bTau2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

HOMA-IR

	M	etformin		F	Placebo			Mean difference	Mean difference		Ri	sk (of B	ias	
Study or Subgroup	Mean	SD	Total	Mean	SD	Total	Weight	IV, Random, 95% CI	IV, Random, 95% CI	Α	В	С	D I	E F	G
Ladson 2011	0	1.71	11	-1.2	2.23	11	44.1%	1.20 [-0.46 , 2.86]			? (? (•	₽	•
Lingaiah 2019 O	2.8	1.4	17	3.6	1.9	27	55.9%	-0.80 [-1.78 , 0.18]	-	•	?	?	? (Ð	?
Total (Walda)			28			38	100.0%	0.08 [-1.86 , 2.03]							
Test for overall effect:	Z = 0.08 (P	= 0.93)							-2 -1 0 1 2	-					
Test for subgroup diffe Heterogeneity: Tau ² (F				= 1 (P = 0	.04); I² =	76%		Favo	urs metformin Favours plac	ebo					

Footnotes

aCl calculated by Wald-type method.

bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- Risk of bias legend
 (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions (C) Bias due to missing outcome data

- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome (E) Bias in selection of the reported result (F) Conflict of interest (G) Overall risk of bias

LDL (mmol/l)

	Metformin			Placebo				Mean difference	Mean difference	Risk of Bias					
Study or Subgroup	Mean	SD	Total	Mean	SD	Total	Weight	IV, Random, 95% CI	IV, Random, 95% CI	ABCDEFG					
Chou 2009	2.57	0.48	14	3.3	1.42	16	8.0%	-0.73 [-1.47 , 0.01]		• ? ? • ? ?					
Gambineri 2006	2.56	0.96	20	2.82	0.85	19	12.7%	-0.26 [-0.83 , 0.31]		● ? ● ● ? ?					
Heidari 2019	2.63	0.51	29	2.6	0.52	13	27.3%	0.03 [-0.31, 0.37]	-	? ? ? ? ?					
Hoeger 2008	2.38	0.4	6	2.95	0.7	10	13.8%	-0.57 [-1.11 , -0.03]		??????					
Ladson 2011	-0.2	0.94	11	-0.03	1.07	11	6.4%	-0.17 [-1.01 , 0.67]		• ? ? • • •					
Maciel 2004 O	2.97	0.76	8	2.87	0.96	6	5.3%	0.10 [-0.83 , 1.03]		.					
Trolle 2007/2010 NS	3.08	0.65	36	3.08	0.84	36	26.4%	0.00 [-0.35 , 0.35]	+	? • ? ? ? ?					
Total (HKSJa)			124			111	100.0%	-0.17 [-0.43 , 0.10]	•						
Test for overall effect:		,	,					5	2 -1 0 1						

Footnotes

aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

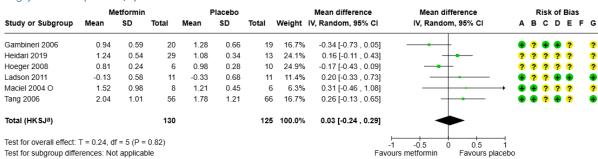
Heterogeneity: Tau^2 (REMLb) = 0.02; Chi^2 = 6.91, df = 6 (P = 0.33); I^2 = 19%

bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Triglycerides (mmol/l)



Test for subgroup differences: Not applicable

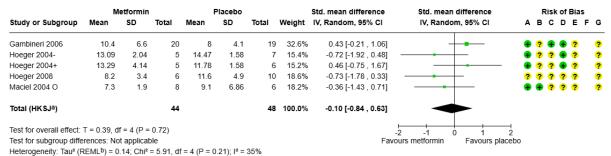
Heterogeneity: Tau^{2} (REML^b) = 0.03; Chi^{2} = 8.71, df = 5 (P = 0.12); I^{2} = 45%

aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

bTau2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Hirsutism



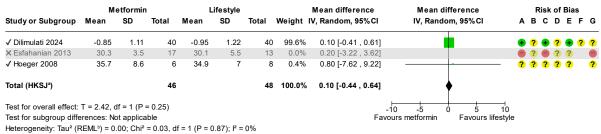
aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

bTau2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

3.2 Sensitivity analyses for metformin compared to lifestyle intervention BMI (kg/m^2) – without high risk of bias



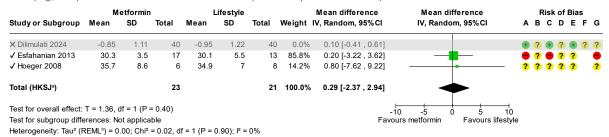
Footnotes

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

BMI (kg/m^2) – without Dilimulati 2024 (least squares mean)



Footnotes

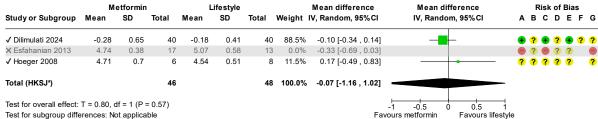
^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting glucose (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Test for subgroup differences: Not applicable

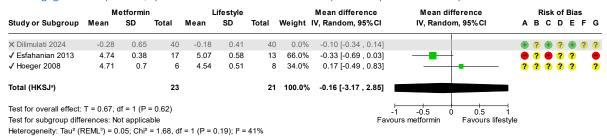
Heterogeneity: Tau^2 (REML^b) = 0.00; Chi^2 = 0.57, df = 1 (P = 0.45); I^2 = 0%

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting glucose (mmol/l) – without Dilimulati 2024 (least squares mean)



Footnotes

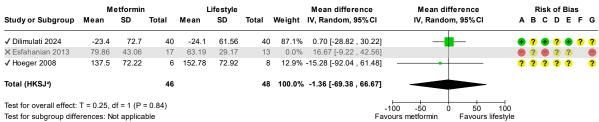
^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting insulin (pmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Heterogeneity: Tau^{2} (REML^b) = 0.00; Chi^{2} = 0.15, df = 1 (P = 0.70); I^{2} = 0%

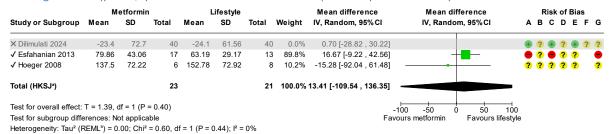
Footnotes

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting insulin (pmol/l) – without Dilimulati 2024 (least squares mean)



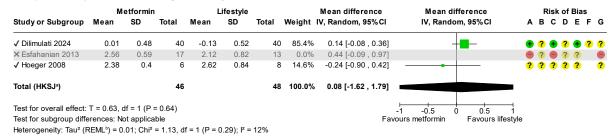
^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
 (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

LDL (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



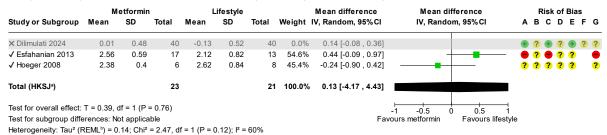
Footnotes

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

LDL (mmol/l) – without Dilimulati 2024 (least squares mean)



Footnotes

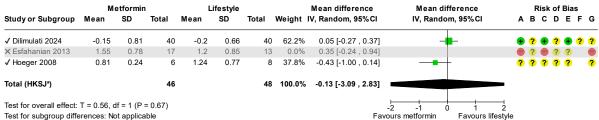
^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Triglycerides (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Test for subgroup differences: Not applicable

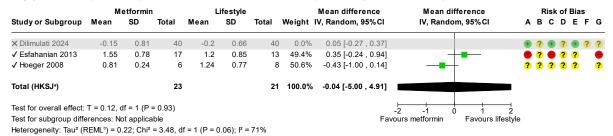
Heterogeneity: Tau² (REML^b) = 0.06; Chi² = 2.08, df = 1 (P = 0.15); I² = 52%

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Triglycerides (mmol/l) – without Dilimulati 2024 (least squares mean)



Footnotes

^aCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

4 Analyses regarding GLP-1 analogues

Liraglutide compared to placebo

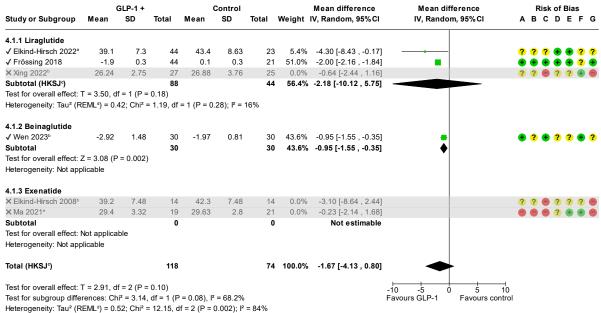
No sensitivity analyses.

Exenatide compared to metformin

No sensitivity analyses.

Sensitivity analyses for GLP-1 +

BMI (kg/m^2) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith lifestyle intervention for both groups

bwith metformin for both groups

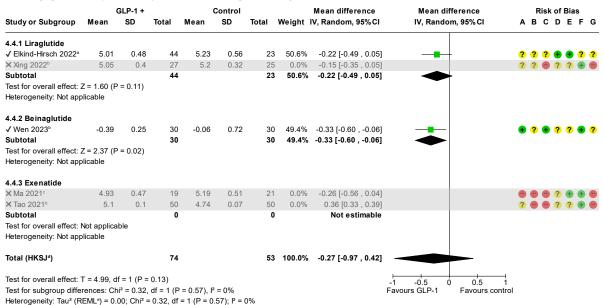
 $^{\circ}\text{Cl}$ calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

ewith metformin and CPA/EE for both groups

- (A) Risk of bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Risk of bias due to deviations from the intended interventions
- (C) Missing outcome data
- (D) Risk of bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Risk of bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

dTau2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Fasting glucose (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith lifestyle intervention for both groups

^bwith metformin for both groups

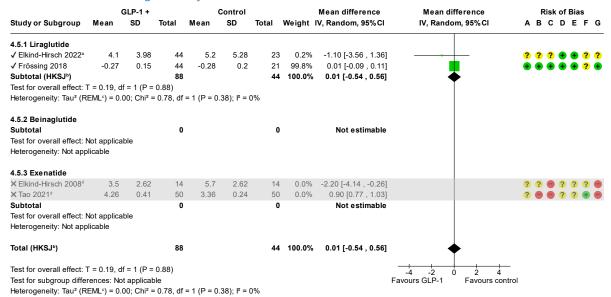
°with metformin and CPA/EE for both groups

^dCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

- (A) Risk of bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Risk of bias due to deviations from the intended interventions
- (C) Missing outcome data
- (D) Risk of bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Risk of bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

eTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

HOMA-IR – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith lifestyle intervention for both groups

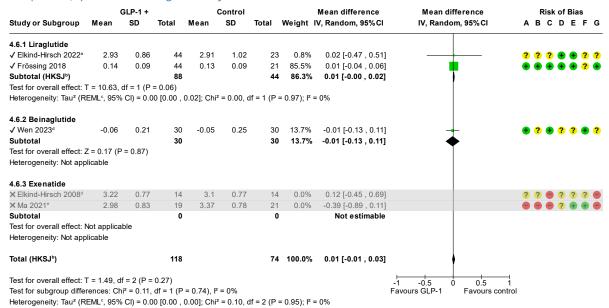
^bCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^dwith metformin for both groups

- (A) Risk of bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Risk of bias due to deviations from the intended interventions
- (C) Missing outcome data
- (D) Risk of bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Risk of bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

[°]Tau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

LDL (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith lifestyle intervention for both groups

^bCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

cTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

with metformin for both groups

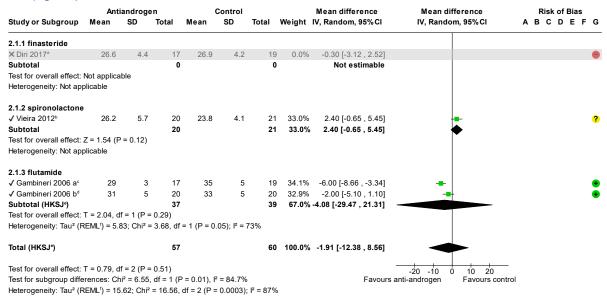
- (A) Risk of bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Risk of bias due to deviations from the intended interventions
- (C) Missing outcome data
- (D) Risk of bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Risk of bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

ewith metformin and CPA/EE for both groups

5 Long term analyses

5.1 Sensitivity analyses for antiandrogens+

BMI (kg/m^2)



Footnotes

^awith metformin for both groups

bwith oral contraceptives for both groups

°with lifestyle intervention for both groups

with metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups

°Cl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

'Tau' calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
- (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
- (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
- (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
- (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
- (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)
- (G) Other bias

Hirsutism

	Ant	iandrog	en	(Control			Mean difference	Mean difference	Risk of Bias
Study or Subgroup	Mean	SD	Total	Mean	SD	Total	Weight	IV, Random, 95% CI	IV, Random, 95% CI	ABCDEFG
2.4.1 finasteride										
X Diri 2017 ^a	12.1	5.5	17	11.1	5	19	0.0%	1.00 [-2.45 , 4.45]		•
Subtotal			0			0		Not estimable		
Test for overall effect:	Not applica	able								
Heterogeneity: Not app	olicable									
2.4.2 spironolactone	,									
Subtotal			0			0		Not estimable		
Test for overall effect:	Not applica	able								
Heterogeneity: Not app	olicable									
2.4.3 flutamide										
√ Gambineri 2006 a ^b	5.7	1.7	17	8	4.1	19	73.6%	-2.30 [-4.31 , -0.29]	-	•
√ Gambineri 2006 b ^c	6.5	3.9	20	10.4	6.6	20	26.4%	-3.90 [-7.26 , -0.54]		•
Subtotal (HKSJ ^d)			37			39	100.0%	-2.72 [-11.69 , 6.24]		
Test for overall effect:	T = 3.86, d	If = 1 (P	= 0.16)							
Heterogeneity: Tau ² (F	$REML^e$) = 0.	.00; Chi²	= 0.64, df	= 1 (P = 0	.42); l² = 0)%				
Total (HKSJ ^d)			37			39	100.0%	-2.72 [-11.69 , 6.24]		
Test for overall effect: Test for subgroup differ Heterogeneity: Tau ² (F	erences: No	ot applica	ble	= 1 (P = 0	.42); I² = 0)%		Favours	-10 -5 0 5 10 anti-androgen Favours co	entrol

Footnotes

*with metformin for both groups

*with lifestyle intervention for both groups

°with metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups

^dCl calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

eTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

- Risk of bias legend
 (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
 (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
 (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
- (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
- (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
- (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)
- (G) Other bias

5.2 Sensitivity analyses for metformin+

No sensitivity analyses.