

Läkemedelsbehandling av polycystiskt ovarialsyndrom-
hälsa och livskvalitet på kort och lång sikt
Pharmacological treatment of polycystic ovary
syndrome - health and quality of life in the short and
long term, report 394 (2025)

Appendix 7 Sensitivity analyses

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1 Sensitivity analyses regarding combined oral contraceptives

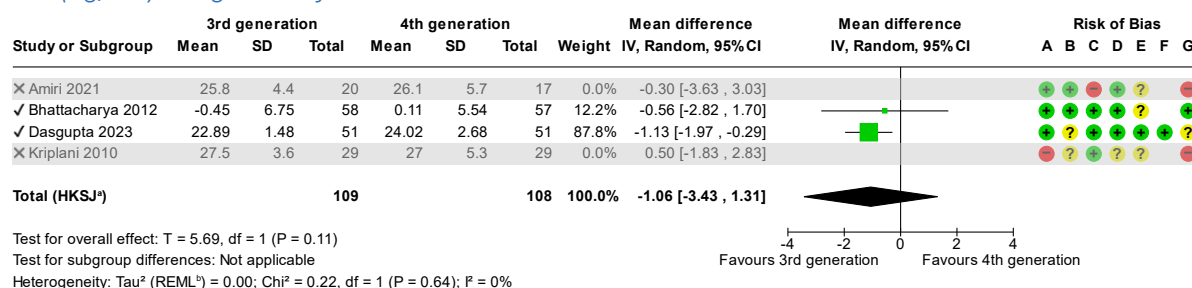
1.1 Sensitivity analyses for different kinds of combined oral contraceptives

First generation compared to fourth generation

No sensitivity analyses.

Third generation compared to fourth generation

BMI (kg/m²) – high risk of bias



Footnotes

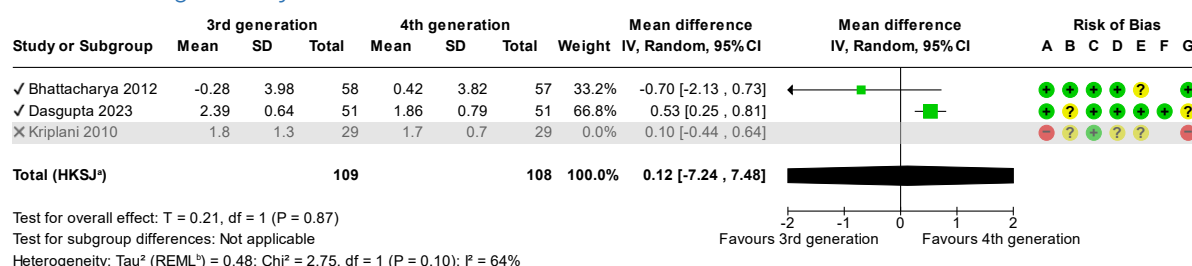
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

HOMA-IR – high risk of bias



Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

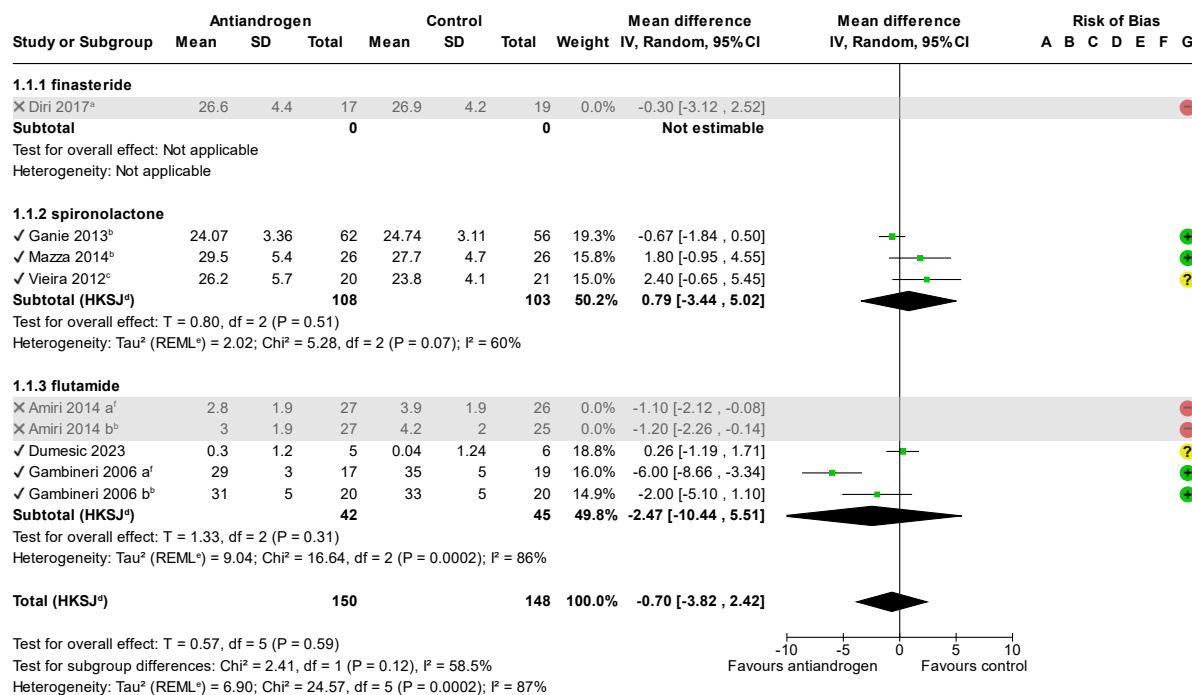
Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

2 Analyses regarding antiandrogens

2.1 Sensitivity analyses for antiandrogens+

BMI (kg/m²) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith metformin for both groups

^bwith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups

^cwith oral contraceptives for both groups

^dCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^eTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

^fwith lifestyle intervention for both groups

Risk of bias legend

(A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)

(B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)

(C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)

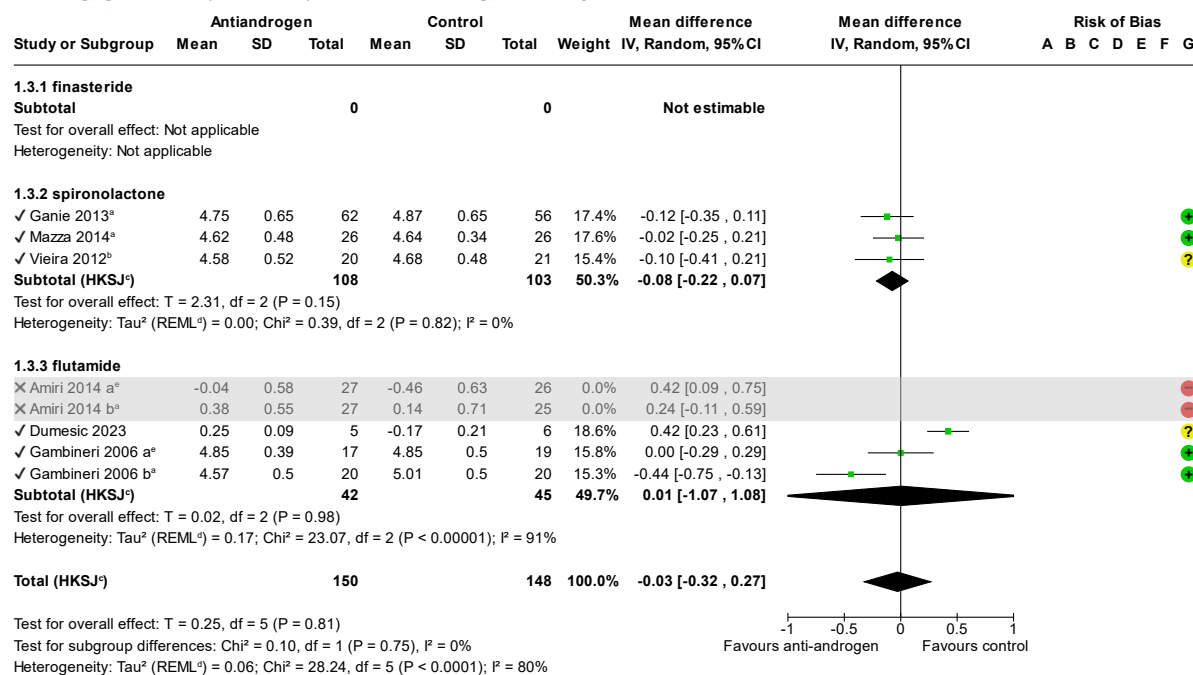
(D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)

(E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)

(F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)

(G) Other bias

Fasting glucose (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups^bwith oral contraceptives for both groups^cCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^dTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.^ewith lifestyle intervention for both groups

Risk of bias legend

(A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)

(B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)

(C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)

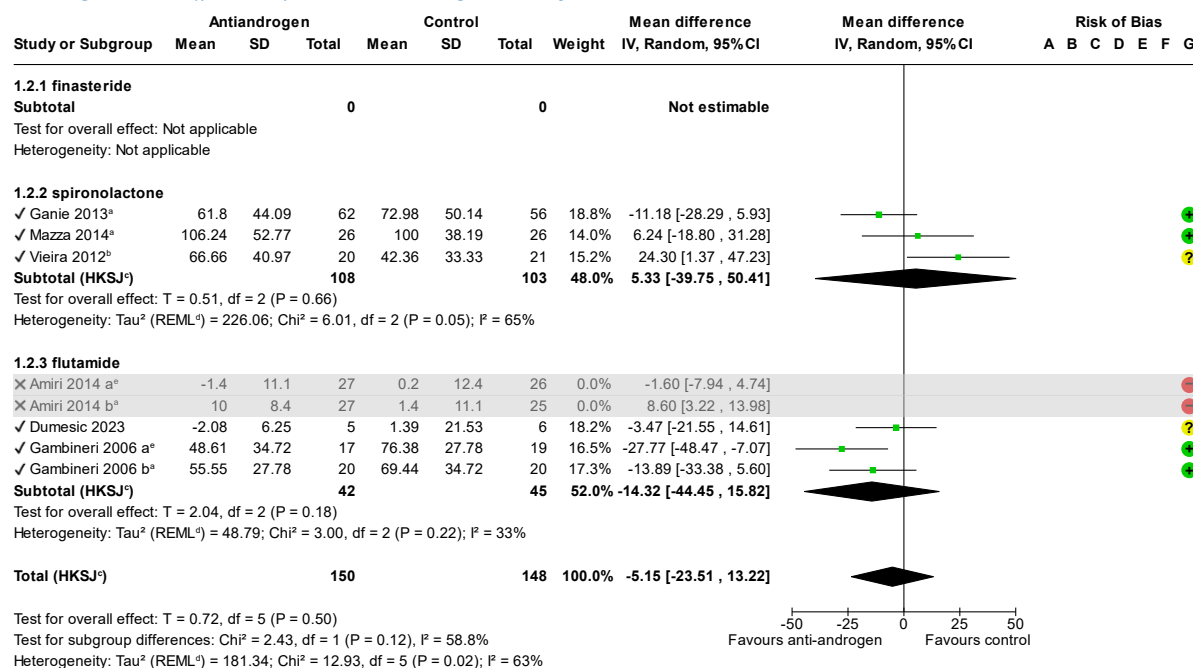
(D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)

(E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)

(F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)

(G) Other bias

Fasting insulin (pmol/l) – without high risk of bias



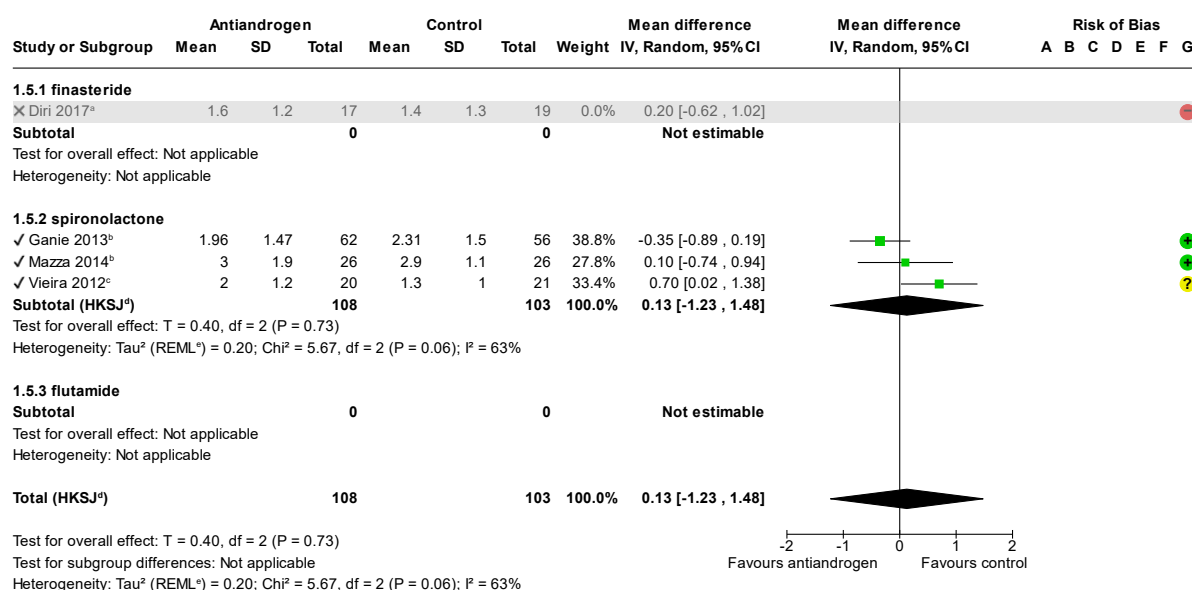
Footnotes

- ^awith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups
^bwith oral contraceptives for both groups
^cCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.
^dTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.
^ewith lifestyle intervention for both groups

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
 (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
 (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
 (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
 (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
 (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)
 (G) Other bias

HOMA-IR – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith metformin for both groups^bwith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups^cwith oral contraceptives for both groups^dCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^eTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

(A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)

(B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)

(C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)

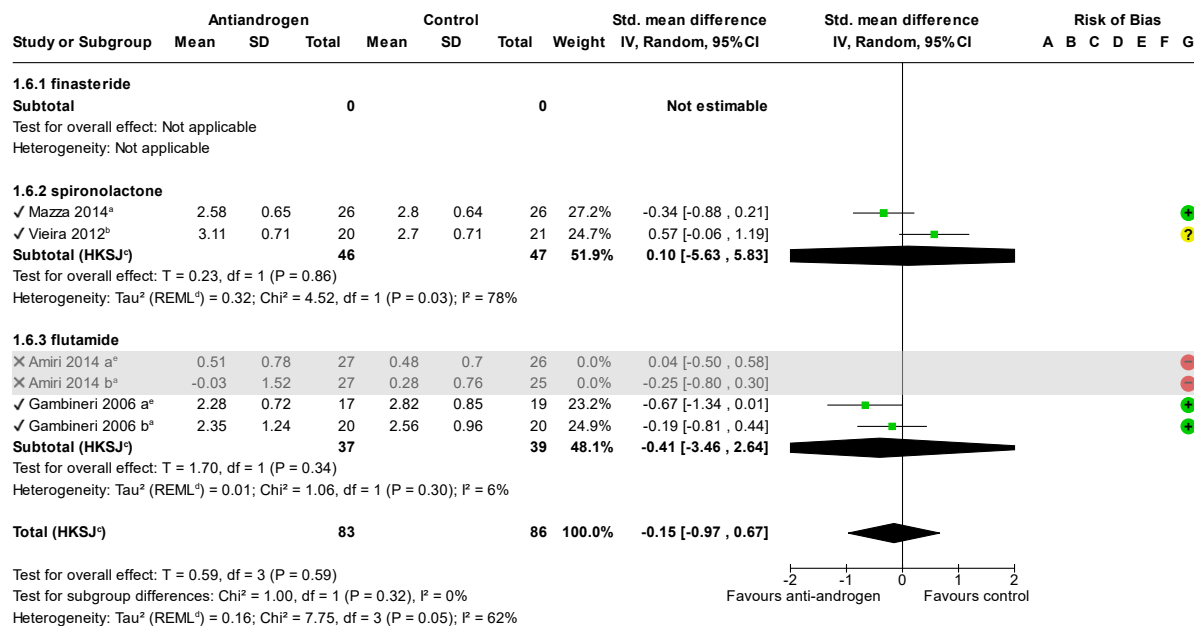
(D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)

(E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)

(F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)

(G) Other bias

LDL (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



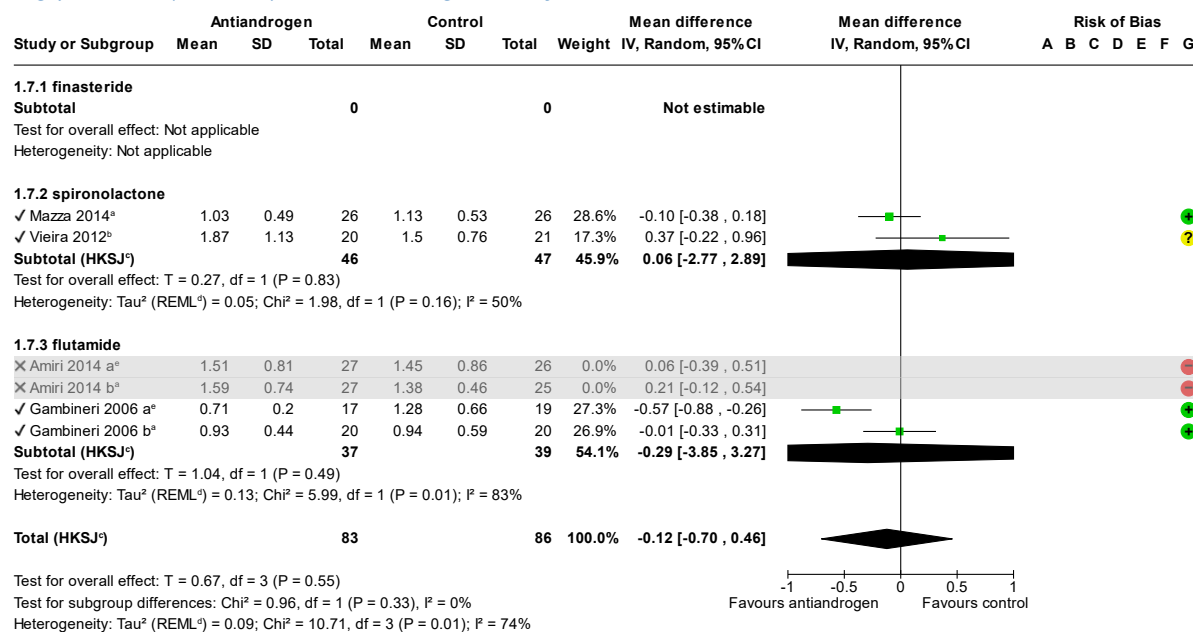
Footnotes

- ^awith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups
^bwith oral contraceptives for both groups
^cCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.
^dTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.
^ewith lifestyle intervention for both groups

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
 (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
 (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
 (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
 (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
 (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)
 (G) Other bias

Triglycerides (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups

^bwith oral contraceptives for both groups

^cCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^dTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

^ewith lifestyle intervention for both groups

Risk of bias legend

(A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)

(B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)

(C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)

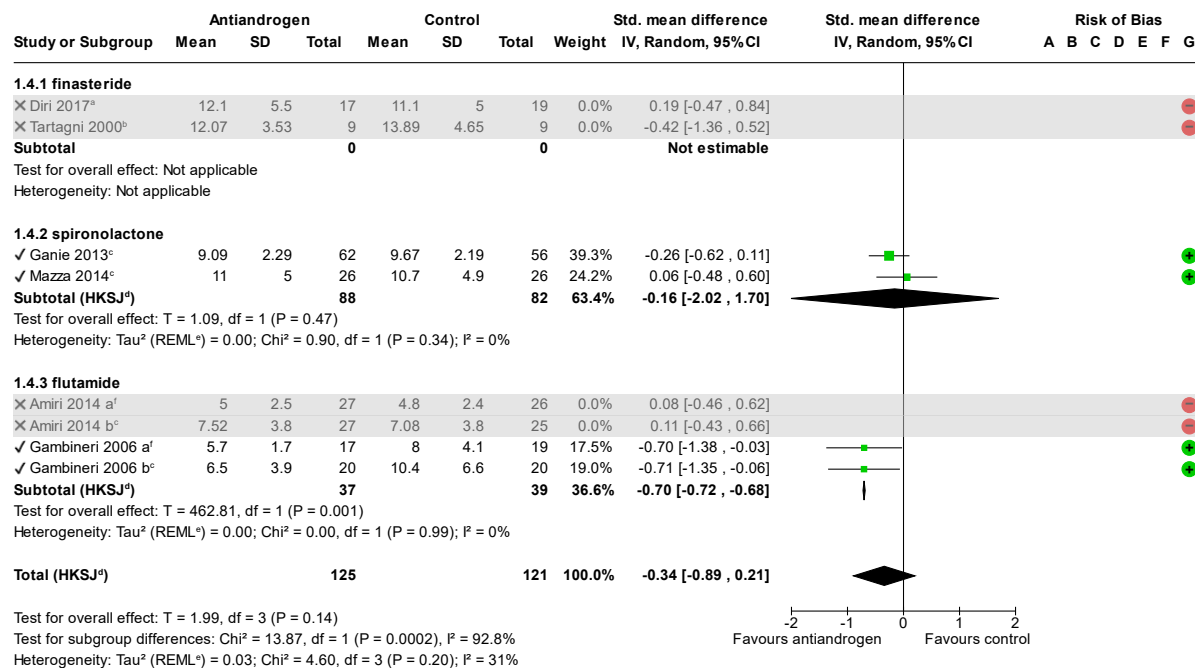
(D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)

(E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)

(F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)

(G) Other bias

Hirsutism – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

- ^awith metformin for both groups
^bwith oral contraceptives for both groups
^cwith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups
^dCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.
^eTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.
^fwith lifestyle intervention for both groups

Risk of bias legend

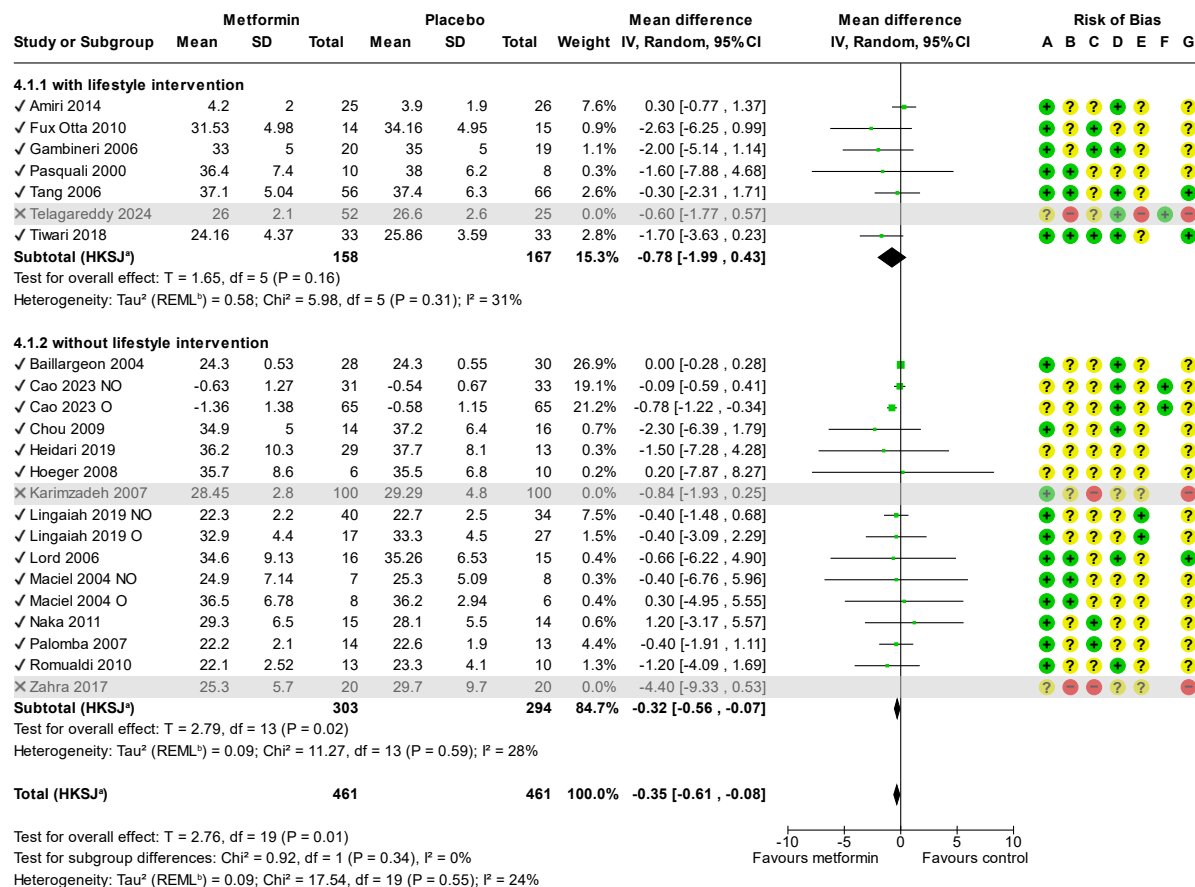
- (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
 (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
 (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
 (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
 (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
 (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)
 (G) Other bias

3 Analyses regarding metformin

3.1 Sensitivity analyses for metformin+

BMI all

BMI (kg/m²) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

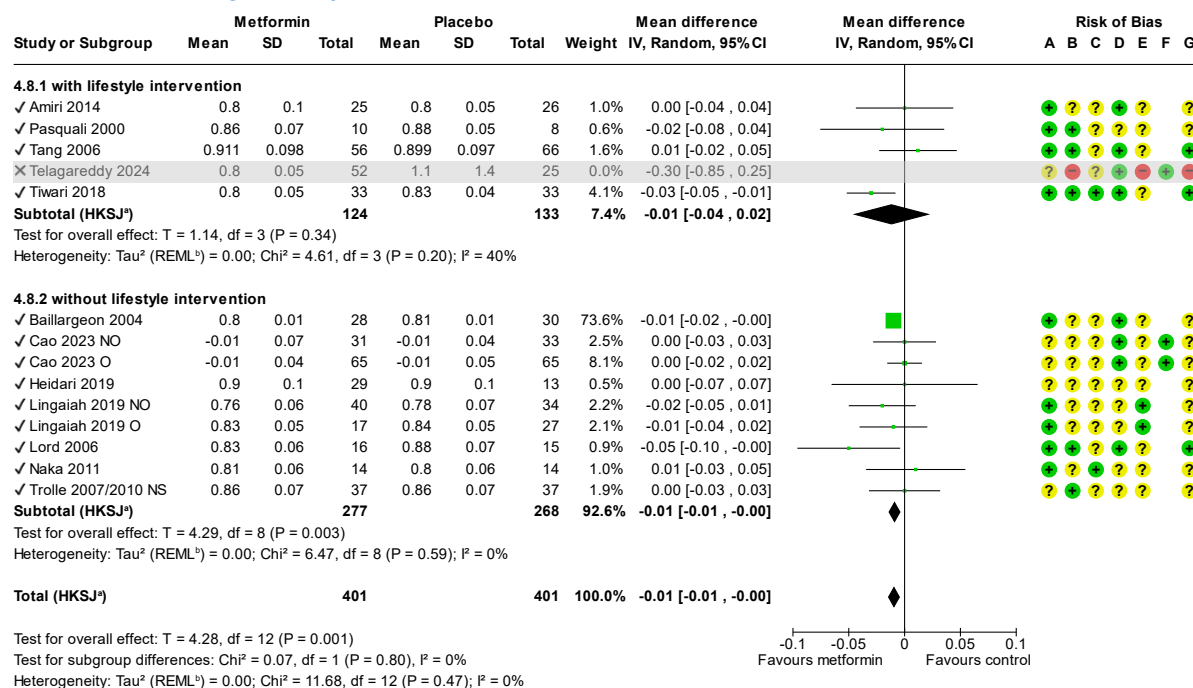
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

WHR – without high risk of bias



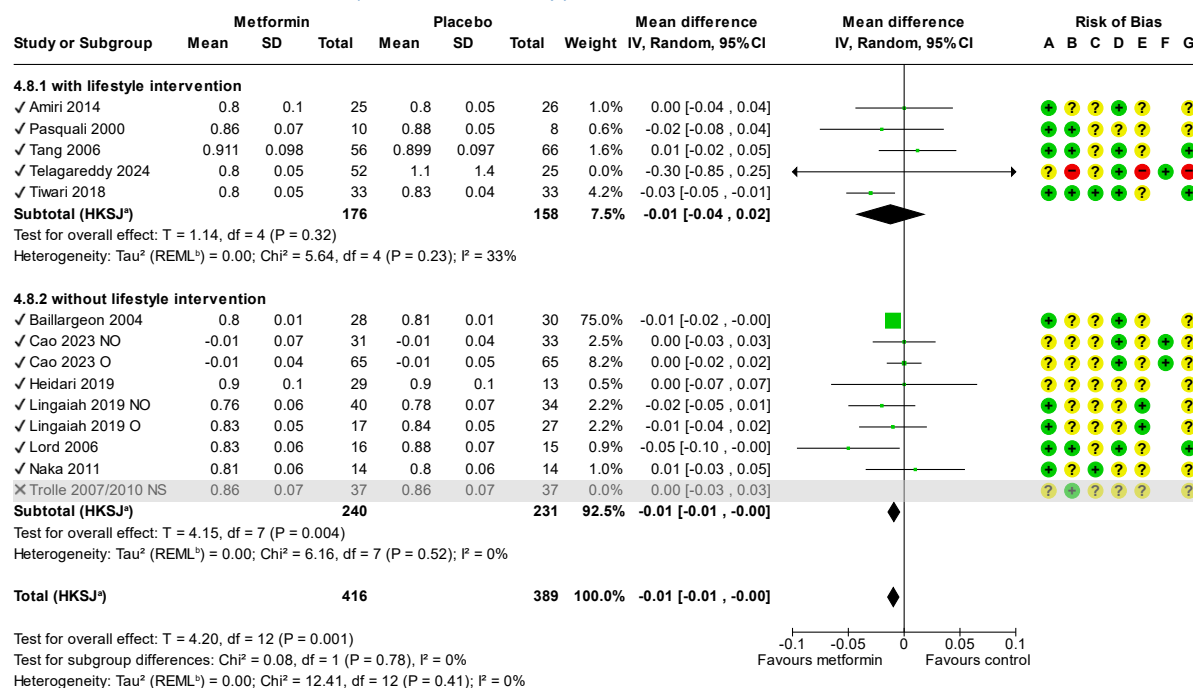
Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^b Tau^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
 (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
 (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
 (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
 (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
 (F) Conflict of interest
 (G) Overall risk of bias

WHR – without Trolle 2007 (crossover-study)



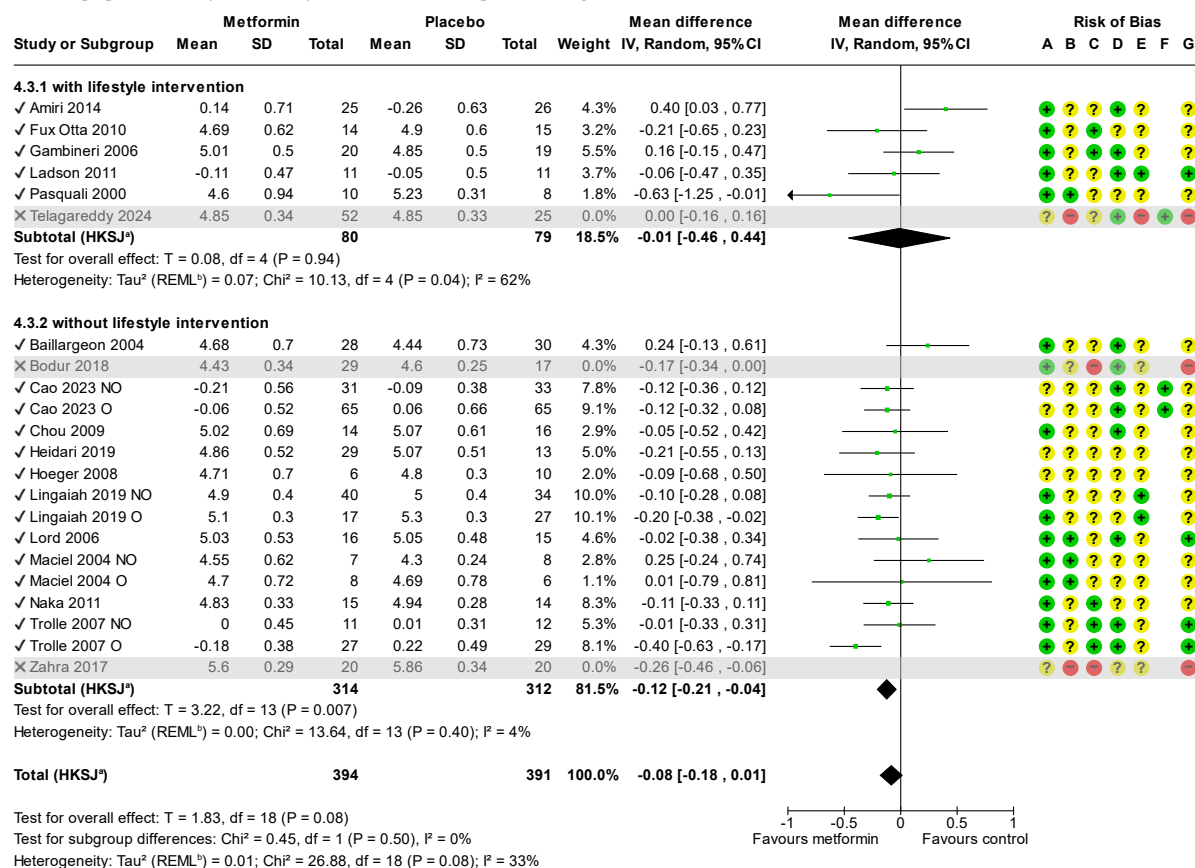
Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^b Tau^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting glucose (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



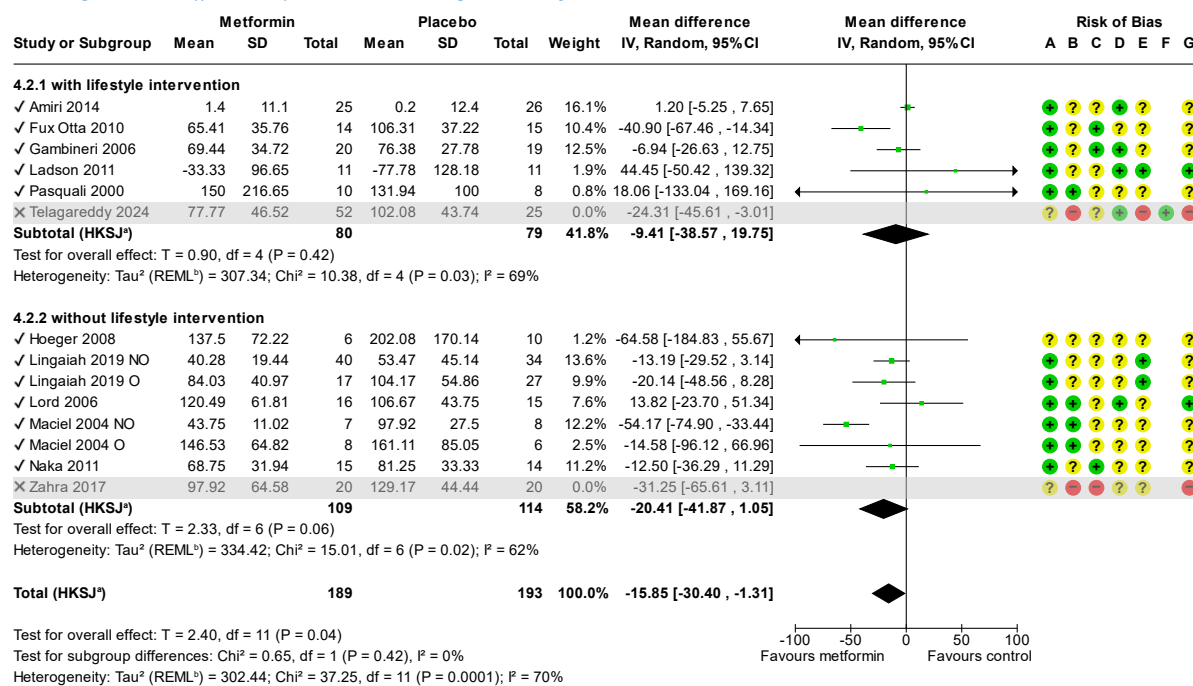
Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
 (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
 (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
 (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
 (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
 (F) Conflict of interest
 (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting insulin (pmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

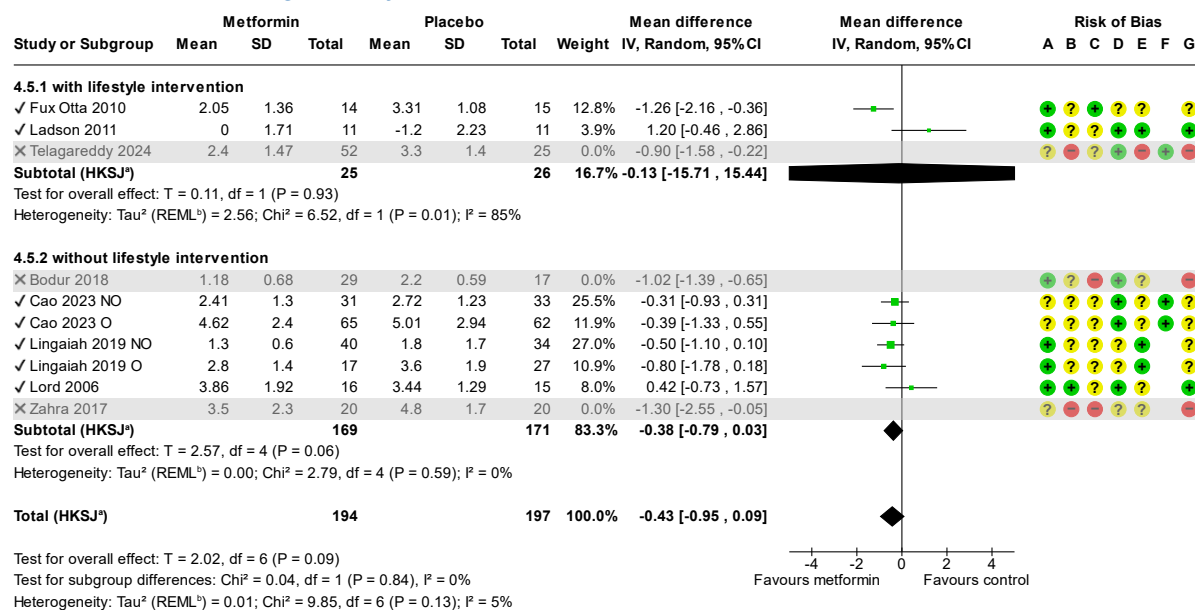
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
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- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

HOMA-IR – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

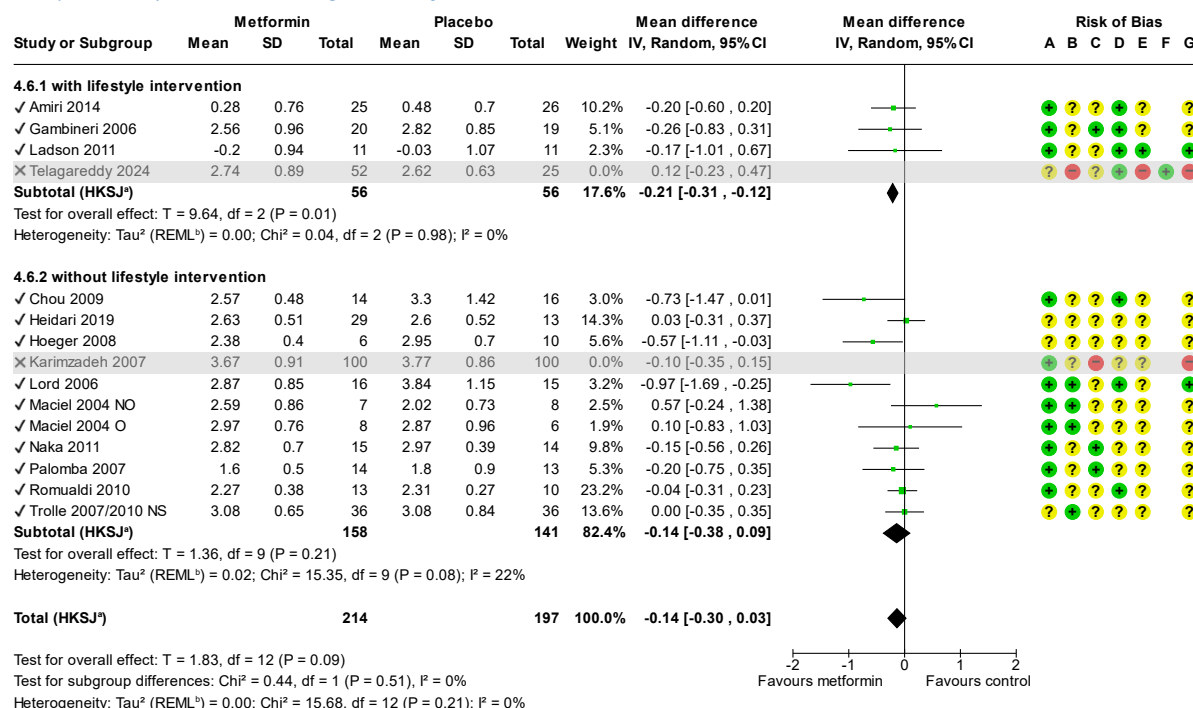
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b Tau^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
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- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

LDL (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

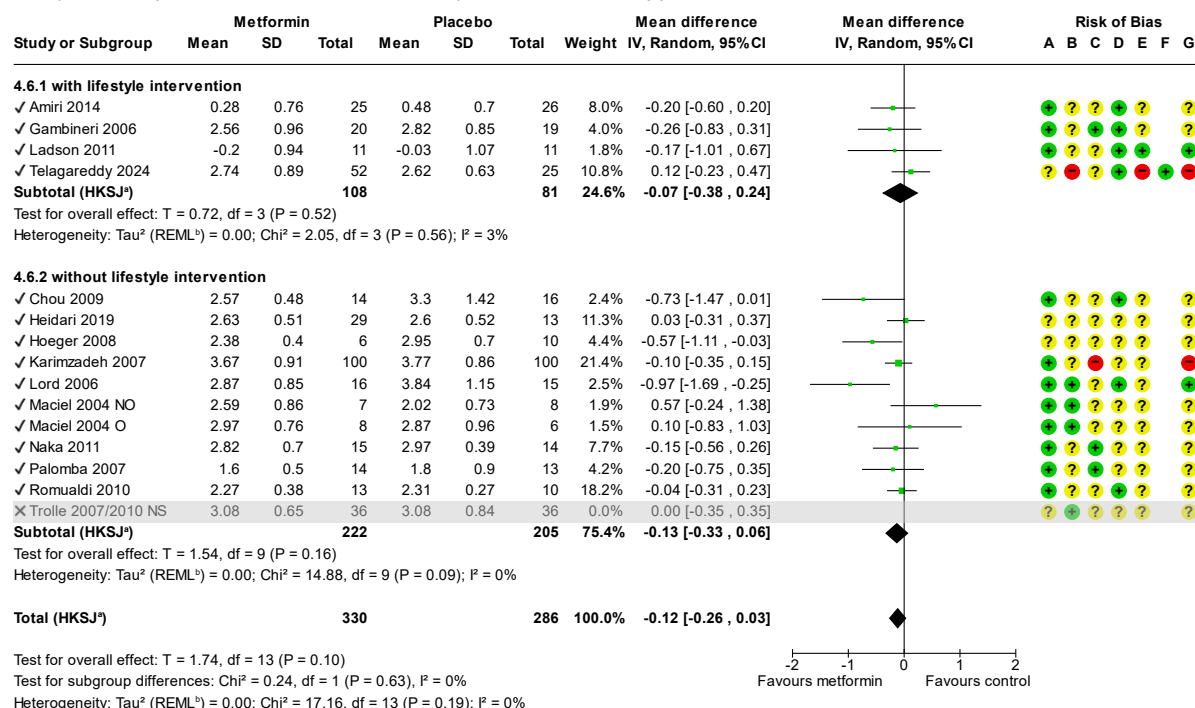
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
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- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

LDL (mmol/l) – without Trolle 2007 (crossover study)



Footnotes

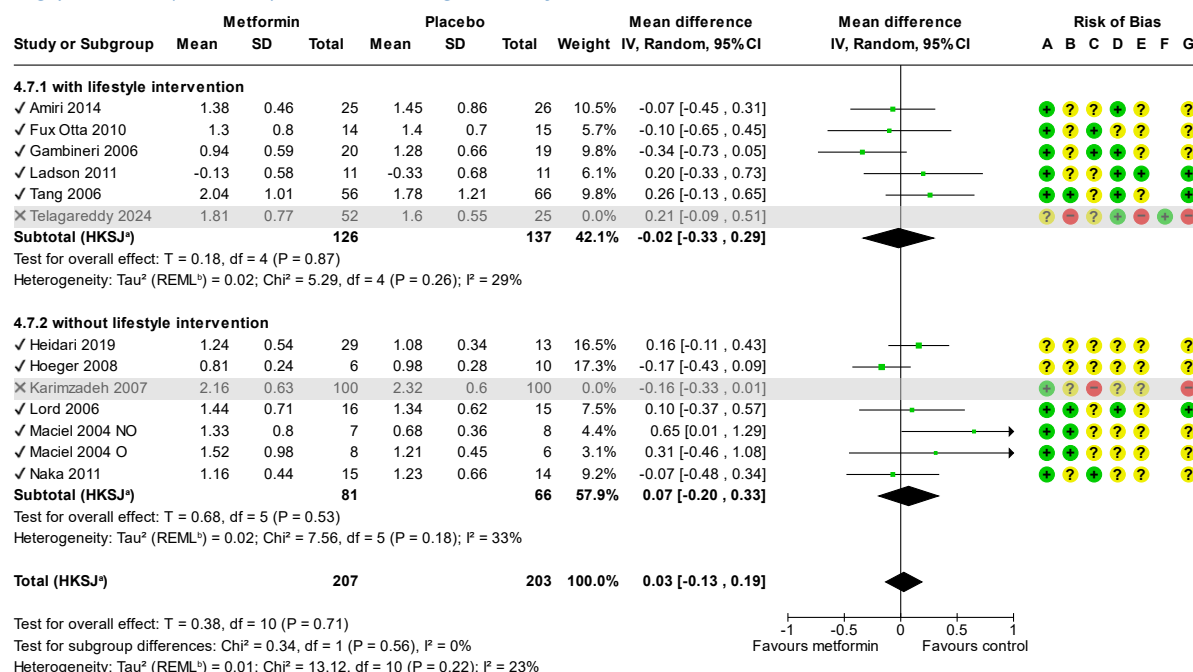
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b Tau^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
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- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Triglycerides (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



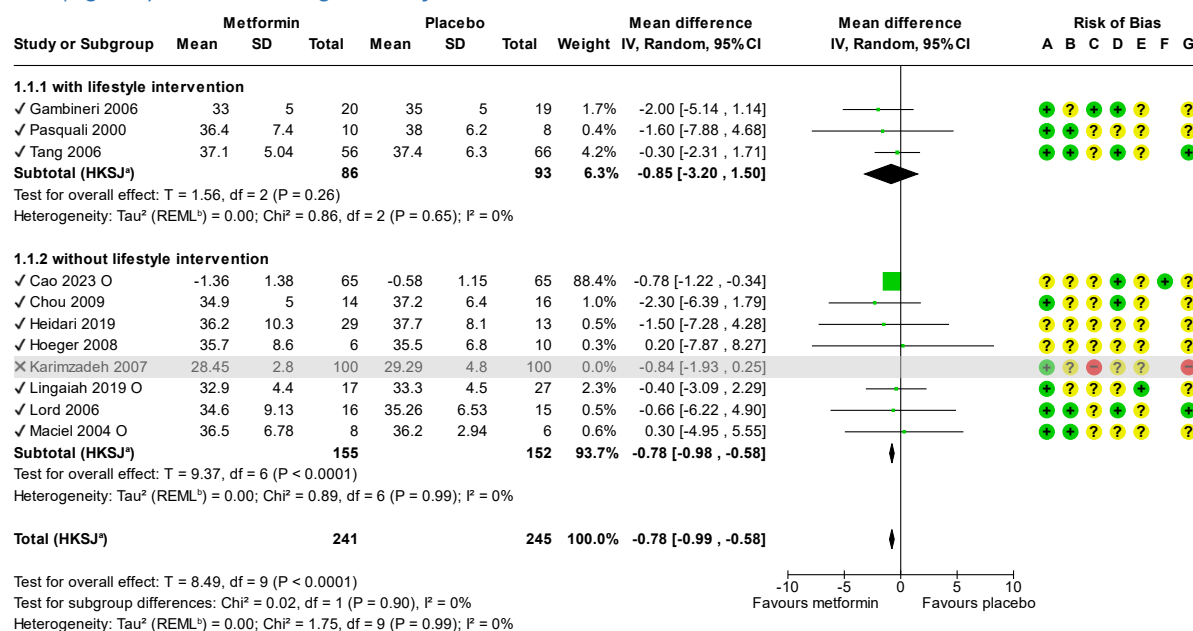
Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

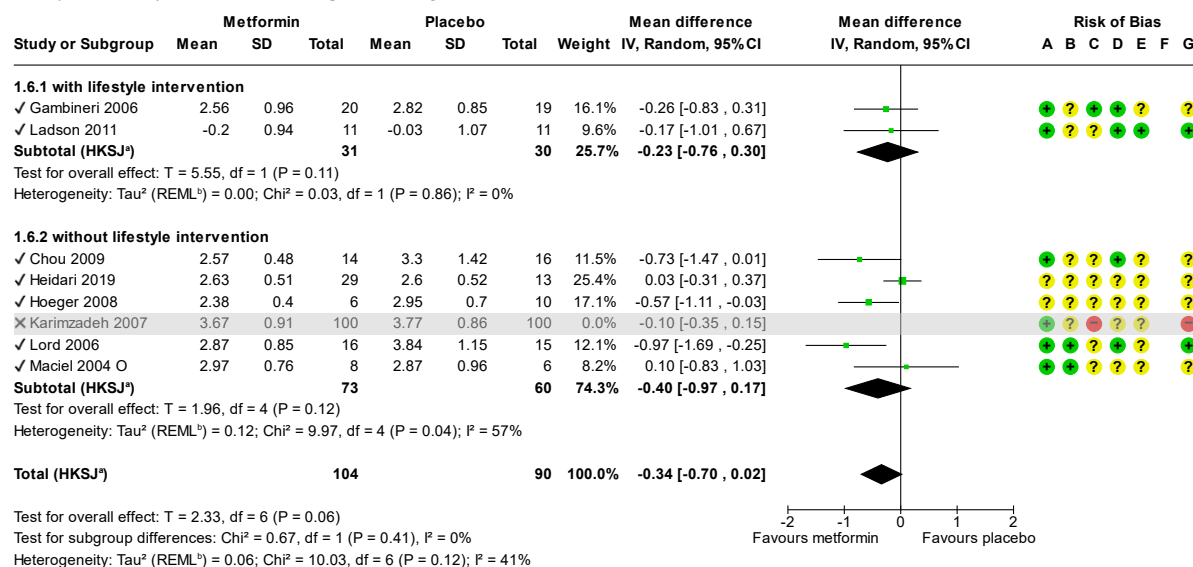
Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

BMI ≥ 25 *BMI (kg/m²) – without high risk of bias***Footnotes**^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.**Risk of bias legend**

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

LDL (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

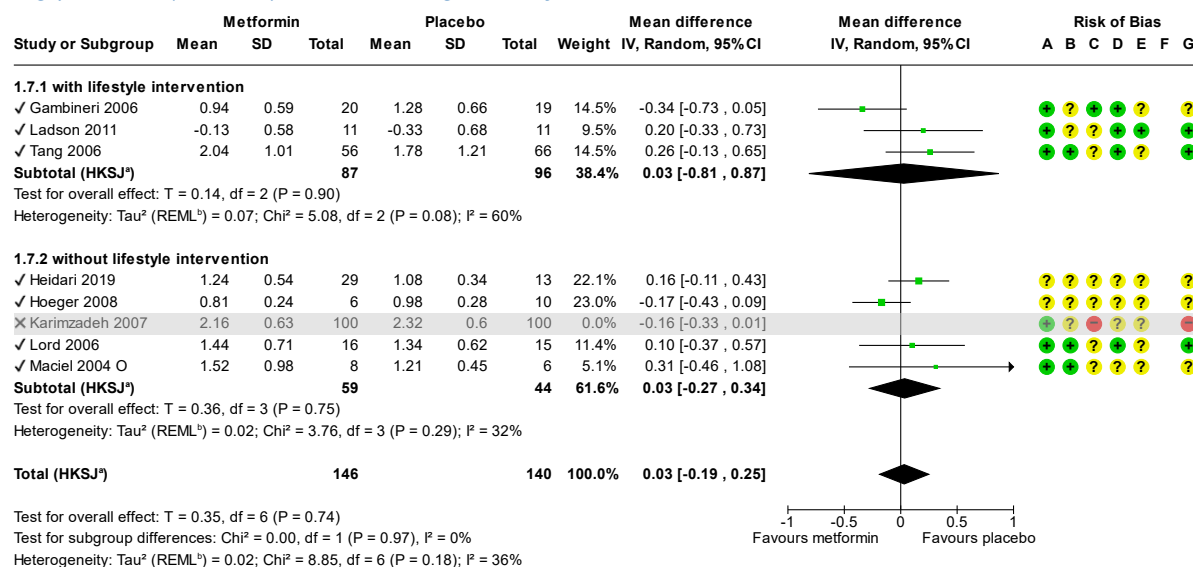
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^bTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

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- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Triglycerides (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b Tau^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

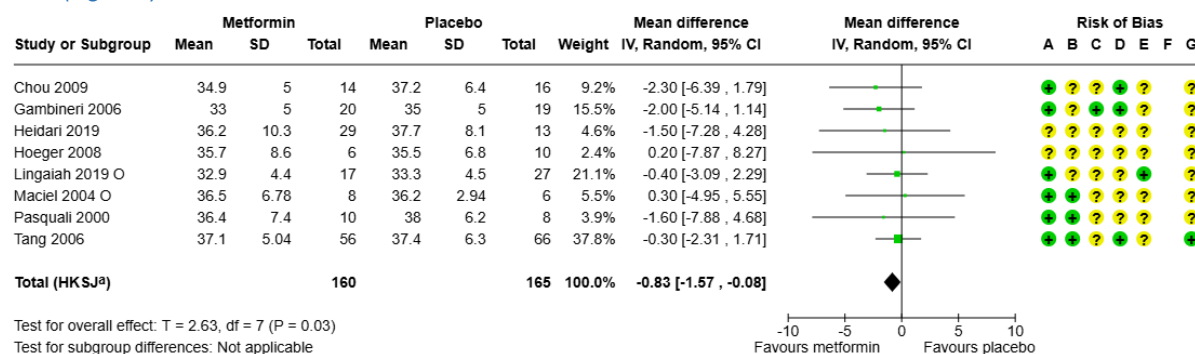
Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

BMI <25

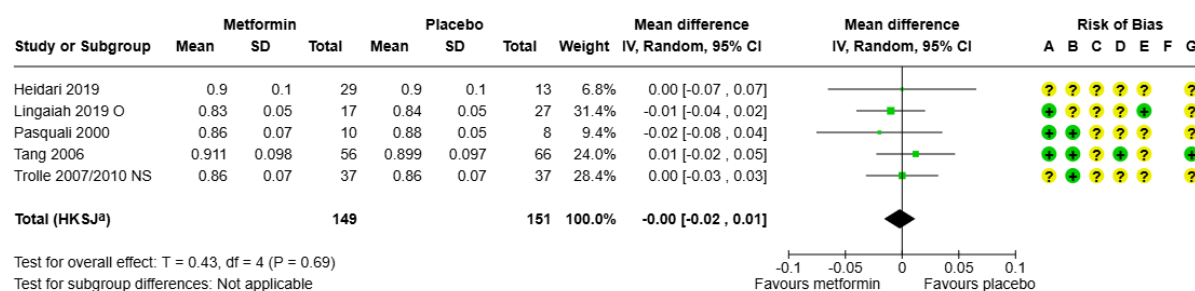
No sensitivity analyses.

BMI >30

BMI (kg/m²)**Footnotes**^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.**Risk of bias legend**

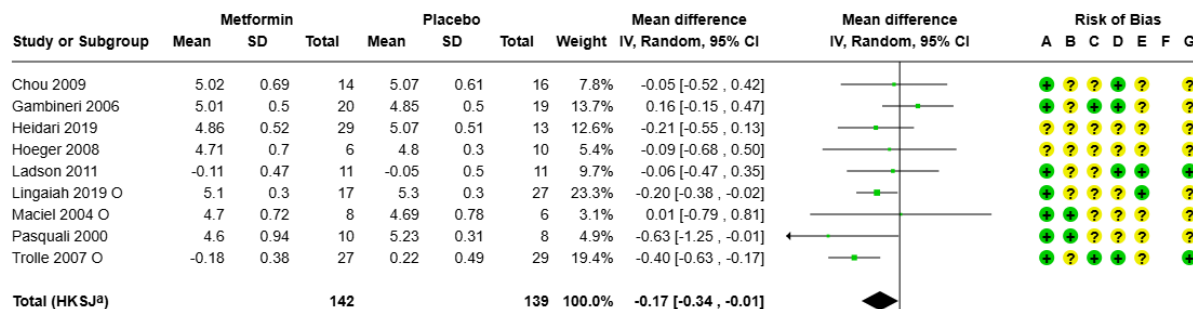
- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
 (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
 (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
 (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
 (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
 (F) Conflict of interest
 (G) Overall risk of bias

WHR

**Footnotes**^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.**Risk of bias legend**

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
 (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
 (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
 (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
 (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
 (F) Conflict of interest
 (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting glucose (mmol/l)

Test for overall effect: $T = 2.47$, $df = 8$ ($P = 0.04$)

Test for subgroup differences: Not applicable

Heterogeneity: τ^2 (REML^b) = 0.02; $\chi^2 = 11.05$, $df = 8$ ($P = 0.20$); $I^2 = 34\%$

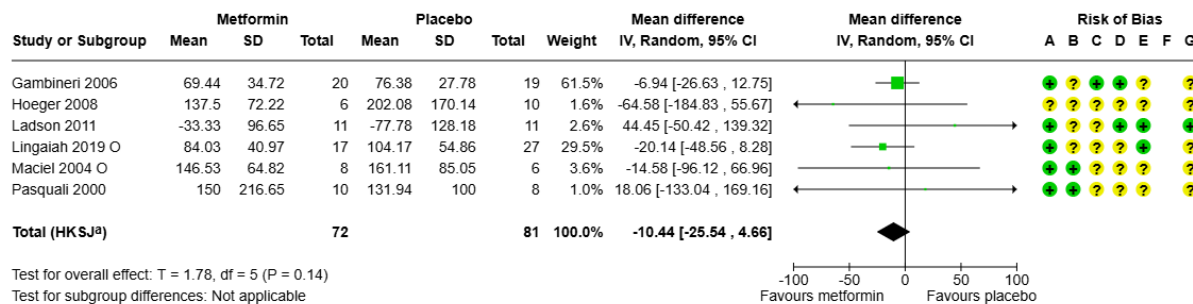
Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting insulin (pmol/l)

Test for overall effect: $T = 1.78$, $df = 5$ ($P = 0.14$)

Test for subgroup differences: Not applicable

Heterogeneity: τ^2 (REML^b) = 0.00; $\chi^2 = 2.78$, $df = 5$ ($P = 0.73$); $I^2 = 0\%$

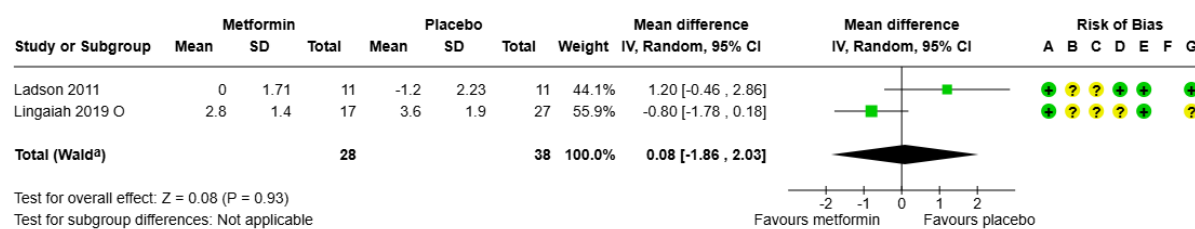
Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

HOMA-IR



Footnotes

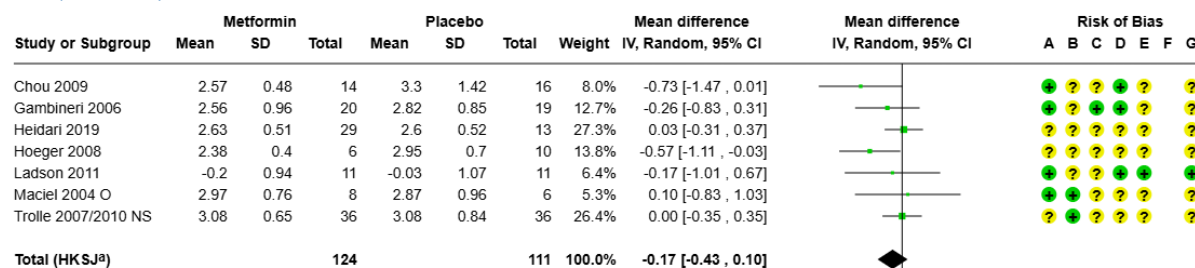
^aCI calculated by Wald-type method.

^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

LDL (mmol/l)

Test for overall effect: $T = 1.55$, $df = 6$ ($P = 0.17$)

Test for subgroup differences: Not applicable

Heterogeneity: Tau^2 (REML^b) = 0.02; $\text{Chi}^2 = 6.91$, $df = 6$ ($P = 0.33$); $I^2 = 19\%$

Favours metformin Favours placebo

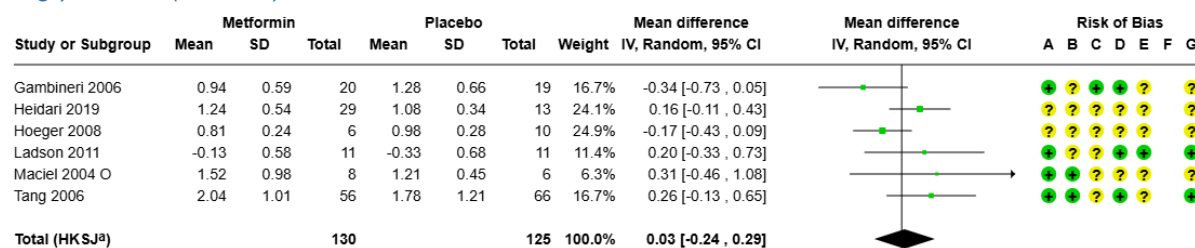
Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^b Tau^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
 (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
 (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
 (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
 (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
 (F) Conflict of interest
 (G) Overall risk of bias

Triglycerides (mmol/l)

Test for overall effect: $T = 0.24$, $df = 5$ ($P = 0.82$)

Test for subgroup differences: Not applicable

Heterogeneity: Tau^2 (REML^b) = 0.03; $\text{Chi}^2 = 8.71$, $df = 5$ ($P = 0.12$); $I^2 = 45\%$

Favours metformin Favours placebo

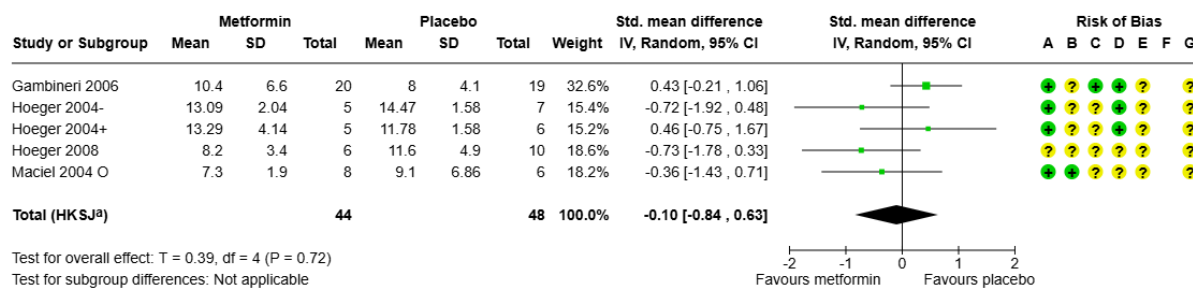
Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^b Tau^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
 (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
 (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
 (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
 (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
 (F) Conflict of interest
 (G) Overall risk of bias

Hirsutism



Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

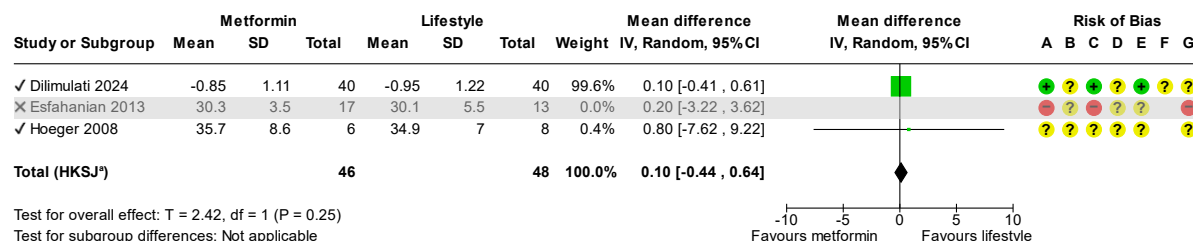
^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended interventions
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

3.2 Sensitivity analyses for metformin compared to lifestyle intervention

BMI (kg/m^2) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

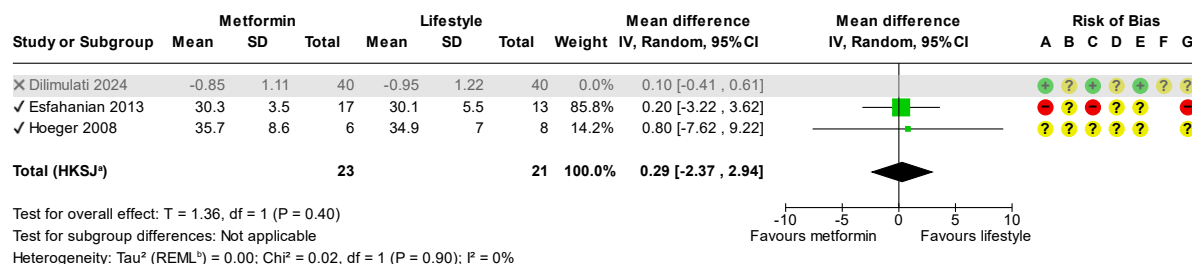
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

BMI (kg/m²) – without Dilimulati 2024 (least squares mean)



Footnotes

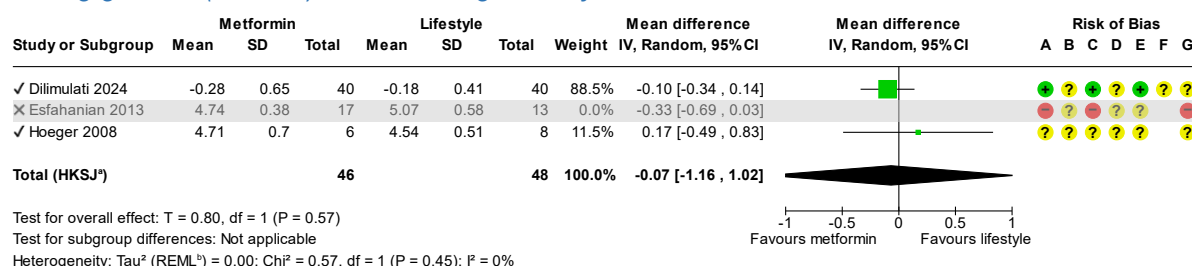
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting glucose (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

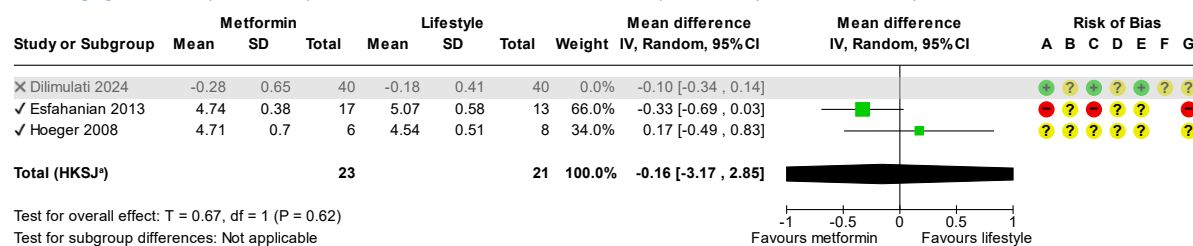
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting glucose (mmol/l) – without Dilimulati 2024 (least squares mean)



Footnotes

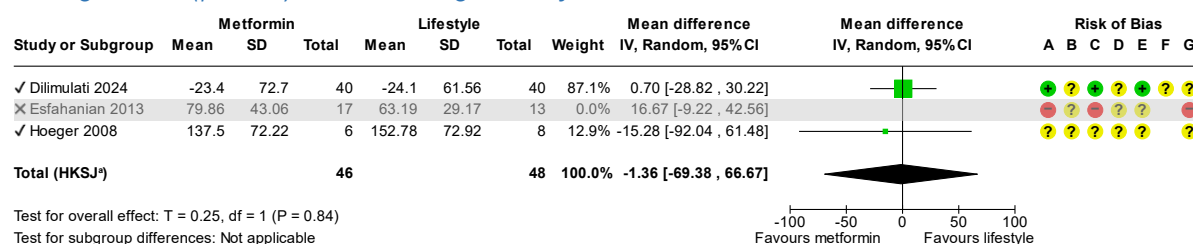
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b Tau^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting insulin (pmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

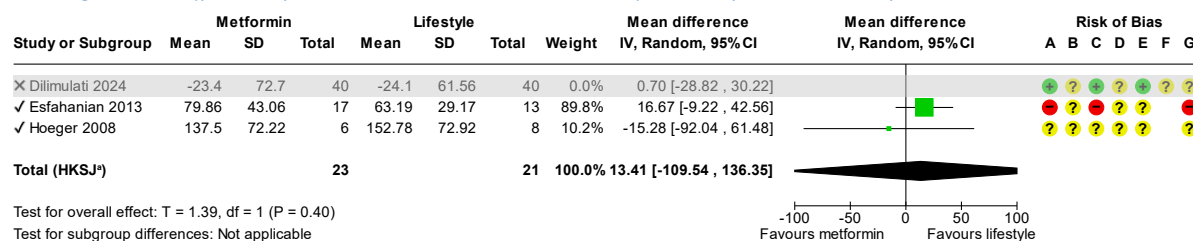
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b Tau^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting insulin (pmol/l) – without Dilimulati 2024 (least squares mean)



Footnotes

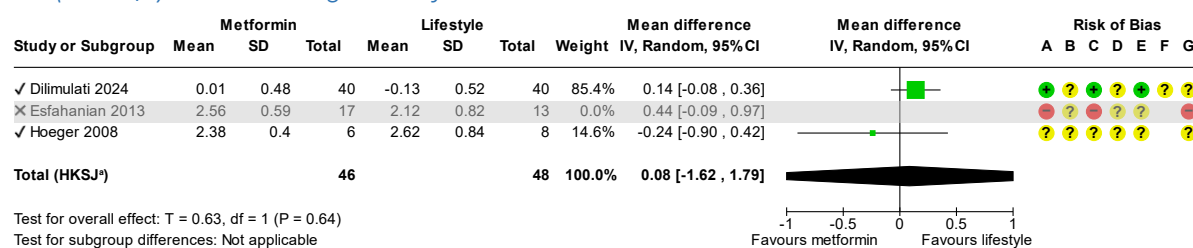
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b Tau^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

LDL (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

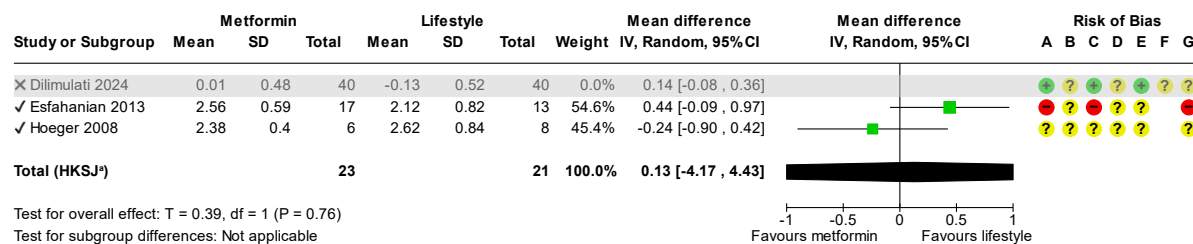
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b Tau^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

LDL (mmol/l) – without Dilimulati 2024 (least squares mean)



Footnotes

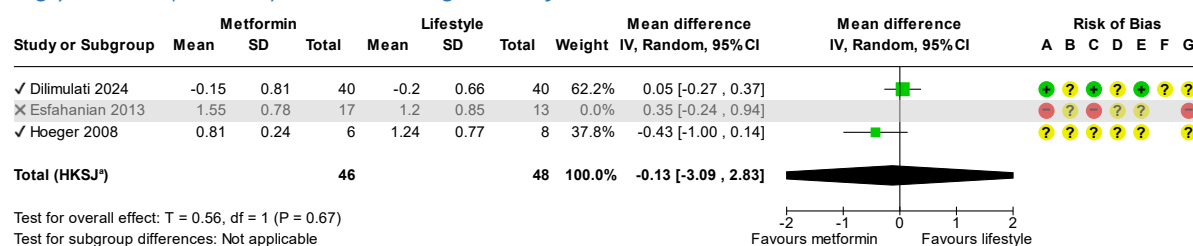
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Triglycerides (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

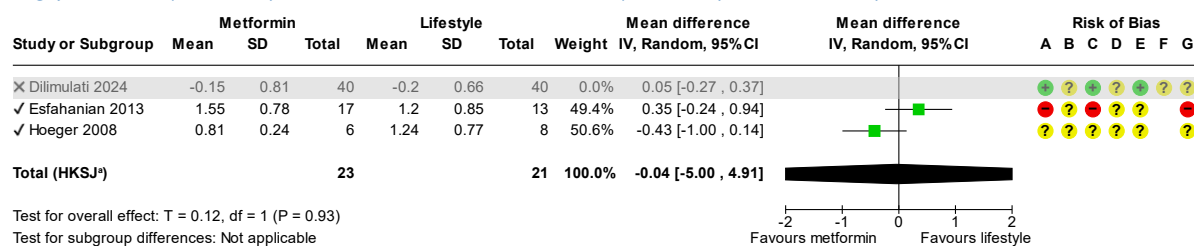
^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

Triglycerides (mmol/l) – without Dilimulati 2024 (least squares mean)



Footnotes

^aCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^b τ^2 calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Bias due to deviations from intended intervention
- (C) Bias due to missing outcome data
- (D) Bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

4 Analyses regarding GLP-1 analogues

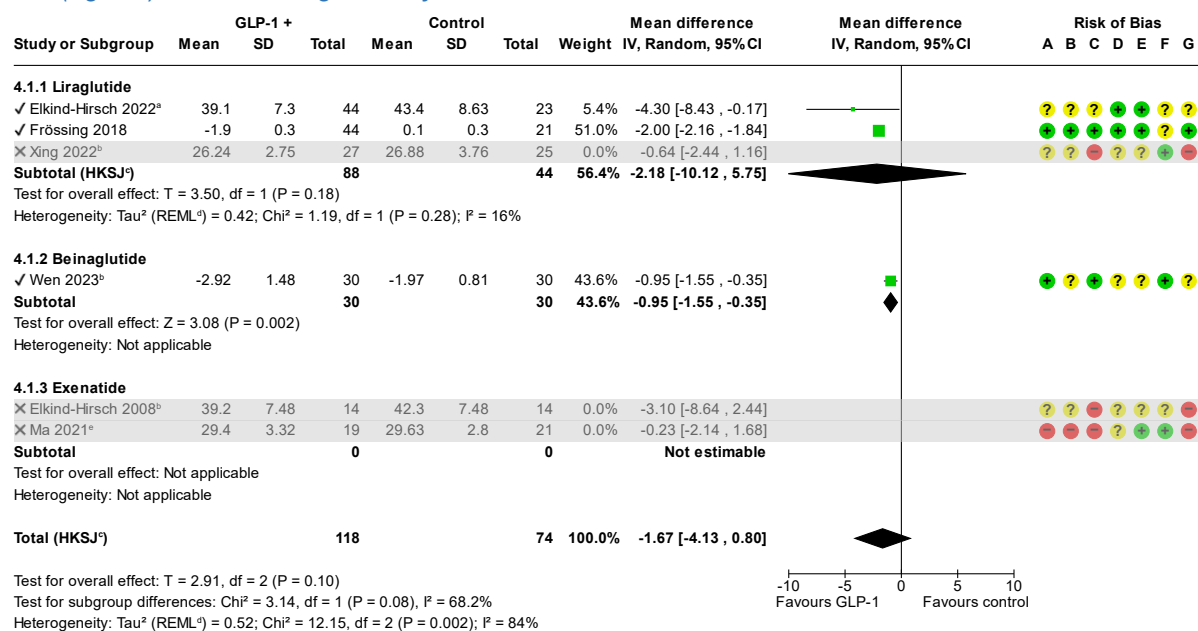
Liraglutide compared to placebo

No sensitivity analyses.

Exenatide compared to metformin

No sensitivity analyses.

Sensitivity analyses for GLP-1 +

BMI (kg/m²) – without high risk of bias**Footnotes**^awith lifestyle intervention for both groups^bwith metformin for both groups^cCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^dTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.^ewith metformin and CPA/EE for both groups**Risk of bias legend**

(A) Risk of bias arising from the randomization process

(B) Risk of bias due to deviations from the intended interventions

(C) Missing outcome data

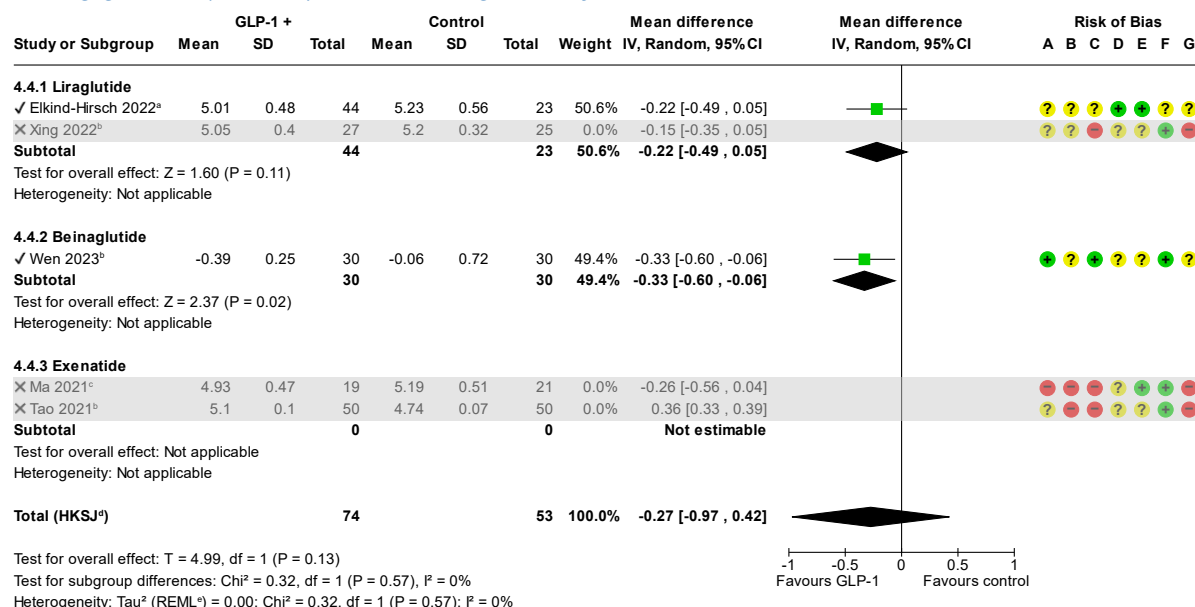
(D) Risk of bias in measurement of the outcome

(E) Risk of bias in selection of the reported result

(F) Conflict of interest

(G) Overall risk of bias

Fasting glucose (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith lifestyle intervention for both groups

^bwith metformin for both groups

^cwith metformin and CPAAVE for both groups

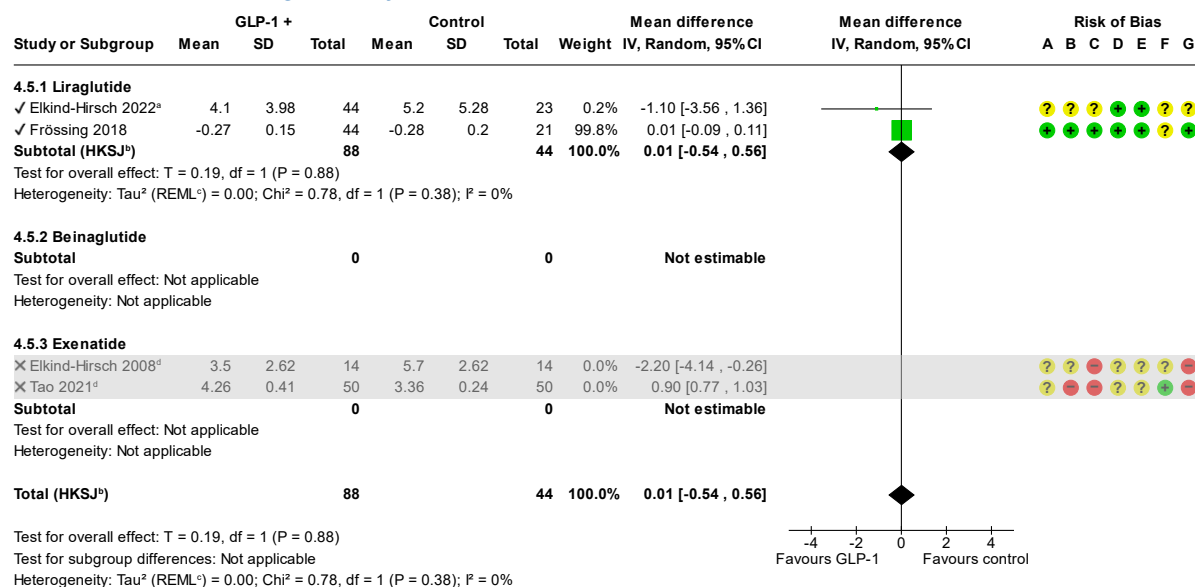
^dCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^eTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Risk of bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Risk of bias due to deviations from the intended interventions
- (C) Missing outcome data
- (D) Risk of bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Risk of bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

HOMA-IR – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith lifestyle intervention for both groups

^bCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

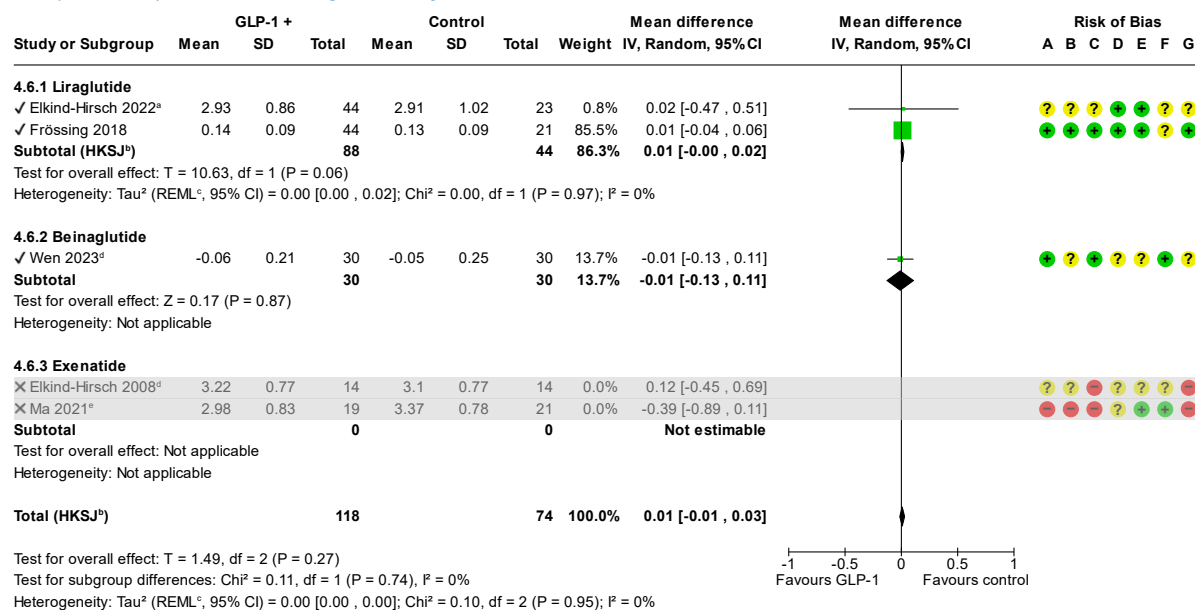
^cTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

^dwith metformin for both groups

Risk of bias legend

- (A) Risk of bias arising from the randomization process
- (B) Risk of bias due to deviations from the intended interventions
- (C) Missing outcome data
- (D) Risk of bias in measurement of the outcome
- (E) Risk of bias in selection of the reported result
- (F) Conflict of interest
- (G) Overall risk of bias

LDL (mmol/l) – without high risk of bias



Footnotes

^awith lifestyle intervention for both groups

^bCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^cTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

^dwith metformin for both groups

^ewith metformin and CPAVEE for both groups

Risk of bias legend

(A) Risk of bias arising from the randomization process

(B) Risk of bias due to deviations from the intended interventions

(C) Missing outcome data

(D) Risk of bias in measurement of the outcome

(E) Risk of bias in selection of the reported result

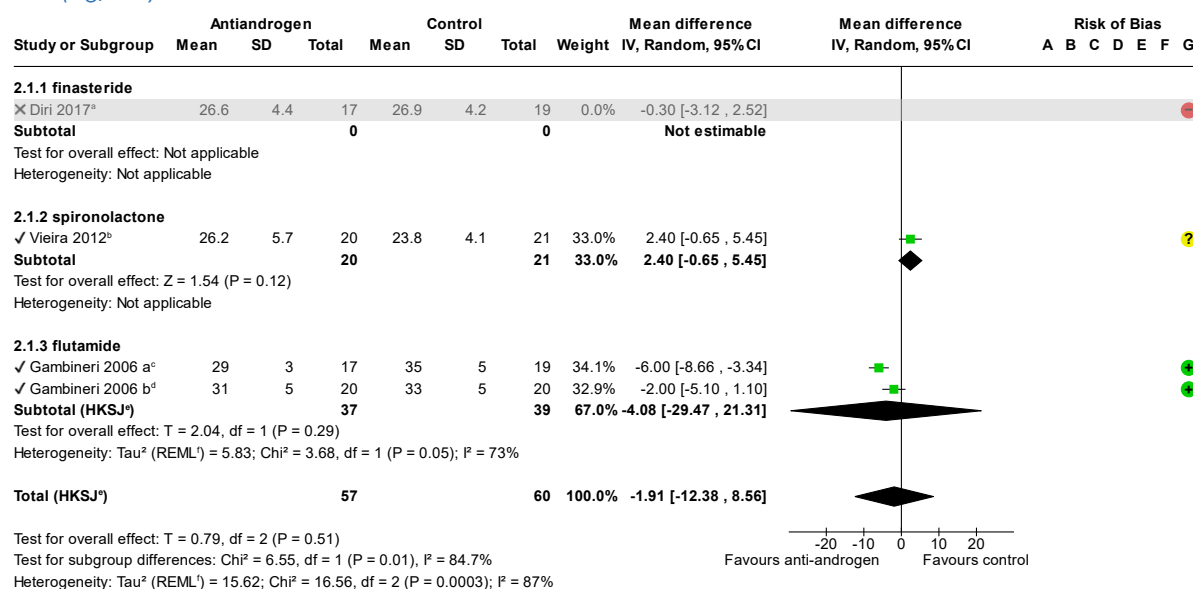
(F) Conflict of interest

(G) Overall risk of bias

5 Long term analyses

5.1 Sensitivity analyses for antiandrogens+

BMI (kg/m²)



Footnotes

^awith metformin for both groups

^bwith oral contraceptives for both groups

^cwith lifestyle intervention for both groups

^dwith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups

^eCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.

^fTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

(A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)

(B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)

(C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)

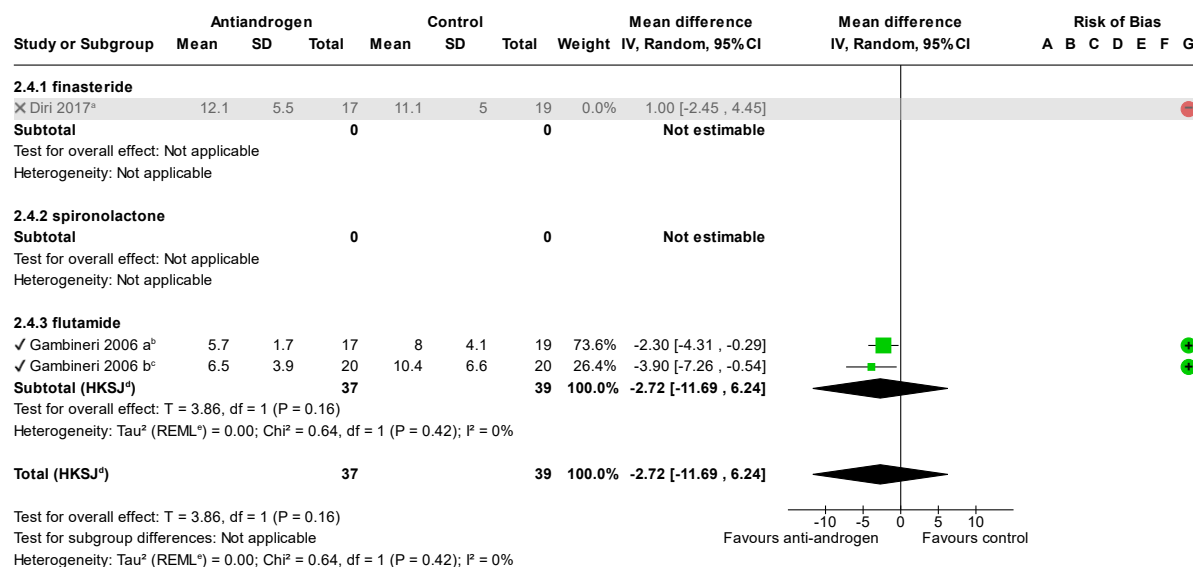
(D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)

(E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)

(F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)

(G) Other bias

Hirsutism



Footnotes

^awith metformin for both groups^bwith lifestyle intervention for both groups^cwith metformin and lifestyle intervention for both groups^dCI calculated by Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method.^eTau² calculated by Restricted Maximum-Likelihood method.

Risk of bias legend

(A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)

(B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)

(C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)

(D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)

(E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)

(F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)

(G) Other bias

5.2 Sensitivity analyses for metformin+

No sensitivity analyses.