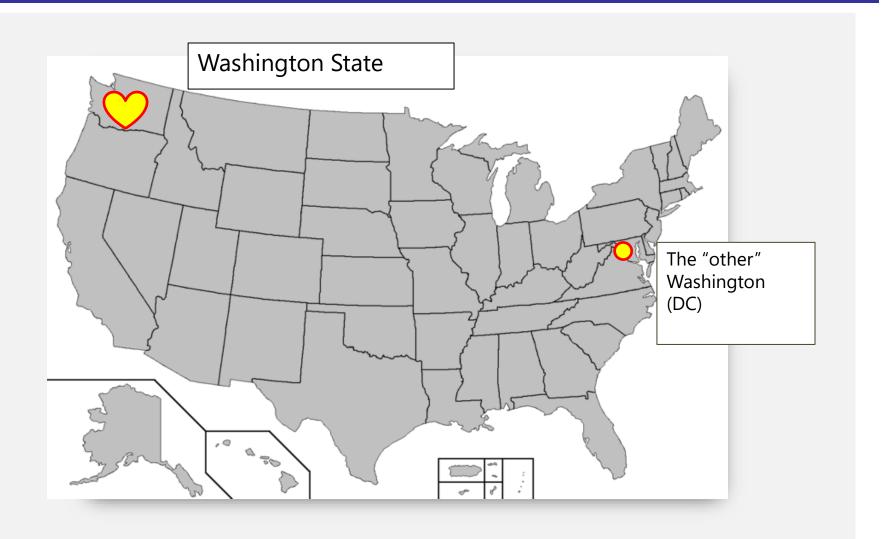
Using economic evaluation to inform policy: An example from Washington State

Stephanie Lee, Director Washington State Institute For Public Policy

INSIA SIA Conference May 24, 2023

Location



State vs. National Government

	United States	Sweden	Washington State
2022 population (millions)	333.3	10.4	7.7
GDP per capita (2021)	\$70,000 USD	\$61,000 USD	\$74,000 USD
Life expectancy	77	83	79.2
University (BA) completion	38%	42%	37%
Infant mortality rate (deaths/1,000 live births)	5.5	1.8	4.3
Murder rate (per 100,000 pop)	4.96	1.08	4.5
Incarceration rate (inmates/100,000 pop)	737	82	176

WSIPP: A state-level organization

- ✓ **Mission:** "to assist policymakers . . . in making informed judgments about important, long-term issues facing Washington State."
- ✓ Government-based, nonpartisan, academically rigorous

Frequent Topics of Inquiry

- Crime
- Child welfare
- ✓ Early childhood
- ✓ Education
- ✓ Public Health/Prevention
- ✓ Behavioral Health
- ✓ Health Care

Typical Projects

- ✓ What works?
 - Outcome evaluations in WA
 - Evidence reviews
- ✓ Benefit-cost analysis
 - Based on "what works?" or
 - Specific cases
- General research questions, e.g.,
 - Reviews/comparisons of policy in other places

WSIPP's Benefit-Cost Approach

Are there programs/policies/interventions that can improve outcomes AND lead to benefits that outweigh costs?

- 1. Assess the evidence: What strategies are effective? How large are the expected impacts?
- 2. **Estimate the economics:** What are the expected long-term benefits relative to the short-term costs?
- 3. Evaluate the risk: What is the likelihood the long-term benefits will outweigh the costs?

Why Benefit-Cost Analysis?

✓ Simple

Basic formula: Price * Quantity - Cost

✓ Consistent

Allows comparisons across policy areas—everything is expressed in dollars

✓ Intuitive

Easily understood by policymakers

Features of WSIPP Benefit-Cost Analysis

- ✓ Per-participant basis: What are the costs and benefits for each person who participates?
 - Estimates do not rely on successful completion of treatment
- ✓ **Societal perspective:** Who benefits from this investment?
 - Participants
 - Taxpayers
 - Others
- ✓ **Lifetime horizon:** How will benefits and costs accrue over the life cycle?
 - What are tomorrow's dollars worth today?

Basic Formula

Net benefits = ∑ (Quantity_i * Price_i) – Cost

✓ **Quantity:** What is the expected change for each outcome?

✓ Price: How much money is each outcome worth?

✓ **Cost:** What does it take to implement the program and get those effects?

Example

All Research Areas

Juvenile Justice Adult Criminal Justice

Child Welfare Pre-K to 12 Education Children's Mental Health

Health Care Substance Use Disorders Adult Mental Health Public Health & Prevention

Workforce Development Higher Education

Child Welfare



For questions on benefit-cost results relating to Child Welfare, contact Marna Miller.

Program name (click on the program name for more detail)	Date of last literature review	Total benefits	Taxpayer benefits	Non- taxpayer benefits	Costs	Benefits minus costs (net present		Chance benefits will exceed costs ⇔
▼ 	♦	♦	♦	⇔	▽	Tante) A	\$	costs &
Parent-Child Interaction Therapy (PCIT) for families in the child welfare system	Aug. 2017	\$26,092	\$9,662	\$16,430	(\$1,727)	\$24,365	\$15.11	96 %
Intensive Family Preservation Services (HOMEBUILDERS®)	Aug. 2017	\$17,498	\$10,008	\$7,490	(\$3,674)	\$13,824	\$4.76	97 %
Subsidized guardianship (Title IV-E waivers)	Aug. 2017	\$5,750	\$1,209	\$4,541	\$3,811	\$9,561	n/a	99 %
SafeCare	Aug. 2017	\$4,056	\$1,557	\$2,499	(\$195)	\$3,861	\$20.82	94 %
Alternative Response	Nov. 2018	\$1,884	\$687	\$1,198	(\$256)	\$1,628	\$7.36	82 %
Flexible funding (Title IV-E waivers)	Apr. 2012	\$1,438	\$448	\$990	\$0	\$1,438	n/a	90 %
Promoting First Relationships UPDATED	Jun. 2021	\$725	\$765	(\$41)	(\$1,380)	(\$655)	\$0.53	47 %
Other Family Preservation Services (non-HOMEBUILDERS®)	Aug. 2017	(\$4,758)	(\$1,007)	(\$3,751)	(\$3,371)	(\$8,130)	(\$1.41)	0 %
Family dependency treatment court	Aug. 2017	(\$6,669)	(\$1,500)	(\$5,169)	(\$5,799)	(\$12,469)	(\$1.15)	8 %
Youth Villages LifeSet (YV LifeSet) for former foster youth	Jul. 2019	(\$4,063)	\$383	(\$4,446)	(\$10,312)	(\$14,375)	(\$0.39)	7 %

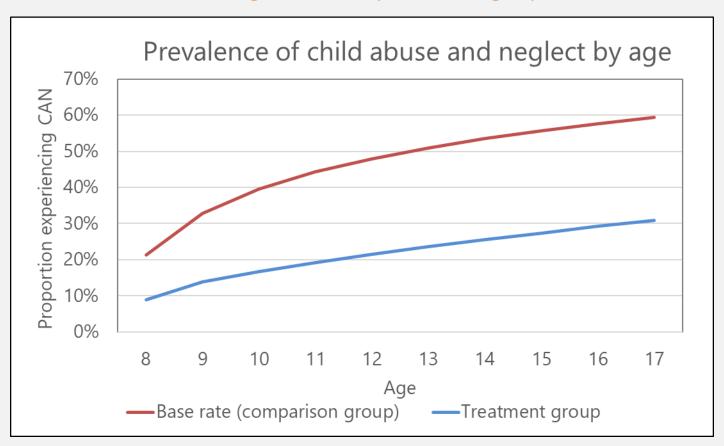
To view details of all Child Welfare programs in a single pdf, click here.

Quantity: Meta-analysis

- ✓ Find all <u>program evaluations</u> on a given topic.
- ✓ Select only those that meet standards for rigor.
 - Comparison group?
 - Statistical controls?
- ✓ Meta-analyze average effect on each outcome.
 - Standardized metric
 - How much change can we expect?
- ✓ For example,
 - How much change do we observe in reports of child abuse and neglect?

Quantity: Unit Change

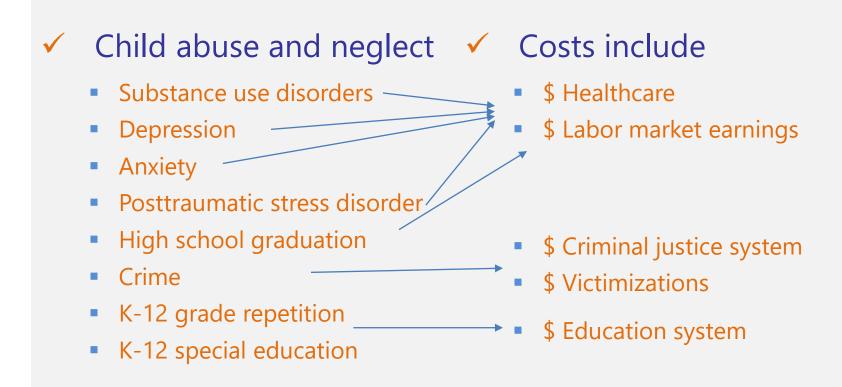
Effect size = -.72, Base rate = 59%Unit change = \sim 24 percentage points



Price: Direct Consequences of CAN

- ✓ Child welfare system
 - Placement out-of-home
 - Investigations, in-home services
 - Courts
- ✓ Victimization
 - Medical and quality of life costs
- ✓ Labor market earnings
 - Adults with a history of CAN are less likely to be employed
 - Adults with a history of CAN earn less money once employed

Price: Indirect Consequences of CAN



Cost: Net Program Cost

- ✓ Program cost includes:
 - Average cost of parent-child coaching program per family served in Washington
 - 5.2 motivational sessions per family
- ✓ Comparison cost includes:
 - Average cost for "treatment as usual" for a family in the system

Net Benefits

- ✓ Quantity x Price Cost
 - Quantity: over ages 8 to 17, reduces CAN likelihood by about 24 percentage points on average
 - Price: CAN costs about:
 - \$ 16,000 in child welfare system costs
 - \$ 7,000 in criminal justice system costs
 - \$ 5,000 in education system costs
 - \$ 4,000 in health care costs
 - \$ 70,000 in labor market earnings,
 - Cost: the intervention costs about \$1700
- ✓ Net present value: (24% x \$102,000) \$1,700 = ~\$23,000

Risk

- ✓ Uncertainty across many domains
 - Program effectiveness
 - Other assumptions, e.g.,
 - Discount rate
 - Magnitude of relationships between CAN and other outcomes
 - Price of various outcomes
 - Cost of providing PCIT
- ✓ Monte Carlo analysis
 - 96%

Example

All Research Areas

Juvenile Justice

Adult Criminal Justice

Child Welfare

Pre-K to 12 Education Children's Mental Health

Health Care

Substance Use Disorders

Adult Mental Health

Public Health & Prevention

Workforce Development

Higher Education

Child Welfare PDF



For questions on benefit-cost results relating to Child Welfare, contact Marna Miller.

Program name (click on the program name for more detail)	Date of last literature review ⊖	Total benefits	Taxpayer benefits ⇔	Non- taxpayer benefits ⇔	Costs	Benefits minus costs (net present value)		Chance benefits will exceed costs ♀
Parent-Child Interaction Therapy (PCIT) for families in the child welfare system	Aug. 2017	\$26,092	\$9,662	\$16,430	(\$1,727)	\$24,365	\$15.11	96 %
Intensive Family Preservation Services (HOMEBUILDERS®)	Aug. 2017	\$17,498	\$10,008	\$7,490	(\$3,674)	\$13,824	\$4.76	97 %
Subsidized guardianship (Title IV-E waivers)	Aug. 2017	\$5,750	\$1,209	\$4,541	\$3,811	\$9,561	n/a	99 %
SafeCare	Aug. 2017	\$4,056	\$1,557	\$2,499	(\$195)	\$3,861	\$20.82	94 %
Alternative Response	Nov. 2018	\$1,884	\$687	\$1,198	(\$256)	\$1,628	\$7.36	82 %
Flexible funding (Title IV-E waivers)	Apr. 2012	\$1,438	\$448	\$990	\$0	\$1,438	n/a	90 %
Promoting First Relationships UPDATED	Jun. 2021	\$725	\$765	(\$41)	(\$1,380)	(\$655)	\$0.53	47 %
Other Family Preservation Services (non-HOMEBUILDERS®)	Aug. 2017	(\$4,758)	(\$1,007)	(\$3,751)	(\$3,371)	(\$8,130)	(\$1.41)	0 %
Family dependency treatment court	Aug. 2017	(\$6,669)	(\$1,500)	(\$5,169)	(\$5,799)	(\$12,469)	(\$1.15)	8 %
Youth Villages LifeSet (YV LifeSet) for former foster youth	Jul. 2019	(\$4,063)	\$383	(\$4,446)	(\$10,312)	(\$14,375)	(\$0.39)	7 %

To view details of all Child Welfare programs in a single pdf, click here.

Impact: Decisions

✓ Juvenile justice:

- Findings on tested and effective programs led to budget directing dollars toward evidence and away from ineffective programs.
- Findings on therapist adherence led to a robust quality assurance system.
- ✓ Behavioral health, children's services, prevention:
 - Findings on evidence, benefits, and costs of interventions used to increase provision of evidence-based services.

✓ Corrections:

 Estimates of benefits and costs of a portfolio of crime reduction options led to increased funding across "silos" and removal of a prison from the forecast.

✓ Education:

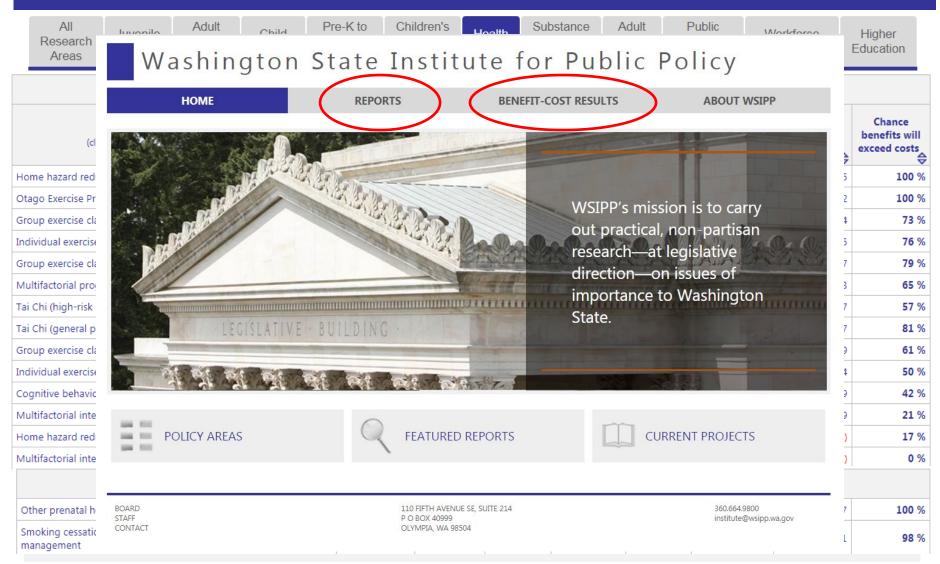
 Estimates of long-term benefits and costs of state early childhood education program used to support increased funding.

Limitations of Benefit-Cost Analysis

✓ Limitations

- Time- and labor-intensive
- Findings are specific to assumptions
- Only as good as the underlying research
- Not exhaustive (can't measure or monetize everything)
- Need feedback loop for reality check

WSIPP Publications



May 24, 2023 www.wsipp.wa.gov Slide 20 of 21

