



Bilaga 3 Exkluderade studier och studier som inte ingår i analyserna på grund av hög risk för bias

Appendix 3 Excluded studies and studies that are not included in the analyses due to a high risk of bias

Innehåll

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Articles with high risk of bias

Reference	Comment
Anderson-Loftin W, et al. Soul Food Light. The Diabetes educator 2005;31:555-63.	High Risk of bias due to high attrition rate and only fat intake in dietary evaluation
Basterra-Gortari FJ, et al. Effects of a Mediterranean Eating Plan on the Need for Glucose-Lowering Medications in Participants With Type 2 Diabetes: A Subgroup Analysis of the PREDIMED Trial. Diabetes Care 2019;42:1390-1397.	High Risk of bias of deviation from intended
Basu A, et al. Dietary fiber intake and glycemic control: coronary artery calcification in type 1 diabetes (CACTI) study. Nutr J 2019;18:23.	High Risk of bias due to drop-out
Campmans-Kuijpers MJ, et al. The association of substituting carbohydrates with total fat and different types of fatty acids with mortality and weight change among diabetes patients. Clin Nutr 2016;35:1096-102.	High risk of bias on the two outcomes: waist and weight
Chen CY, Huang WS, Chen HC, Chang CH, Lee LT, Chen HS, et al. Effect of a 90 g/day low-carbohydrate diet on glycaemic control, small, dense low-density lipoprotein and carotid intima-media thickness in type 2 diabetic patients: An 18-month randomised controlled trial. 2020	High Risk of bias due to drop-out
Deng A, et al. Fish consumption is associated with a decreased risk of death among adults with diabetes: 18-year follow-up of a national cohort. Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis 2018;28:1012-1020.	High risk of bias due to unclarities in classification/delimitation and from the possibility of altered exposure
Deveer R, et al. The effect of diet on pregnancy outcomes among pregnant with abnormal glucose challenge test. European review for medical and pharmacological sciences 2013;17:1258-1261.	High risk of bias due to randomization
dos Santos AL, et al. Dietary fat composition and cardiac events in patients with type 2 diabetes. Atherosclerosis 2014;236:31-8.	High risk of bias due to reporting
Ekinci EI, et al. Dietary salt intake and mortality in patients with type 2 diabetes. Diabetes Care 2011;34:703-9.	High risk of bias due to confounding
Elhayany A, et al. A low carbohydrate Mediterranean diet improves cardiovascular risk factors and diabetes control among overweight patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus: a 1-year prospective randomized intervention study. Diabetes Obes Metab 2010;12:204-9.	High risk of bias in domain due to randomization, deviation from intended interventions, drop-out and reporting
Franz MJ, et al. Effectiveness of medical nutrition therapy provided by dietitians in the management of non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus: a randomized, controlled clinical trial. J Am Diet Assoc 1995;95:1009-17.	High Risk of bias due to that neither the randomisation nor the diet composition was described in enough detail. Adherence was not followed and the attrition

Reference	Comment
	rate was high.
Giacco R, et al. Long-term dietary treatment with increased amounts of fiber-rich low-glycemic index natural foods improves blood glucose control and reduces the number of hypoglycemic events in type 1 diabetic patients. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2000;23:1461-6.	High Risk of bias due to randomization and drop-out
Giordano M, Ciarambino T, Castellino P, Cataliotti A, Malatino L, Ferrara N, et al. Long-term effects of moderate protein diet on renal function and low-grade inflammation in older adults with type 2 diabetes and chronic kidney disease. <i>Nutrition</i> . 2014;30(9):1045-9.	Unacceptable high risk of bias due to handling of confounding
Giordano M, et al. Long-term effects of moderate protein diet on renal function and low-grade inflammation in older adults with type 2 diabetes and chronic kidney disease. <i>Nutrition</i> 2014;30:1045-9.	High Risk of bias due to no adjustments for confounders
Goldstein T, et al. The effect of a low carbohydrate energy-unrestricted diet on weight loss in obese type 2 diabetes patients – A randomized controlled trial. <i>e-SPEN, the European e-Journal of Clinical Nutrition and Metabolism</i> 2011;6:e178-e186.	High Risk of bias due to drop-out
Guldbrand H, et al. In type 2 diabetes, randomisation to advice to follow a low-carbohydrate diet transiently improves glycaemic control compared with advice to follow a low-fat diet producing a similar weight loss. <i>Diabetologia</i> 2012;55:2118-27.	High Risk of bias due to outcome measurements (domain 4)
Hardy DS, Hoelscher DM, Aragaki C, Stevens J, Steffen LM, Pankow JS, et al. Association of glycemic index and glycemic load with risk of incident coronary heart disease among Whites and African Americans with and without type 2 diabetes: the Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities study. <i>Ann Epidemiol</i> . 2010;20(8):610-6.	High Risk of bias due to no adjustment for confounding relating to socioeconomic factors
Horikawa C, et al. Is the Proportion of Carbohydrate Intake Associated with the Incidence of Diabetes Complications? - An Analysis of the Japan Diabetes Complications Study. <i>Nutrients</i> 2017;9:06.	High Risk of bias due to suspected over adjustment for adjustments for confounders
Horikawa C, et al. Meat intake and incidence of cardiovascular disease in Japanese patients with type 2 diabetes: analysis of the Japan Diabetes Complications Study (JDACS). <i>Eur J Nutr</i> 2019;58:281-290.	High Risk of bias due to handling of confounding
Houtsmuller AJ, et al. Favourable influences of linoleic acid on the progression of diabetic micro- and macroangiopathy. <i>Nutr Metab</i> 1980;24 Suppl 1:105-18.	High Risk of bias due to randomization

Reference	Comment
Howard-Williams J, et al. Polyunsaturated fatty acids and diabetic retinopathy. <i>The British journal of ophthalmology</i> 1985;69:15-18.	High risk of bias due to randomization, drop-out and deviation from intended interventions
Iimuro S, et al. Dietary pattern and mortality in Japanese elderly patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus: does a vegetable- and fish-rich diet improve mortality? An explanatory study. <i>Geriatr Gerontol Int</i> 2012;12:59-67.	Unacceptable high risk of bias due to confounding
Iqbal N, et al. Effects of a low-intensity intervention that prescribed a low-carbohydrate vs. a low-fat diet in obese, diabetic participants. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> 2010;18:1733-8.	High risk of bias due to drop-out
Jang J, et al. Longitudinal association between egg consumption and the risk of cardiovascular disease: interaction with type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Nutr Diabetes</i> 2018;8:20.	High Risk of bias due to handling of confounding
Jenkins DJ, et al. The relation of low glycaemic index fruit consumption to glycaemic control and risk factors for coronary heart disease in type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetologia</i> 2011;54:271-9.	High Risk of bias due to handling of confounding
Jesudason DR, et al. Weight-loss diets in people with type 2 diabetes and renal disease: a randomized controlled trial of the effect of different dietary protein amounts. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2013;98:494-501.	High risk of bias due to drop-out
Kahleová H, et al. Vegetarian vs. conventional diabetic diet - A 1-year follow-up. <i>Cor et Vasa</i> 2014;56:e140-e144.	High risk of bias due to deviation from intended interventions and drop-out (domain 2 and 3)
Kalkwarf HJ, et al. Dietary fiber intakes and insulin requirements in pregnant women with type 1 diabetes. <i>J Am Diet Assoc</i> 2001;101:305-10.	High risk of bias due to that potential confounders such as smoking and physical activity was not considered. Suboptimal precision in estimation and timing of correlated data.
Leader NJ, et al. How best to use partial meal replacement in managing overweight or obese patients with poorly controlled type 2 diabetes. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> 2013;21:251-3.	High risk of bias due to randomization
Li L, et al. Effect of a macronutrient preload on blood glucose level and pregnancy outcome in gestational diabetes. <i>J Clin Transl Endocrinol</i> 2016;5:36-41.	High risk of bias due to discrepancies in the randomization process.
Lilja E, et al. The association between dietary intake, lifestyle and incident symptomatic peripheral arterial disease among individuals with diabetes mellitus: insights from the Malmo Diet and Cancer study. <i>Ther Adv Endocrinol Metab</i> 2019;10:2042018819890532.	Unacceptable high risk of bias due to confounding.
Lin C-C, et al. Dietary Macronutrient Intakes and Mortality among Patients with Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Nutrients</i> 2020;12:1665.	High risk of bias due to confounding

Reference	Comment
Lin CC, et al. Impact of lifestyle-related factors on all-cause and cause-specific mortality in patients with type 2 diabetes: the Taichung Diabetes Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2012;35:105-12.	High risk of bias due to missing adjustment of important confounders and unclarities in classification/delimitation and from the possibility of altered exposure
Lin C-C, Liu C-S, Li C-I, Lin C-H, Lin W-Y, Wang M-C, et al. Dietary Macronutrient Intakes and Mortality among Patients with Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Nutrients</i> . 2020;12(6):1665.	High risk of bias due to confounding
Lv S, Yu S, Chi R, Wang D. Effects of nutritional nursing intervention based on glycemic load for patient with gestational diabetes mellitus. <i>Ginekol Pol</i> . 2019;90(1):46-9.	High risk of bias due to randomization
Malhotra R, et al. Higher protein intake is associated with increased risk for incident end-stage renal disease among blacks with diabetes in the Southern Community Cohort Study. <i>Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis</i> 2016;26:1079-1087.	High risk of bias due to confounding
Meloni C, et al. Adequate protein dietary restriction in diabetic and nondiabetic patients with chronic renal failure. <i>Journal of renal nutrition : the official journal of the Council on Renal Nutrition of the National Kidney Foundation</i> 2004;14:208-13.	High risk of bias in domain deviation and attribution
Mijatovic J, Louie JCY, Buso MEC, Atkinson FS, Ross GP, Markovic TP, et al. Effects of a modestly lower carbohydrate diet in gestational diabetes: a randomized controlled trial. 2020	High risk of bias due to drop-out
Mosharraf S, et al. Impact of the components of Mediterranean nutrition regimen on long-term prognosis of diabetic patients with coronary artery disease. <i>ARYA Atheroscler</i> 2013;9:337-42.	High risk of bias due to confounding
Pavithran N, Kumar H, Menon AS, Pillai GK, Sundaram KR, Ojo O. South Indian Cuisine with Low Glycemic Index Ingredients Reduces Cardiovascular Risk Factors in Subjects with Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Int J Environ Res Public Health</i> . 2020;17(17):27.	High risk of bias due to deficiencies in the randomization.
Pedersen E, et al. High protein weight loss diets in obese subjects with type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis</i> 2014;24:554-62.	High risk of bias in domain deviation and attribution
Pijls LT, et al. The effect of protein restriction on albuminuria in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus: a randomized trial. <i>Nephrol Dial Transplant</i> 1999;14:1445-53.	High risk of bias due to drop-out
Sato J, Kanazawa A, Hatae C, Makita S, Komiya K, Shimizu T, et al. One year follow-up after a randomized controlled trial of a 130 g/day low-carbohydrate diet in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus and poor glycemic control. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2017;12(12):e0188892.	High risk of bias due to drop-out

Reference	Comment
Scavone G, et al. Effect of carbohydrate counting and medical nutritional therapy on glycaemic control in Type 1 diabetic subjects: a pilot study. <i>Diabet Med</i> 2010;27:477-9.	High risk of bias due to randomization, drop-out and reporting
Strand E, et al. Dietary intake of n-3 long-chain polyunsaturated fatty acids and risk of myocardial infarction in coronary artery disease patients with or without diabetes mellitus: a prospective cohort study. <i>BMC Medicine</i> 2013;11:216.	High risk of bias due to confounding
Tanaka S, et al. Fruit intake and incident diabetic retinopathy with type 2 diabetes. <i>Epidemiology</i> 2013;24:204-11.	High risk of bias due to handling of confounders and classification/delimitation and from the possibility of altered exposure
Tanaka S, et al. Intakes of dietary fiber, vegetables, and fruits and incidence of cardiovascular disease in Japanese patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2013;36:3916-22.	High risk of bias due to handling of confounders and classification/delimitation and from the possibility of altered exposure
Thomas MC, et al. The association between dietary sodium intake, ESRD, and all-cause mortality in patients with type 1 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2011;34:861-6.	High risk of bias due to handling of confounders
Trout KK, et al. Macronutrient Composition or Social Determinants? Impact on Infant Outcomes With Gestational Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Diabetes Spectr</i> 2016;29:71-8.	High risk of bias due to randomization
Tsihlias EB, et al. Comparison of high- and low-glycemic-index breakfast cereals with monounsaturated fat in the long-term dietary management of type 2 diabetes. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2000;72:439-49.	High risk of bias due to drop-out
Wang H, et al. Impacts of dietary fat changes on pregnant women with gestational diabetes mellitus: a randomized controlled study. <i>Asia Pac J Clin Nutr</i> 2015;24:58-64.	High risk of bias due to overall deficiencies (randomization, deviations from planned interventions, measuring outcomes and reporting)
Weber KS, et al. The Impact of Dietary Factors on Glycemic Control, Insulin Sensitivity and Secretion in the First Years after Diagnosis of Diabetes. <i>Exp Clin Endocrinol Diabetes</i> 2016;124:230-8.	High risk of bias due to confounding
Westman EC, et al. The effect of a low-carbohydrate, ketogenic diet versus a low-glycemic index diet on glycemic control in type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Nutr Metab (Lond)</i> 2008;5:36.	High risk of bias due to drop-out and outcome measurements (domain 3 and 4)
Wolever TM, et al. Effects of Changing the Amount and Source of Dietary Carbohydrates on Symptoms and Dietary Satisfaction Over a 1-Year Period in Subjects with Type 2 Diabetes: Canadian Trial of Carbohydrates in Diabetes (CCD). <i>Can J Diabetes</i> 2017;41:164-176.	High risk of bias due to drop-out

Reference	Comment
Wu PY, et al. Alternative health eating index and the Dietary Guidelines from American Diabetes Association both may reduce the risk of cardiovascular disease in type 2 diabetes patients. J Hum Nutr Diet 2016;29:363-73.	Unacceptable high risk of bias due to confounding
Yamaoka T, et al. Association between Low Protein Intake and Mortality in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes. Nutrients 2020;12:1629.	High risk of bias due to study design
Yan X, et al. Does daily dietary intake affect diabetic retinopathy progression? 10-year results from the 45 and Up Study. British Journal of Ophthalmology;104:1774-1780.	High risk of bias due to confounding
Yang L, et al. Long-term effect of dietary fibre intake on glycosylated haemoglobin A1c level and glycaemic control status among Chinese patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. Public Health Nutr 2014;17:1858-64.	High risk of bias due to confounding

Excluded articles

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Aas AM, Bergstad I, Thorsby PM, Johannesen O, Solberg M, Birkelandt KI. An intensified lifestyle intervention programme may be superior to insulin treatment in poorly controlled Type 2 diabetic patients on oral hypoglycaemic agents: Results of a feasibility study. <i>Diabet Med</i> . 2005;22(3):316-22.	Not relevant study design
Abdelmajid T, Yosra S, Fethi BS, Hayet BA, Hazar I, Faika BM, et al. Effect of protein restriction on renal function and nutritional status of type 1 diabetes at the stage of renal impairment. <i>Tunisie Medicale</i> 2013;91:121-126.	Not relevant language
Afaghi A, Ghanei L, Ziaee A. Effect of low glycemic load diet with and without wheat bran on glucose control in gestational diabetes mellitus: A randomized trial. <i>Indian J Endocrinol Metab</i> . 2013;17(4):689-92.	Too few participants
Ahmed DA, El-Toony LF, Herdan OM, Abd El-All AM. The effect of the Lenten fast on diabetes control in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Diabetes Metab Syndr</i> 2019;13:848-52.	Not relevant study design
Ahola AJ, Forsblom C, Harjutsalo V, Groop PH, FinnDiane Study G. Dietary carbohydrate intake and cardio-metabolic risk factors in type 1 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract</i> 2019;155:107818.	Not relevant study design
Ahola AJ, Forsblom C, Harjutsalo V, Groop PH. Dietary intake in type 1 diabetes at different stages of diabetic kidney disease. <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract</i> 2019;155:107775.	Not relevant study design
Ahola AJ, Freese R, Makimattila S, Forsblom C, Groop PH, FinnDiane Study G. Dietary patterns are associated with various vascular health markers and complications in type 1 diabetes. <i>J Diabetes Complications</i> 2016;30:1144-50.	Not relevant study design
Ahola AJ, Gordin D, Forsblom C, Groop PH, FinnDiane Study G. Association between diet and measures of arterial stiffness in type 1 diabetes - Focus on dietary patterns and macronutrient substitutions. <i>Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis</i> 2018;28:1166-1172.	Not relevant study design
Ahola AJ, Harjutsalo V, Forsblom C, Saraheimo M, Groop PH, Finnish Diabetic Nephropathy S. Associations of dietary macronutrient and fibre intake with glycaemia in individuals with Type 1 diabetes. <i>Diabet Med</i> 2019;36:1391-98.	Not relevant study design
Ajani UA, Gaziano JM, Lotufo PA, Liu S, Hennekens CH, Buring JE, et al. Alcohol consumption and risk of coronary heart disease by diabetes status. <i>Circulation</i> . 2000;102(5):500-5.	Alcohol consumption
Alperet DJ, Rebello SA, Khoo EY, Tay Z, Seah SS, Tai BC, et al. A randomized placebo-controlled trial of the effect of coffee consumption on insulin sensitivity: Design and baseline characteristics of the Coffee for METabolic Health (COMETH) study. <i>Contemp Clin Trials Commun</i> 2016;4:105-117.	Not relevant population

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Alperet DJ, Rebello SA, Khoo EY, Tay Z, Seah SS, Tai BC, et al. The effect of coffee consumption on insulin sensitivity and other biological risk factors for type 2 diabetes: a randomized placebo-controlled trial. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2020;111:448-458.	Not relevant study design Protocol
Alvarez-Bueno C, Cavero-Redondo I, Martinez-Vizcaino V, Sotos-Prieto M, Ruiz JR, Gil A. Effects of Milk and Dairy Product Consumption on Type 2 Diabetes: Overview of Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses. <i>Adv Nutr</i> 2019;10:S154-S163.	Not relevant outcome
Alvarez-Perez J, Sanchez-Villegas A, Diaz-Benitez EM, Ruano-Rodriguez C, Corella D, Martinez-Gonzalez MA, et al. Influence of a Mediterranean Dietary Pattern on Body Fat Distribution: Results of the PREDIMED-Canarias Intervention Randomized Trial. <i>J Am Coll Nutr</i> 2016;35:568-580.	Not relevant population No sub-group analysis
Amor AJ, Serra-Mir M, Martinez-Gonzalez MA, Corella D, Salas-Salvado J, Fito M, et al. Prediction of Cardiovascular Disease by the Framingham-REGICOR Equation in the High-Risk PREDIMED Cohort: Impact of the Mediterranean Diet Across Different Risk Strata. <i>J Am Heart Assoc</i> 2017;6:13.	Not relevant study design
Anari R, Amani R, Veissi M. Sugar-sweetened beverages consumption is associated with abdominal obesity risk in diabetic patients. <i>Diabetes Metab Syndr</i> 2017;11:S675-S678.	Not relevant study design
Anari R, Amani R, Veissi M. Sugar-sweetened beverages consumption is associated with abdominal obesity risk in diabetic patients. <i>Diabetes Metab Syndr</i> . 2017;11:S675-S8.	Not relevant study design
Appuhamy JA, Kebreab E, Simon M, Yada R, Milligan LP, France J. Effects of diet and exercise interventions on diabetes risk factors in adults without diabetes: meta-analyses of controlled trials. <i>Diabetol Metab Syndr</i> 2014;6:127.	Not relevant population
Armet AM, Deehan EC, Thone JV, Hewko SJ, Walter J. The Effect of Isolated and Synthetic Dietary Fibers on Markers of Metabolic Diseases in Human Intervention Studies: A Systematic Review. <i>Adv Nutr</i> . 2020;11(2):420-38.	Not relevant study design
Asaad G, Soria-Contreras DC, Bell RC, Chan CB. Effectiveness of a Lifestyle Intervention in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes: The Physical Activity and Nutrition for Diabetes in Alberta (PANDA) Trial. <i>Healthcare (Basel)</i> 2016;4:27.	Not relevant study design
Asbaghi O, Fouladvand F, Gonzalez MJ, Ashtary-Larky D, Choghakhori R, Abbasnezhad A. Effect of green tea on glycemic control in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Diabetes Metab Syndr</i> . 2021;15(1):23-31.	Not relevant study design
Asbaghi O, et al. Effect of Green Tea on Anthropometric Indices and Body Composition in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. <i>Complement Med Res</i> 2020/11/19:1-8.	Not relevant study design

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Asemi Z, et al. A randomized controlled clinical trial investigating the effect of DASH diet on insulin resistance, inflammation, and oxidative stress in gestational diabetes. <i>Nutrition</i> 2013;29:619-24.	Not relevant outcome
Asemi Z, Samimi M, Tabassi Z, Esmailzadeh A. The effect of DASH diet on pregnancy outcomes in gestational diabetes: a randomized controlled clinical trial. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr.</i> 2014;68(4):490-5.	Follow up shorter than 6 weeks
Asemi Z, Tabassi Z, Samimi M, Fahiminejad T, Esmailzadeh A. Favourable effects of the Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension diet on glucose tolerance and lipid profiles in gestational diabetes: a randomised clinical trial. <i>Br J Nutr.</i> 2013;109(11):2024-30.	Follow up shorter than 6 weeks
Assaf-Balut C, Garcia de la Torre N, Duran A, Fuentes M, Bordiu E, Del Valle L, et al. Medical nutrition therapy for gestational diabetes mellitus based on Mediterranean Diet principles: a subanalysis of the St Carlos GDM Prevention Study. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Res Care</i> 2018;6:e000550.	Not relevant study design
Assaf-Balut C, Garcia de la Torre N, Fuentes M, Duran A, Bordiu E, Del Valle L, et al. A High Adherence to Six Food Targets of the Mediterranean Diet in the Late First Trimester is Associated with a Reduction in the Risk of Materno-Foetal Outcomes: The St. Carlos Gestational Diabetes Mellitus Prevention Study. <i>Nutrients</i> 2018;11:31.	No subgroup analysis
Athinarayanan SJ, Adams RN, Hallberg SJ, McKenzie AL, Bhanpuri NH, Campbell WW, et al. Long-Term Effects of a Novel Continuous Remote Care Intervention Including Nutritional Ketosis for the Management of Type 2 Diabetes: A 2-Year Non-randomized Clinical Trial. <i>Front Endocrinol (Lausanne)</i> 2019;10:348.	Not relevant study design
Athyros VG, Hatzitolios A, Karagiannis A, Didangelos TP, Iliadis F, Dolgyras S, et al. Initiative for a new diabetes therapeutic approach in a Mediterranean country: the INDEED study. <i>Curr Med Res Opin</i> 2009;25:1931-40.	Not relevant index test
Authors/Task Force M, Ryden L, Grant PJ, Anker SD, Berne C, Cosentino F, et al. ESC Guidelines on diabetes, pre-diabetes, and cardiovascular diseases developed in collaboration with the EASD: the Task Force on diabetes, pre-diabetes, and cardiovascular diseases of the European Society of Cardiology (ESC) and developed in collaboration with the European Association for the Study of Diabetes (EASD). <i>Eur Heart J</i> 2013;34:3035-87.	Other reason Narrative review
Avedzi HM, Mathe N, Bearman S, Storey K, Johnson JA, Johnson ST. Examining Diet-Related Care Practices Among Adults with Type 2 Diabetes: A Focus on Glycemic Index Choices. <i>Can J Diet Pract Res</i> 2017;78:26-31.	Not relevant study design
Azami Y, Funakoshi M, Matsumoto H, Ikota A, Ito K, Okimoto H, et al. Long working hours and skipping breakfast concomitant with late evening meals are associated with suboptimal glycemic control among young male Japanese patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>J Diabetes Investig</i> 2019;10:73-83.	Not relevant study design

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
B HAW, Dodds J, Placzek A, Beresford L, Spyreli E, Moore A, et al. Mediterranean-style diet in pregnant women with metabolic risk factors (ESTEEM): A pragmatic multicentre randomised trial. PLoS Med 2019;16:e1002857.	Not relevant population
Babio N, Toledo E, Estruch R, Ros E, Martinez-Gonzalez MA, Castaner O, et al. Mediterranean diets and metabolic syndrome status in the PREDIMED randomized trial. CMAJ 2014;186:E649-57.	Not relevant population
Bahadoran Z, Mirmiran P, Momenan AA, Azizi F. Allium vegetable intakes and the incidence of cardiovascular disease, hypertension, chronic kidney disease, and type 2 diabetes in adults: a longitudinal follow-up study. J Hypertens 2017;35:1909-1916.	Not relevant population
Balfego M, Canivell S, Hanzu FA, Sala-Vila A, Martinez-Medina M, Murillo S, et al. Effects of sardine-enriched diet on metabolic control, inflammation and gut microbiota in drug-naive patients with type 2 diabetes: a pilot randomized trial. Lipids Health Dis 2016;15:78.	Too few participants
Balk EM, Earley A, Raman G, Avendano EA, Pittas AG, Remington PL. Combined Diet and Physical Activity Promotion Programs to Prevent Type 2 Diabetes Among Persons at Increased Risk: A Systematic Review for the Community Preventive Services Task Force. Ann Intern Med 2015;163:437-51.	Not relevant population
Baratta F, Pastori D, Polimeni L, Bucci T, Ceci F, Calabrese C, et al. Adherence to Mediterranean Diet and Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease: Effect on Insulin Resistance. Am J Gastroenterol 2017;112:1832-1839.	Not relevant population
Batar N, Kermen S, Sevdin S, Ersin A, San S, Erdem MG, et al. Effect of pilates on body composition and some biochemical parameters of women with type 2 diabetes on a low-carbohydrate or high-complex-carbohydrate diabetic diet. Iranian Red Crescent Medical Journal. 2020;22(6).	Not relevant study design Only 12 weeks follow-up
Belalcazar LM, Reboussin DM, Haffner SM, Reeves RS, Schwenke DC, Hoogeveen RC, et al. Marine omega-3 fatty acid intake: associations with cardiometabolic risk and response to weight loss intervention in the Look AHEAD (Action for Health in Diabetes) study. Diabetes Care 2010;33:197-9.	Not relevant study design
Ben-Avraham S, Harman-Boehm I, Schwarzfuchs D, Shai I. Dietary strategies for patients with type 2 diabetes in the era of multi-approaches; review and results from the Dietary Intervention Randomized Controlled Trial (DIRECT). Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2009;86 Suppl 1:S41-8.	Not relevant study design
Bendtsen LQ, Lorenzen JK, Larsen TM, van Baak M, Papadaki A, Martinez JA, et al. Associations between dairy protein intake and body weight and risk markers of diabetes and CVD during weight maintenance. Br J Nutr 2014;111:944-53.	Not relevant population

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Bener A, Yousafzai MT. Effect of Ramadan fasting on diabetes mellitus: a population-based study in Qatar. <i>J Egypt Public Health Assoc</i> 2014;89:47-52.	Not relevant study design
Benhalima K, Robyns K, Van Crombrugge P, Deprez N, Seynhave B, Devlieger R, et al. Differences in pregnancy outcomes and characteristics between insulin- and diet-treated women with gestational diabetes. <i>BMC Pregnancy Childbirth</i> 2015;15:271.	Not relevant index test
Berger SE, Huggins GS, McCaffery JM, Lichtenstein AH. Comparison among criteria to define successful weight-loss maintainers and regainers in the Action for Health in Diabetes (Look AHEAD) and Diabetes Prevention Program trials. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2017;106:1337-1346.	Not relevant index test
Berkowitz SA, Baggett TP, Wexler DJ, Huskey KW, Wee CC. Food insecurity and metabolic control among U.S. adults with diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2013;36:3093-9.	Not relevant index test
Berkowitz SA, Gao X, Tucker KL. Food-insecure dietary patterns are associated with poor longitudinal glycemic control in diabetes: results from the Boston Puerto Rican Health study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2014;37:2587-92.	Not relevant index test
Bernstein AM, Rosner BA, Willett WC. Cereal fiber and coronary heart disease: a comparison of modeling approaches for repeated dietary measurements, intermediate outcomes, and long follow-up. <i>Eur J Epidemiol</i> 2011;26:877-86.	Not relevant study design
Bielefeld D, Grafenauer S, Rangan A. The Effects of Legume Consumption on Markers of Glycaemic Control in Individuals with and without Diabetes Mellitus: A Systematic Literature Review of Randomised Controlled Trials. <i>Nutrients</i> . 2020;12(7):2123.	Not relevant study design
Billingsley HE, Carbone S, Lavie CJ. Dietary Fats and Chronic Noncommunicable Diseases. <i>Nutrients</i> 2018;10:30.	Not relevant study design
Biskup I, Kyro C, Marklund M, Olsen A, van Dam RM, Tjonneland A, et al. Plasma alkylresorcinols, biomarkers of whole-grain wheat and rye intake, and risk of type 2 diabetes in Scandinavian men and women. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2016;104:88-96.	Not relevant population
Blanco-Rojo R, Alcalá-Díaz JF, Wopereis S, Pérez-Martínez P, Quintana-Navarro GM, Marin C, et al. The insulin resistance phenotype (muscle or liver) interacts with the type of diet to determine changes in disposition index after 2 years of intervention: the CORDIOPREV-DIAB randomised clinical trial. <i>Diabetologia</i> 2016;59:67-76.	Not study design
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Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Blumenthal JB, Gitterman A, Ryan AS, Prior SJ. Effects of Exercise Training and Weight Loss on Plasma Fetuin-A Levels and Insulin Sensitivity in Overweight Older Men. <i>J Diabetes Res</i> 2017;2017:1492581.	Not relevant population
Bo S, Rosato R, Ciccone G, Canil S, Gambino R, Poala CB, et al. Simple lifestyle recommendations and the outcomes of gestational diabetes. A 2 x 2 factorial randomized trial. <i>Diabetes Obes Metab</i> 2014;16:1032-5.	Not relevant reference test
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Bozzetto L, et al. Glycaemic load versus carbohydrate counting for insulin bolus calculation in patients with type 1 diabetes on insulin pump. <i>Acta Diabetol</i> 2015;52:865-71.	Cross over in 9 patients
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Brouhard BH, LaGrone L. Effect of dietary protein restriction on functional renal reserve in diabetic nephropathy. <i>Am J Med</i> . 1990;89(4):427-31.	Too few participants

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Brouwer-Brolsma EM, Sluik D, Singh-Povel CM, Feskens EJM. Dairy product consumption is associated with pre-diabetes and newly diagnosed type 2 diabetes in the Lifelines Cohort Study. <i>Br J Nutr</i> 2018;119:442-455.	Not relevant study design
Brown J, et al. Lifestyle interventions for the treatment of women with gestational diabetes. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev</i> 2017;5:CD011970.	Not relevant study design
Brown RE, et al. All-cause and cardiovascular mortality risk in U.S. adults with and without type 2 diabetes: Influence of physical activity, pharmacological treatment and glycemic control. <i>J Diabetes Complications</i> 2014;28:311-5.	Not relevant intervention
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Brunner S, Holub I, Theis S, Gostner A, Melcher R, Wolf P, et al. Metabolic effects of replacing sucrose by isomaltulose in subjects with type 2 diabetes: a randomized double-blind trial. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2012;35:1249-51.	Other reason (12 weeks)
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Burch E, et al. Dietary intake by food group of individuals with type 2 diabetes mellitus: A systematic review. <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract</i> 2018;137:160-172.	
Burch E, Williams LT, Makepeace H, Alston-Knox C, Ball L. How Does Diet Change with A Diagnosis of Diabetes? Protocol of the 3D Longitudinal Study. <i>Nutrients</i> 2019;11:12.	Not relevant study design
Bynoe K, Unwin N, Taylor C, Murphy MM, Bartholomew L, Greenidge A, et al. Inducing remission of Type 2 diabetes in the Caribbean: findings from a mixed methods feasibility study of a low-calorie liquid diet-based intervention in Barbados. <i>Diabet Med</i> 2019;31:31.	Not relevant study design
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Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Cai X, et al. Effect of high dietary fiber low glycemic index diet on intestinal flora, blood glucose and inflammatory response in T2DM patients. <i>Biomedical Research (India)</i> 2017;28:9371-9375.	Not relevant study design
Calleja Fernandez A, Vidal Casariego A, Cano Rodriguez I, Ballesteros Pomar MD. One-year effectiveness of two hypocaloric diets with different protein/carbohydrate ratios in weight loss and insulin resistance. <i>Nutr Hosp</i> 2012;27:2093-101.	Not relevant language
Campbell EM, et al. The relative effectiveness of educational and behavioral instruction programs for patients with NIDDM: a randomized trial. <i>Diabetes Educ</i> 1996;22:379-86.	Not relevant Intervention
Campos-Nonato I, Hernandez L, Barquera S. Effect of a High-Protein Diet versus Standard-Protein Diet on Weight Loss and Biomarkers of Metabolic Syndrome: A Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>Obes Facts</i> 2017;10:238-251.	Not relevant population
Camps SG, Verhoef SP, Westerterp KR. Physical activity and weight loss are independent predictors of improved insulin sensitivity following energy restriction. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> 2016;24:291-6.	Not relevant population
Cano-Ibanez N, Bueno-Cavanillas A, Martinez-Gonzalez MA, Salas-Salvado J, Corella D, Freixer GL, et al. Effect of changes in adherence to Mediterranean diet on nutrient density after 1-year of follow-up: results from the PREDIMED-Plus Study. <i>Eur J Nutr</i> 2019.	Not relevant study design
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Chaiyakhote J, Somwang S, Hathaidechadusadee A, Areevut C, Saetung S, Saibuathong N, et al. Effects of Carbohydrate counting on glycemic control in type 1 diabetes patients: Clinical experience in Thailand. <i>Journal of the Medical Association of Thailand</i> 2017;100:856-863.	Not relevant study design
Chao AM, Wadden TA, Tronieri JS, Berkowitz RI. Alcohol Intake and Weight Loss During Intensive Lifestyle Intervention for Adults with Overweight or Obesity and Diabetes. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> 2019;27:30-40.	Not relevant index test
Chapman A, Browning CJ, Enticott JC, Yang H, Liu S, Zhang T, et al. Effect of a Health Coach Intervention for the Management of Individuals With Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in China: A Pragmatic Cluster Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Front Public Health</i> 2018;6:252.	Not relevant index test
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Chee WSS, Gilcharan Singh HK, Hamdy O, Mechanick JI, Lee VKM, Barua A, et al. Structured lifestyle intervention based on a trans-cultural diabetes-specific nutrition algorithm (tDNA) in individuals with type 2 diabetes: a randomized controlled trial. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Res Care</i> . 2017;5(1):e000384.	Not relevant Intervention
Chen X, de Seymour JV, Han TL, Xia Y, Chen C, Zhang T, et al. Metabolomic biomarkers and novel dietary factors associated with gestational diabetes in China. <i>Metabolomics</i> 2018;14:149.	Not relevant index test
Chen Y, et al. [Effect of lifestyle interventions on reduction of cardiovascular disease events and its mortality in pre-diabetic patients: long-term follow-up of Da Qing Diabetes Prevention Study]. <i>Zhonghua Nei Ke Za Zhi</i> 2015;54:13-7.	Not relevant language
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Chen Z, et al. Associations of specific dietary protein with longitudinal insulin resistance, prediabetes and type 2 diabetes: The Rotterdam Study. <i>Clin Nutr</i> 2020;39:242-249.	Not relevant population

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Chen Z, et al. Plant versus animal based diets and insulin resistance, prediabetes and type 2 diabetes: the Rotterdam Study. <i>Eur J Epidemiol</i> 2018;33:883-893.	Not relevant population
Chen Z, Watanabe RM, Stram DO, Buchanan TA, Xiang AH. High calorie intake is associated with worsening insulin resistance and beta-cell function in Hispanic women after gestational diabetes mellitus. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2014;37:3294-300.	Not relevant study design
Cheung LTF, Chan RSM, Ko GTC, Lau ESH, Chow FCC, Kong APS. Diet quality is inversely associated with obesity in Chinese adults with type 2 diabetes. <i>Nutr J</i> 2018;17:63.	Not relevant study design
Chiavaroli L, Mirrahimi A, Ireland C, Mitchell S, Sahye-Pudaruth S, Coveney J, et al. Cross-sectional associations between dietary intake and carotid intima media thickness in type 2 diabetes: baseline data from a randomised trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> 2017;7:e015026.	Not relevant study design
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Chong S, et al. Lifestyle Changes After a Diagnosis of Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Diabetes Spectr</i> 2017;30:43-50.	Not relevant intervention
Choo VL, et al. Food sources of fructose-containing sugars and glycaemic control: systematic review and meta-analysis of controlled intervention studies. <i>BMJ</i> 2018;363:k4644.	Not relevant study design
Christensen AS, Viggers L, Hasselstrom K, Gregersen S. Effect of fruit restriction on glycemic control in patients with type 2 diabetes--a randomized trial. <i>Nutr J</i> 2013;12:29.	Twelve weeks study
Churuangsuk C, Lean MEJ, Combet E. Lower carbohydrate and higher fat intakes are associated with higher hemoglobin A1c: findings from the UK National Diet and Nutrition Survey 2008-2016. <i>Eur J Nutr</i> 2019.	Not relevant study design
Clifton P. Nutrition in people with poorly controlled type 2 diabetes. <i>BMJ</i> 2010;341:c3393.	Not relevant study design
Clifton PM, Keogh JB. Salt Restriction in Diabetes. <i>Curr Diab Rep</i> 2015;15:58.	Not relevant study design
Clower W, Pifalo B. A lifestyle approach for the control of diabetic hyperglycemia. <i>Journal of Managed Care Medicine</i> 2013;16:55-60.	Not relevant study design
Coe S, Ryan L. Impact of polyphenol-rich sources on acute postprandial glycaemia: a systematic review. <i>J Nutr Sci</i> 2016;5:e24.	Not relevant population

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Coelho OGL, da Silva BP, Rocha D, Lopes LL, Alfenas RCG. Polyunsaturated fatty acids and type 2 diabetes: Impact on the glycemic control mechanism. <i>Crit Rev Food Sci Nutr</i> 2017;57:3614-3619.	Not relevant study design
Cohen AE, Johnston CS. Almond ingestion at mealtime reduces postprandial glycemia and chronic ingestion reduces hemoglobin A(1c) in individuals with well-controlled type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Metabolism</i> 2011;60:1312-7.	Other reason
Coleman CD, Kiel JR, Mitola AH, Arterburn LM. Comparative effectiveness of a portion-controlled meal replacement program for weight loss in adults with and without diabetes/high blood sugar. <i>Nutr Diabetes</i> 2017;7:e284.	Not relevant study design
Coles LT, et al. Patient freedom to choose a weight loss diet in the treatment of overweight and obesity: a randomized dietary intervention in type 2 diabetes and pre-diabetes. <i>Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act</i> 2014;11:64.	Other reason
Comerford KB, Pasin G. Emerging Evidence for the Importance of Dietary Protein Source on Glucoregulatory Markers and Type 2 Diabetes: Different Effects of Dairy, Meat, Fish, Egg, and Plant Protein Foods. <i>Nutrients</i> 2016;8:23.	Not relevant study design
Control G, Turnbull FM, Abraira C, Anderson RJ, Byington RP, Chalmers JP, et al. Intensive glucose control and macrovascular outcomes in type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetologia</i> 2009;52:2288-98.	Other reason
Cooper AJ, et al. Fruit and vegetable intake and type 2 diabetes: EPIC-InterAct prospective study and meta-analysis. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> 2012;66:1082-92.	Not relevant population
Coppell KJ, et al. Nutritional intervention in patients with type 2 diabetes who are hyperglycaemic despite optimised drug treatment- -Lifestyle Over and Above Drugs in Diabetes (LOADD) study: randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ</i> 2010;341:c3337.	Not relevant population. Studies different intensities, not different diets
Corbett Jr EC. In newly diagnosed type 2 diabetes mellitus, a Mediterranean diet (vs a low-fat diet) delayed start of glucose-lowering drugs. <i>ACP Journal Club</i> 2014;161:1-1.	Not relevant study design
Corella D, Carrasco P, Sorli JV, Estruch R, Rico-Sanz J, Martinez-Gonzalez MA, et al. Mediterranean diet reduces the adverse effect of the TCF7L2-rs7903146 polymorphism on cardiovascular risk factors and stroke incidence: a randomized controlled trial in a high-cardiovascular-risk population. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2013;36:3803-11.	Not relevant outcome
Cornelis MC. Coffee and type 2 diabetes: time to consider alternative mechanisms? <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2020;111:248-249.	Not relevant study design
Cosentino F, Grant PJ, Aboyans V, Bailey CJ, Ceriello A, Delgado V, et al. 2019 ESC Guidelines on diabetes, pre-diabetes, and cardiovascular diseases developed in collaboration with the EASD. <i>Eur Heart J</i> 2020;41:255-323.	Not relevant study design

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Costa ES, Franca CN, Fonseca FAH, Kato JT, Bianco HT, Freitas TT, et al. Beneficial effects of green banana biomass consumption in patients with pre-diabetes and type 2 diabetes: a randomised controlled trial. <i>Br J Nutr</i> 2019;121:1365-1375.	Not relevant index test
Costacou T, et al. Dietary Patterns Over Time and Microalbuminuria in Youth and Young Adults With Type 1 Diabetes: The SEARCH Nutrition Ancillary Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2018;41:1615-1622.	Not relevant outcome
Cox DJ, Taylor AG, Singh H, Moncrief M, Diamond A, Yancy WS, Jr., et al. Glycemic load, exercise, and monitoring blood glucose (GEM): A paradigm shift in the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract</i> . 2016;111:28-35.	Less than 20 per arm (n=21/18) Control poorly defined n<20. n<20 in one arm after accessing eligibility (I=21/C=18)
Craig J. Meal Replacement Shakes and Nutrition Bars: Do They Help Individuals With Diabetes Lose Weight? <i>Diabetes Spectrum</i> 2013;26:179-182.	Not relevant study design
Craven K, Haven K, Kolasa KM. What to Do When Doctors Disagree on Diets for Women With Gestational Diabetes. <i>Nutrition Today</i> 2018;53:132-141.	Not relevant study design
Dąbrowski M, Pawluś D. Association of food choices during pregnancy with gestational diabetes mellitus. <i>Clinical Diabetology</i> 2017;6:131-135.	Not relevant study design
Daher MI, Matta JM, Abdel Nour AM. Non-nutritive sweeteners and type 2 diabetes: Should we ring the bell? <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract</i> 2019;155:107786.	Not relevant study design
Dans AL, Florete O, Paz E, Tamesis B, Anonuevo J, Zarcilla F, et al. The efficacy, safety, and acceptability of high-fiber rice-bran diet (darak) in the control of diabetes mellitus. <i>Phillippine Journal of Internal Medicine</i> . 2013;51(2).	Not relevant language
D'Arcy E, et al. The Role of Diet in the Prevention of Diabetes among Women with Prior Gestational Diabetes: A Systematic Review of Intervention and Observational Studies. <i>J Acad Nutr Diet</i> 2020;120:69-85 e7.	Not relevant study design
Dasgupta K, et al. Effects of meal preparation training on body weight, glycemia, and blood pressure: results of a phase 2 trial in type 2 diabetes. <i>Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act</i> 2012;9:125.	Not an RCT
Davis JN, Shearrer GE, Tao W, Hurston SR, Gunderson EP. Dietary variables associated with substantial postpartum weight retention at 1-year among women with GDM pregnancy. <i>BMC Obes</i> 2017;4:31.	Not relevant study design
Davis N, et al. Role of obesity and lifestyle interventions in the prevention and management of type 2 diabetes. <i>Minerva Med</i> 2009;100:221-8.	Not relevant study design Narrative review
Davis N, Forbes B, Wylie-Rosett J. Nutritional strategies in type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Mt Sinai J Med</i> 2009;76:257-68.	Not relevant study design

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Davis NJ, Crandall JP, Gajavelli S, Berman JW, Tomuta N, Wylie-Rosett J, et al. Differential effects of low-carbohydrate and low-fat diets on inflammation and endothelial function in diabetes. <i>J Diabetes Complications</i> . 2011;25(6):371-6.	outcome not relevant for this evaluation
Davison KA, Negrato CA, Cobas R, Matheus A, Tannus L, Palma CS, et al. Relationship between adherence to diet, glycemic control and cardiovascular risk factors in patients with type 1 diabetes: a nationwide survey in Brazil. <i>Nutr J</i> 2014;13:19.	Not relevant study design
Davison KM, Temple NJ. Cereal fiber, fruit fiber, and type 2 diabetes: Explaining the paradox. <i>J Diabetes Complications</i> 2018;32:240-245.	Not relevant study design
de la Iglesia R, Lopez-Legarrea P, Abete I, Bondia-Pons I, Navas-Carretero S, Forga L, et al. A new dietary strategy for long-term treatment of the metabolic syndrome is compared with the American Heart Association (AHA) guidelines: the METabolic Syndrome REDuction in NAVarra (RESMENA) project. <i>Br J Nutr</i> 2014;111:643-52.	Not relevant population
de la Torre NG, Assaf-Balut C, Jimenez Varas I, Del Valle L, Duran A, Fuentes M, et al. Effectiveness of Following Mediterranean Diet Recommendations in the Real World in the Incidence of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus (GDM) and Adverse Maternal-Foetal Outcomes: A Prospective, Universal, Interventional Study with a Single Group. <i>The St Carlos Study. Nutrients</i> 2019;11:28.	Not relevant population
de Oliveira Guilherme A, Sonia Silva M, Hellen Emília P, Aline Gabriela Bega R, Ivi Ribeiro B, Evelin Matilde Arcain N, et al. Educational intervention in men with diabetes mellitus: effects on behavior and anthropometric profile. <i>Acta Paulista de Enfermagem</i> . 2020;33(2):1-10.	Not relevant index test
de Paula TP, Steemburgo T, de Almeida JC, Dall'Alba V, Gross JL, de Azevedo MJ. The role of Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension (DASH) diet food groups in blood pressure in type 2 diabetes. <i>Br J Nutr</i> 2012;108:155-62.	Not relevant study design
de Seymour J, Chia A, Colega M, Jones B, McKenzie E, Shirong C, et al. Maternal Dietary Patterns and Gestational Diabetes Mellitus in a Multi-Ethnic Asian Cohort: The GUSTO Study. <i>Nutrients</i> 2016;8:20.	Not relevant study design
Dehghan M, Mente A, Teo KK, Gao P, Sleight P, Dagenais G, et al. Relationship between healthy diet and risk of cardiovascular disease among patients on drug therapies for secondary prevention: a prospective cohort study of 31 546 high-risk individuals from 40 countries. <i>Circulation</i> 2012;126:2705-12.	Not relevant study design
Delahanty LM, et al. Improving diabetes outcomes through lifestyle change--A randomized controlled trial. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> 2015;23:1792-9.	Intervention/control same treatment but group versus individually (not following our PICO)

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
den Biggelaar L, Sep SJS, Mari A, Ferrannini E, van Dongen M, Wijckmans NEG, et al. Association of artificially sweetened and sugar-sweetened soft drinks with beta-cell function, insulin sensitivity, and type 2 diabetes: the Maastricht Study. <i>Eur J Nutr</i> 2019;5:05.	Not relevant study design
D'Eramo-Melkus GA, et al. Metabolic impact of education in NIDDM. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 1992;15:864-9.	Not relevant intervention
Devore EE, Stampfer MJ, Breteler MM, Rosner B, Kang JH, Okereke O, et al. Dietary fat intake and cognitive decline in women with type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2009;32:635-40.	Not relevant outcome
DeVries JH, Bailey TS, Bhargava A, Gerety G, Gumprecht J, Heller S, et al. Day-to-day fasting self-monitored blood glucose variability is associated with risk of hypoglycaemia in insulin-treated patients with type 1 and type 2 diabetes: A post hoc analysis of the SWITCH Trials. <i>Diabetes Obes Metab</i> 2019;21:622-630.	Not relevant index test
Dewar L, Heuberger R. The effect of acute caffeine intake on insulin sensitivity and glycemic control in people with diabetes. <i>Diabetes Metab Syndr</i> 2017;11:S631-S635.	Not relevant study design
Di Daniele N, Petramala L, Di Renzo L, Sarlo F, Della Rocca DG, Rizzo M, et al. Body composition changes and cardiometabolic benefits of a balanced Italian Mediterranean Diet in obese patients with metabolic syndrome. <i>Acta Diabetol</i> 2013;50:409-16.	Not relevant population
Di Onofrio V, Galle F, Di Dio M, Belfiore P, Liguori G. Effects of nutrition motivational intervention in patients affected by type 2 diabetes mellitus: a longitudinal study in Naples, South Italy. <i>BMC Public Health</i> 2018;18:1181.	Not relevant index test
Diaf M, Khaled BM. Metabolic profile, nutritional status and determinants of glycaemic control in Algerian type 2 diabetic patients. <i>Kuwait Medical Journal</i> 2017;49:135-141.	Not relevant study design
Diem P, Deplazes M, Fajfr R, Bearth A, Muller B, Christ ER, et al. Effects of alcohol consumption on mortality in patients with Type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Diabetologia</i> . 2003;46(11):1581-5.	Alcohol consumption
Diez-Espino J, Buil-Cosiales P, Serrano-Martinez M, Toledo E, Salas-Salvado J, Martinez-Gonzalez MA. Adherence to the Mediterranean diet in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus and HbA1c level. <i>Ann Nutr Metab</i> 2011;58:74-8.	Not relevant study design
Direktor S, Ozer E. Evaluating dietary quality in diabetes by the Healthy Eating Index. <i>Asia Pac J Clin Nutr</i> 2013;22:620-5.	Not relevant study design
Dobson R, Whittaker R, Jiang Y, Maddison R, Shepherd M, McNamara C, et al. Effectiveness of text message based, diabetes self management support programme (SMS4BG): two arm, parallel randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ</i> 2018;361:k1959.	Not relevant index test
Dorsey R, Songer T, Dorsey R, Songer T. Lifestyle behaviors and physician advice for change among overweight and obese adults with prediabetes and diabetes in the United States, 2006. <i>Preventing Chronic Disease</i> 2011;8:A132-A132.	Not relevant study design

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Drehmer M, Odegaard AO, Schmidt MI, Duncan BB, Cardoso LO, Matos SMA, et al. Brazilian dietary patterns and the dietary approaches to stop hypertension (DASH) diet-relationship with metabolic syndrome and newly diagnosed diabetes in the ELSA-Brasil study. <i>Diabetol Metab Syndr</i> 2017;9:13.	Not relevant study design
Du H, Li L, Bennett D, Guo Y, Turnbull I, Yang L, et al. Fresh fruit consumption in relation to incident diabetes and diabetic vascular complications: A 7-y prospective study of 0.5 million Chinese adults. <i>PLoS Med</i> 2017;14:e1002279.	Not relevant population
Du HY, et al. Association of Dietary Pattern during Pregnancy and Gestational Diabetes Mellitus: A Prospective Cohort Study in Northern China. <i>Biomed Environ Sci</i> 2017;30:887-897.	Not relevant population
Due A, Larsen TM, Mu H, Hermansen K, Stender S, Toubro S, et al. The effect of three different ad libitum diets for weight loss maintenance: a randomized 18-month trial. <i>Eur J Nutr</i> 2017;56:727-738.	Not relevant population
Duijzer G, Haveman-Nies A, Jansen SC, Beek JT, van Bruggen R, Willink MGJ, et al. Effect and maintenance of the SLIMMER diabetes prevention lifestyle intervention in Dutch primary healthcare: a randomised controlled trial. <i>Nutr Diabetes</i> 2017;7:e268.	Not relevant population
Dullaart RP, Beusekamp BJ, Meijer S, van Doormaal JJ, Sluiter WJ. Long-term effects of protein-restricted diet on albuminuria and renal function in IDDM patients without clinical nephropathy and hypertension. 1993	Not relevant population
Dussol B, et al. A randomized trial of low-protein diet in type 1 and in type 2 diabetes mellitus patients with incipient and overt nephropathy. <i>J Ren Nutr</i> 2005;15:398-406.	Not relevant population
Dyson PA, Beatty S, Matthews DR. An assessment of low-carbohydrate or low-fat diets for weight loss at 2 year's follow-up. <i>Diabet Med</i> 2010;27:363-4.	Not relevant study design
Dyson PA. A Practical Guide to Delivering Nutritional Advice to People with Diabetes. <i>Diabetes Ther.</i> 2019;10(2):367-74.	Not relevant intervention
Eakin EG, et al. Living well with diabetes: 24-month outcomes from a randomized trial of telephone-delivered weight loss and physical activity intervention to improve glycemic control. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2014;37:2177-85.	Not relevant intervention
Eelderink C, Rietsema S, van Vliet IMY, Loef LC, Boer T, Koehorst M, et al. The effect of high compared with low dairy consumption on glucose metabolism, insulin sensitivity, and metabolic flexibility in overweight adults: a randomized crossover trial. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2019;109:1555-1568.	Not diabetes, six weeks
Ekinci EI, et al. High sodium and low potassium intake in patients with Type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabet Med</i> 2010;27:1401-8.	Not relevant index test

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Ellsworth DL, Costantino NS, Blackburn HL, Engler RJ, Kashani M, Vernalis MN. Lifestyle modification interventions differing in intensity and dietary stringency improve insulin resistance through changes in lipoprotein profiles. <i>Obes Sci Pract</i> 2016;2:282-292.	Not relevant study design
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Elvebakk T, et al. Dietary Intakes and Dietary Quality during Pregnancy in Women with and without Gestational Diabetes Mellitus-A Norwegian Longitudinal Study. <i>Nutrients</i> 2018;10:20.	Nested case-control study
Emami MR, Khorshidi M, Zarezadeh M, Safabakhsh M, Rezagholizadeh F, Alizadeh S. Acute effects of caffeine ingestion on glycemic indices: A systematic review and meta-analysis of clinical trials. <i>Complement Ther Med</i> 2019;44:282-290.	Not relevant population
Embree GG, et al. Successful long-term weight loss among participants with diabetes receiving an intervention promoting an adapted Mediterranean-style dietary pattern: the Heart Healthy Lenoir Project. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Res Care</i> 2017;5:e000339.	No control-group, not a RCT
England CY, et al. Changes in reported food intake in adults with type 2 diabetes in response to a nonprescriptive dietary intervention. <i>J Hum Nutr Diet</i> 2014;27:311-21.	Regression analysis, not analyzed based on randomization, but on outcome
England CY, et al. Dietary changes and associations with metabolic improvements in adults with type 2 diabetes during a patient-centred dietary intervention: an exploratory analysis. <i>BMJ Open</i> 2014;4:e004953.	Regression analysis, not analyzed based on randomization, but on outcome
Ericson U, Sonestedt E, Gullberg B, Hellstrand S, Hindy G, Wirfalt E, et al. High intakes of protein and processed meat associate with increased incidence of type 2 diabetes. <i>Br J Nutr</i> 2013;109:1143-53.	Not relevant population
Eriksen R, Gibson R, Lamb K, McMeel Y, Vergnaud AC, Spear J, et al. Nutrient profiling and adherence to components of the UK national dietary guidelines association with metabolic risk factors for CVD and diabetes: Airwave Health Monitoring Study. <i>Br J Nutr</i> 2018;119:695-705.	Not relevant study design
Espeland MA, et al. Impact of an intensive lifestyle intervention on use and cost of medical services among overweight and obese adults with type 2 diabetes: the action for health in diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2014;37:2548-56.	It is not diets that are compared without different intensities and layouts
Espeland MA, et al. Intensive weight loss intervention in older individuals: results from the Action for Health in Diabetes Type 2 diabetes mellitus trial. <i>J Am Geriatr Soc</i> 2013;61:912-22.	Not relevant population
Esposito K, Maiorino MI, Di Palo C, Giugliano D, Campanian Postprandial Hyperglycemia Study G. Adherence to a Mediterranean diet and glycaemic control in Type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Diabet Med</i> 2009;26:900-7.	Not relevant study design

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Evans RA, et al. Fructose replacement of glucose or sucrose in food or beverages lowers postprandial glucose and insulin without raising triglycerides: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2017;106:506-518.	Not relevant index test
Fabricatore AN, Wadden TA, Ebbeling CB, Thomas JG, Stallings VA, Schwartz S, et al. Targeting dietary fat or glycemic load in the treatment of obesity and type 2 diabetes: a randomized controlled trial. <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract</i> . 2011;92(1):37-45.	Not relevant intervention
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Farabi SS, Hernandez TL. Low-Carbohydrate Diets for Gestational Diabetes. <i>Nutrients</i> 2019;11:27.	Not relevant study design
Farres J, Pujol A, Coma M, Ruiz JL, Naval J, Mas JM, et al. Revealing the molecular relationship between type 2 diabetes and the metabolic changes induced by a very-low-carbohydrate low-fat ketogenic diet. <i>Nutr Metab (Lond)</i> 2010;7:88.	Not relevant study design
Farvid MS, Homayouni F, Shokoohi M, Fallah A, Farvid MS. Glycemic index, glycemic load and their association with glycemic control among patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> 2014;68:459-63.	Not relevant study design
Fazel-Sarjoui Z, et al. Complications in neonates of mothers with gestational diabetes mellitus receiving insulin therapy versus dietary regimen. <i>Int J Reprod Biomed (Yazd)</i> 2016;14:275-8.	Food compared to insulin
Feinman RD. Fad diets in the treatment of diabetes. <i>Curr Diab Rep</i> 2011;11:128-35.	Not relevant study design
Fernandez MA, Marette A. Novel perspectives on fermented milks and cardiometabolic health with a focus on type 2 diabetes. <i>Nutr Rev</i> 2018;76:16-28.	Not relevant study design
Fernemark H, Jaredsson C, Bunjaku B, Rosenqvist U, Nystrom FH, Guldbrand H. A randomized cross-over trial of the postprandial effects of three different diets in patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>PLoS One</i> 2013;8:e79324.	Length of study only one day
Ferrara A, Hedderson MM, Albright CL, Brown SD, Ehrlich SF, Caan BJ, et al. A pragmatic cluster randomized clinical trial of diabetes prevention strategies for women with gestational diabetes: design and rationale of the Gestational Diabetes' Effects on Moms (GEM) study. <i>BMC Pregnancy Childbirth</i> 2014;14:21.	Not relevant study design
Feskens EJ, Sluik D, van Woudenberg GJ. Meat consumption, diabetes, and its complications. <i>Curr Diab Rep</i> 2013;13:298-306.	Not relevant population
Filardi T, Panimolle F, Crescioli C, Lenzi A, Morano S. Gestational Diabetes Mellitus: The Impact of Carbohydrate Quality in Diet. <i>Nutrients</i> 2019;11:1549-1549.	Not relevant study design

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Flechtner-Mors M, Boehm BO, Wittmann R, Thoma U, Ditschuneit HH. Enhanced weight loss with protein-enriched meal replacements in subjects with the metabolic syndrome. <i>Diabetes Metab Res Rev</i> 2010;26:393-405.	Not relevant population
Fontes-Villalba M, Lindeberg S, Granfeldt Y, Knop FK, Memon AA, Carrera-Bastos P, et al. Palaeolithic diet decreases fasting plasma leptin concentrations more than a diabetes diet in patients with type 2 diabetes: a randomised cross-over trial. <i>Cardiovasc Diabetol</i> 2016;15:80.	Too few participants
Forlani G, Lorusso C, Moscatiello S, Ridolfi V, Melchionda N, Di Domizio S, et al. Are behavioural approaches feasible and effective in the treatment of type 2 diabetes? A propensity score analysis vs. prescriptive diet. <i>Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis</i> 2009;19:313-20.	Not relevant index test
Fortin A, Rabasa-Lhoret R, Lemieux S, Labonte ME, Gingras V. Comparison of a Mediterranean to a low-fat diet intervention in adults with type 1 diabetes and metabolic syndrome: A 6-month randomized trial. <i>Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis</i> . 2018;28(12):1275-84.	Too few participants in each arm (n= 14/14) n<20 per arm (I=14, C=14)
Foster GD, et al. The effects of a commercially available weight loss program among obese patients with type 2 diabetes: a randomized study. <i>Postgrad Med</i> 2009;121:113-8.	Follow-up 3 months
Foster GD, Wadden TA, Lagrotte CA, Vander Veur SS, Hesson LA, Homko CJ, et al. A randomized comparison of a commercially available portion-controlled weight-loss intervention with a diabetes self-management education program. <i>Nutr Diabetes</i> . 2013;3:e63.	Not relevant intervention
Franz MJ, Boucher JL, Evert AB. Evidence-based diabetes nutrition therapy recommendations are effective: the key is individualization. <i>Diabetes Metab Syndr Obes</i> 2014;7:65-72.	Not relevant study design
Franz MJ. Diabetes Nutrition Therapy: Effectiveness, Macronutrients, Eating Patterns and Weight Management. <i>Am J Med Sci</i> 2016;351:374-9.	Not relevant study design
Freedman DA, Choi SK, Hurley T, Anadu E, Hebert JR. A farmers' market at a federally qualified health center improves fruit and vegetable intake among low-income diabetics. <i>Prev Med</i> 2013;56:288-92.	Not relevant outcome
Fresan U, Gea A, Bes-Rastrollo M, Basterra-Gortari FJ, Carlos S, Martinez-Gonzalez MA. Substitution of water or fresh juice for bottled juice and type 2 diabetes incidence: The SUN cohort study. <i>Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis</i> 2017;27:874-880.	Not relevant population
Fu S, et al. Effectiveness of advanced carbohydrate counting in type 1 diabetes mellitus: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Sci Rep</i> 2016;6:37067.	Not relevant study design
Fuller NR, Sainsbury A, Caterson ID, Markovic TP. Egg Consumption and Human Cardio-Metabolic Health in People with and without Diabetes. <i>Nutrients</i> . 2015;7(9):7399-420.	Not relevant study design

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Fujii H, Iwase M, Ohkuma T, Ogata-Kaizu S, Ide H, Kikuchi Y, et al. Impact of dietary fiber intake on glycemic control, cardiovascular risk factors and chronic kidney disease in Japanese patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus: the Fukuoka Diabetes Registry. <i>Nutr J</i> 2013;12:159.	Not relevant study design
Fuller NR, Sainsbury A, Caterson ID, Denyer G, Fong M, Gerofi J, et al. Effect of a high-egg diet on cardiometabolic risk factors in people with type 2 diabetes: the Diabetes and Egg (DIABEGG) Study-randomized weight-loss and follow-up phase. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2018;107(6):921-31.	Not relevant population Effects not from baseline
Fuller NR, Sainsbury A, Caterson ID, Markovic TP. Egg Consumption and Human Cardio-Metabolic Health in People with and without Diabetes. <i>Nutrients</i> 2015;7:7399-420.	Not relevant study design
Gabel K, Kroeger CM, Trepanowski JF, Hoddy KK, Cienfuegos S, Kalam F, et al. Differential Effects of Alternate-Day Fasting Versus Daily Calorie Restriction on Insulin Resistance. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> 2019;27:1443-1450.	Not relevant population
Gabriel da Silva LB, Rosado EL, de Carvalho Padilha P, Dias JR, Moreira TM, de Paula TP, et al. Food intake of women with gestational diabetes mellitus, in accordance with two methods of dietary guidance: a randomised controlled clinical trial. <i>Br J Nutr</i> 2019;121:82-92.	Other reason
Gadgil MD, Ehrlich SF, Zhu Y, Brown SD, Hedderson MM, Crites Y, et al. Dietary Quality and Glycemic Control Among Women with Gestational Diabetes Mellitus. <i>J Womens Health (Larchmt)</i> 2019;28:178-184.	Not relevant study design
Gadowski AM, Nanayakkara N, Heritier S, Magliano DJ, Shaw JE, Curtis AJ, et al. Association between Dietary Intake and Lipid-Lowering Therapy: Prospective Analysis of Data from Australian Diabetes, Obesity, and Lifestyle Study (AusDiab) Using a Quantile Regression Approach. <i>Nutrients</i> 2019;11:09.	Not relevant index test
Gaede P, Oellgaard J, Carstensen B, Rossing P, Lund-Andersen H, Parving HH, et al. Years of life gained by multifactorial intervention in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus and microalbuminuria: 21 years follow-up on the Steno-2 randomised trial. <i>Diabetologia</i> 2016;59:2298-2307.	Not relevant study design
Gallagher D, Heshka S, Kelley DE, Thornton J, Boxt L, Pi-Sunyer FX, et al. Changes in adipose tissue depots and metabolic markers following a 1-year diet and exercise intervention in overweight and obese patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2014;37:3325-32.	Not relevant outcome
Gallagher D, Kelley DE, Thornton J, Boxt L, Pi-Sunyer X, Lipkin E, et al. Changes in skeletal muscle and organ size after a weight-loss intervention in overweight and obese type 2 diabetic patients. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2017;105:78-84.	Not relevant outcome

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Gamboa Moreno E, Mateo-Abad M, Ochoa de Retana Garcia L, Vrotsou K, Del Campo Pena E, Sanchez Perez A, et al. Efficacy of a self-management education programme on patients with type 2 diabetes in primary care: A randomised controlled trial. <i>Prim Care Diabetes</i> 2019;13:122-133.	Other reason
Gamiochipi M, Cruz M, Kumate J, Wachter NH, Group DS. Effect of an intensive metabolic control lifestyle intervention in type-2 diabetes patients. <i>Patient Educ Couns</i> 2016;99:1184-1189.	Not relevant index test
Ganesan S, Raman R, Kulothungan V, Sharma T. Influence of dietary-fibre intake on diabetes and diabetic retinopathy: Sankara Nethralaya-Diabetic Retinopathy Epidemiology and Molecular Genetic Study (report 26). <i>Clin Exp Ophthalmol</i> 2012;40:288-94.	Not relevant study design
Garcia-Lopez M, Toledo E, Beunza JJ, Aros F, Estruch R, Salas-Salvado J, et al. Mediterranean diet and heart rate: the PREDIMED randomised trial. <i>Int J Cardiol</i> 2014;171:299-301.	Not relevant study design
Garcia-Patterson A, Balsells M, Yamamoto JM, Kellett JE, Sola I, Gich I, et al. Usual dietary treatment of gestational diabetes mellitus assessed after control diet in randomized controlled trials: subanalysis of a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Acta Diabetol</i> 2019;56:237-240.	Not relevant study design
Geiker NRW, Larsen ML, Dyerberg J, Stender S, Astrup A. Egg consumption, cardiovascular diseases and type 2 diabetes. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> 2018;72:44-56.	Not relevant study design
Ghani RA, et al. The influence of fasting insulin level in post-gestational diabetes mellitus women receiving low-glycaemic-index diets. <i>Nutr Diabetes</i> 2014;4:e107.	Not relevant population
Gin H, Demeaux JL, Grelaud A, Grolleau A, Droz-Perroteau C, Robinson P, et al. Observation of the long-term effects of lifestyle intervention during balneotherapy in metabolic syndrome. <i>Therapie</i> 2013;68:163-7.	Not relevant study design
Giorgini M, Vitale M, Bozzetto L, Ciano O, Giacco A, Riviaccio A, et al. Micronutrient Intake in a Cohort of Italian Adults with Type 1 Diabetes: Adherence to Dietary Recommendations. <i>J Diabetes Res</i> 2017;2017:2682319.	Not relevant study design
Giovanni S, et al. Mediterranean Diet and Red Yeast Rice Supplementation for the Management of Hyperlipidemia in Statin-Intolerant Patients with or without Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Evidence-based Complementary & Alternative Medicine (eCAM)</i> 2013;2013:1-7.	Not relevant, Supplementation
Glasgow RE, et al. Long-term effects and costs of brief behavioural dietary intervention for patients with diabetes delivered from the medical office. <i>Patient Educ Couns</i> 1997;32:175-84.	Not relevant outcome. Focus on effect of computerized health risk appraisal system, rather than effect of diet
Goel A. In type 2 diabetes, a primary care-led weight management program increased weight loss and diabetes remission at 2 years. <i>Ann Intern Med</i> 2019;171:JC17.	Not relevant study design

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Goel A. Intensive weight management in primary care improved weight loss and remission of type 2 diabetes. <i>Ann Intern Med</i> 2018;168:JC30.	Not relevant study design
Golan R, Shelef I, Shemesh E, Henkin Y, Schwarzfuchs D, Gepner Y, et al. Effects of initiating moderate wine intake on abdominal adipose tissue in adults with type 2 diabetes: a 2-year randomized controlled trial. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> 2017;20:549-555.	Not relevant index test
Golan R, Tirosh A, Schwarzfuchs D, Harman-Boehm I, Thiery J, Fiedler GM, et al. Dietary intervention induces flow of changes within biomarkers of lipids, inflammation, liver enzymes, and glycemic control. <i>Nutrition</i> 2012;28:131-7.	Not relevant index test
Goldenberg JZ, Day A, Brinkworth GD, Sato J, Yamada S, Jönsson T, et al. Efficacy and safety of low and very low carbohydrate diets for type 2 diabetes remission: systematic review and meta-analysis of published and unpublished randomized trial data. <i>BMJ</i> . 2021;372:m4743.	Not relevant study design
Gomez-Huelgas R, Jansen-Chaparro S, Baca-Osorio AJ, Mancera-Romero J, Tinahones FJ, Bernal-Lopez MR. Effects of a long-term lifestyle intervention program with Mediterranean diet and exercise for the management of patients with metabolic syndrome in a primary care setting. <i>Eur J Intern Med</i> 2015;26:317-23.	Not relevant population
Gomez-Marin B, Gomez-Delgado F, Lopez-Moreno J, Alcalá-Díaz JF, Jimenez-Lucena R, Torres-Pena JD, et al. Long-term consumption of a Mediterranean diet improves postprandial lipemia in patients with type 2 diabetes: the Cordioprev randomized trial. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2018;108(5):963-70	Not relevant outcome
Gore B, Okeiyi EC. Assessing the Effectiveness of Diabetes Self-Management Education on Improving Diabetes Outcomes. <i>Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics</i> 2013;113:A76-A76.	Not relevant study design
Gosmanov AR, Umpierrez GE. Medical nutrition therapy in hospitalized patients with diabetes. <i>Curr Diab Rep</i> 2012;12:93-100.	Not relevant study design
Goyenechea E, Holst C, van Baak MA, Saris WH, Jebb S, Kafatos A, et al. Effects of different protein content and glycaemic index of ad libitum diets on diabetes risk factors in overweight adults: the DIOGenes multicentre, randomized, dietary intervention trial. <i>Diabetes Metab Res Rev</i> 2011;27:705-16.	Not relevant population
Granado-Casas M, Alcubierre N, Martin M, Real J, Ramirez-Morros AM, Cuadrado M, et al. Improved adherence to Mediterranean Diet in adults with type 1 diabetes mellitus. <i>Eur J Nutr</i> 2019;58:2271-2279.	Not relevant study design
Granado-Casas M, Martin M, Martinez-Alonso M, Alcubierre N, Hernandez M, Alonso N, et al. The Mediterranean Diet is Associated with an Improved Quality of Life in Adults with Type 1 Diabetes. <i>Nutrients</i> 2020;12:131.	Not relevant study design

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Granado-Casas M, Ramirez-Morros A, Martin M, Real J, Alonso N, Valdeperas X, et al. Type 1 Diabetic Subjects with Diabetic Retinopathy Show an Unfavorable Pattern of Fat Intake. <i>Nutrients</i> 2018;10:29.	Not relevant study design
Grant SM, Wolever TM, O'Connor DL, Nisenbaum R, Josse RG. Effect of a low glycaemic index diet on blood glucose in women with gestational hyperglycaemia. <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract.</i> 2011;91(1):15-22	Not relevant population, not entirely GDM Ca 35% of women have IGT, the others had GDM.
Grimaldi M, Ciano O, Manzo M, Rispoli M, Guglielmi M, Limardi A, et al. Intensive dietary intervention promoting the Mediterranean diet in people with high cardiometabolic risk: a non-randomized study. <i>Acta Diabetol</i> 2018;55:219-226.	Not relevant population
Gu J, Jing L, Ma X, Zhang Z, Xu M, Wang J, et al. Naked oat combined with a structured dietary intervention affects oxidative stress but not inflammation in diabetic dyslipidemia. <i>Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis</i> 2014;24:e35-7.	Not relevant study design
Guasch-Ferre M, Santos JL, Martinez-Gonzalez MA, Clish CB, Razquin C, Wang D, et al. Glycolysis/gluconeogenesis- and tricarboxylic acid cycle-related metabolites, Mediterranean diet, and type 2 diabetes. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2020;14:14.	Not relevant population
Gulati S, Misra A, Nanda K, Pandey RM, Garg V, Ganguly S, et al. Efficacy and tolerance of a diabetes specific formula in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus: An open label, randomized, crossover study. <i>Diabetes Metab Syndr</i> 2015;9:252-7.	Not relevant study design
Gulati S, Misra A, Pandey RM, Bhatt SP, Saluja S. Effects of pistachio nuts on body composition, metabolic, inflammatory and oxidative stress parameters in Asian Indians with metabolic syndrome: a 24-wk, randomized control trial. <i>Nutrition</i> 2014;30:192-7.	Not relevant population
Gulati S, Misra A, Pandey RM. Effect of Almond Supplementation on Glycemia and Cardiovascular Risk Factors in Asian Indians in North India with Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: A 24-Week Study. <i>Metab Syndr Relat Disord</i> 2017;15:98-105.	Not relevant study design
Gulati S, Misra A. Abdominal obesity and type 2 diabetes in Asian Indians: dietary strategies including edible oils, cooking practices and sugar intake. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> 2017;71:850-857.	Not relevant study design
Gulliford MC, Bhattarai N, Charlton J, Rudisill C. Cost-effectiveness of a universal strategy of brief dietary intervention for primary prevention in primary care: population-based cohort study and Markov model. <i>Cost Eff Resour Alloc</i> 2014;12:4.	Not relevant index test
Gummesson A, Nyman E, Knutsson M, Karpfors M. Effect of weight reduction on glycated haemoglobin in weight loss trials in patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Obes Metab</i> 2017;19:1295-1305.	Other reason
Gunn D, Mansell P. Glycaemic control and weight 7 years after Dose Adjustment For Normal Eating (DAFNE) structured education in Type 1 diabetes. <i>Diabet Med</i> 2012;29:807-12.	Other reason

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Guo J, et al. Association between egg consumption and cardiovascular disease events, diabetes and all-cause mortality. <i>Eur J Nutr</i> 2018;57:2943-2952.	No analysis and mixed groups
Gupta SS, Teede H, Aroni R. Spicing up your advice for South Asian and Anglo-Australians with type 2 diabetes and CVD: Do cultural constructions of diet matter? <i>Appetite</i> 2018;120:679-697.	Other reason
Gutierrez-Mariscal FM, Cardelo MP, de la Cruz S, Alcalá-Díaz JF, Roncero-Ramos I, Guler I, et al. Reduction in Circulating Advanced Glycation End Products by Mediterranean Diet Is Associated with Increased Likelihood of Type 2 Diabetes Remission in Patients with Coronary Heart Disease: From the Cordioprev Study. <i>Mol Nutr Food Res</i> . 2021;65(1):e1901290.	Not relevant outcome
Ha K, Joung H, Song Y. Inadequate fat or carbohydrate intake was associated with an increased incidence of type 2 diabetes mellitus in Korean adults: A 12-year community-based prospective cohort study. <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract</i> 2019;148:254-261.	Not relevant population
Ha V, Vigliouk E, Kendall CWC, Balachandran B, Jenkins DJA, Kavsak PA, et al. Effect of a low glycemic index diet versus a high-cereal fibre diet on markers of subclinical cardiac injury in healthy individuals with type 2 diabetes mellitus: An exploratory analysis of a randomized dietary trial. <i>Clin Biochem</i> 2017;50:1104-1109.	Not relevant outcome
Haimoto H, Sasakabe T, Kawamura T, Umegaki H, Komeda M, Wakai K. Three-graded stratification of carbohydrate restriction by level of baseline hemoglobin A1c for type 2 diabetes patients with a moderate low-carbohydrate diet. <i>Nutr Metab (Lond)</i> 2014;11:33.	Not relevant study design
Haimoto H, Sasakabe T, Umegaki H, Wakai K. Acute metabolic responses to a high-carbohydrate meal in outpatients with type 2 diabetes treated with a low-carbohydrate diet: a crossover meal tolerance study. <i>Nutr Metab (Lond)</i> 2009;6:52.	Not relevant study design
Haimoto H, Sasakabe T, Wakai K, Umegaki H. Effects of a low-carbohydrate diet on glycemic control in outpatients with severe type 2 diabetes. <i>Nutr Metab (Lond)</i> 2009;6:21.	Not relevant study design
Hajifaraji M, Najjar Safari S, Rezvani V, Rashidkhani B, Maddah M. Comparison study between the effect of oat and barley breads on serum glucose and lipid profiles in dyslipidemic and type 2 diabetic subjects: a short-term trial. <i>Mediterranean Journal of Nutrition and Metabolism</i> 2012;5:247-252.	Not relevant study design
Hakola L, Miettinen ME, Syrjala E, Akerlund M, Takkinen HM, Korhonen TE, et al. Association of Cereal, Gluten, and Dietary Fiber Intake With Islet Autoimmunity and Type 1 Diabetes. <i>JAMA Pediatr</i> 2019;12:12.	Not relevant population
Hallberg SJ, McKenzie AL, Williams PT, Bhanpuri NH, Peters AL, Campbell WW, et al. Effectiveness and Safety of a Novel Care Model for the Management of Type 2 Diabetes at 1 Year: An Open-Label, Non-Randomized, Controlled Study. <i>Diabetes Ther</i> 2018;9:583-612.	Other reason

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Hamdy O, Ernst FR, Baumer D, Mustad V, Partridge J, Hegazi R. Differences in resource utilization between patients with diabetes receiving glycemia-targeted specialized nutrition vs standard nutrition formulas in U.S. hospitals. JPEN J Parenter Enteral Nutr 2014;38:86S-91S.	Not relevant study design
Hamdy O. Nonsurgical diabetes weight management: be prepared for sustainable and practical interventions. Curr Diab Rep 2011;11:75-6.	Not relevant study design
Hanaire H, Franc S, Borot S, Penfornis A, Benhamou PY, Schaepelynck P, et al. Efficacy of the Diabeloop closed-loop system to improve glycaemic control in patients with type 1 diabetes exposed to gastronomic dinners or to sustained physical exercise. Diabetes Obes Metab 2020;22:324-334.	Other reason
Hangping Z, Xiaona Q, Qi Z, Qingchun L, Na Y, Lijin J, et al. The impact on glycemic control through progressive resistance training with bioDensity(TM) in Chinese elderly patients with type 2 diabetes: The PReTTy2 (Progressive Resistance Training in Type 2 Diabetes) Trial. Diabetes Res Clin Pract 2019;150:64-71.	Other reason
Hansen HP, et al. Effect of dietary protein restriction on prognosis in patients with diabetic nephropathy. Kidney international 2002;62:220-8.	Not relevant population
Hare JL, Hordern MD, Leano R, Stanton T, Prins JB, Marwick TH. Application of an exercise intervention on the evolution of diastolic dysfunction in patients with diabetes mellitus: efficacy and effectiveness. Circ Heart Fail 2011;4:441-9.	Other reason
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Hawkins JS, Casey BM, Lo JY, Moss K, McIntire DD, Leveno KJ. Weekly compared with daily blood glucose monitoring in women with diet-treated gestational diabetes. Obstet Gynecol 2009;113:1307-12.	Other reason
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He JR, Yuan MY, Chen NN, Lu JH, Hu CY, Mai WB, et al. Maternal dietary patterns and gestational diabetes mellitus: a large prospective cohort study in China. Br J Nutr 2015;113:1292-300.	Not relevant population
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Hegde SV, Adhikari P, M N, D'Souza V. Effect of daily supplementation of fruits on oxidative stress indices and glycaemic status in type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Complement Ther Clin Pract</i> 2013;19:97-100.	Other reason
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Hendrich S. (n-3) Fatty Acids: Clinical Trials in People with Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Adv Nutr</i> . 2010;1(1):3-7.	Not relevant follow-up
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Hernandez TL, Barbour LA, Friedman JE, Reece MS, Krause MA, Van Pelt RE. Higher Carbohydrate Versus Higher Fat Diet in Gestational Diabetes: A Pilot Study. <i>Journal of Obstetric, Gynecologic & Neonatal Nursing</i> 2012;41:S124-S124.	Other reason

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Hernandez TL, et al. Women With Gestational Diabetes Mellitus Randomized to a Higher-Complex Carbohydrate/Low-Fat Diet Manifest Lower Adipose Tissue Insulin Resistance, Inflammation, Glucose, and Free Fatty Acids: A Pilot Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2016;39:39-42.	Not relevant study design
Hernandez TL, Van Pelt RE, Anderson MA, Daniels LJ, West NA, Donahoo WT, et al. A higher-complex carbohydrate diet in gestational diabetes mellitus achieves glucose targets and lowers postprandial lipids: a randomized crossover study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2014;37:1254-62.	Other reason n=19; cross-over design
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Hoffman RP. Vascular endothelial dysfunction and nutritional compounds in early type 1 diabetes. <i>Curr Diabetes Rev</i> 2014;10:201-7.	Not relevant study design
Holland-Carter L, Tuerk PW, Wadden TA, Fujioka KN, Becker LE, Miller-Kovach K, et al. Impact on psychosocial outcomes of a nationally available weight management program tailored for individuals with type 2 diabetes: Results of a randomized controlled trial. <i>J Diabetes Complications</i> 2017;31:891-897.	Other reason Intervention WW and SC not well described
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Reference	Main reason for exclusion
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Horie I, Kawasaki E, Sakanaka A, Takashima M, Maeyama M, Ando T, et al. Efficacy of nutrition therapy for glucose intolerance in Japanese women diagnosed with gestational diabetes based on IADPSG criteria during early gestation. <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract</i> 2015;107:400-6.	Not relevant study design
Horikawa C, Yoshimura Y, Kamada C, Tanaka S, Tanaka S, Takahashi A, et al. Dietary intake in Japanese patients with type 2 diabetes: Analysis from Japan Diabetes Complications Study. <i>J Diabetes Investig</i> 2014;5:176-87.	Not relevant study design
Hou YY, Ojo O, Wang LL, Wang Q, Jiang Q, Shao XY, et al. A Randomized Controlled Trial to Compare the Effect of Peanuts and Almonds on the Cardio-Metabolic and Inflammatory Parameters in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Nutrients</i> 2018;10:23.	Other reason
Houston DK, Leng X, Bray GA, Hergenroeder AL, Hill JO, Jakicic JM, et al. A long-term intensive lifestyle intervention and physical function: the look AHEAD Movement and Memory Study. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> . 2015;23(1):77-84.	Not relevant outcome
Houston DK, Neiberg RH, Miller ME, Hill JO, Jakicic JM, Johnson KC, et al. Physical Function Following a Long-Term Lifestyle Intervention Among Middle Aged and Older Adults With Type 2 Diabetes: The Look AHEAD Study. <i>J Gerontol A Biol Sci Med Sci</i> . 2018;73(11):1552-9.	Not relevant outcome Physical Function
Howard BV, et al. A Low-Fat Dietary Pattern and Diabetes: A Secondary Analysis From the Women's Health Initiative Dietary Modification Trial. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2018;41:680-687.	Not relevant population
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Hu ZG, Tan RS, Jin D, Li W, Zhou XY. A low glycemic index staple diet reduces postprandial glucose values in Asian women with gestational diabetes mellitus. <i>J Investig Med</i> 2014;62:975-9.	Other reason
Huang F, Nilholm C, Roth B, Linninge C, Hoglund P, Nyman M, et al. Anthropometric and metabolic improvements in human type 2 diabetes after introduction of an Okinawan-based Nordic diet are not associated with changes in microbial diversity or SCFA concentrations. <i>Int J Food Sci Nutr</i> 2018;69:729-740.	Other reason
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Huang MC, Hsu CC, Wang HS, Shin SJ. Prospective randomized controlled trial to evaluate effectiveness of registered dietitian-led diabetes management on glycemic and diet control in a primary care setting in Taiwan. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2010;33(2):233-9.	Not relevant intervention (multifactorial and cannot be related to diet)
Huang T, Ley SH, Zheng Y, Wang T, Bray GA, Sacks FM, et al. Genetic susceptibility to diabetes and long-term improvement of insulin resistance and beta cell function during weight loss: the Preventing Overweight Using Novel Dietary Strategies (POUNDS LOST) trial. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2016;104:198-204.	Not relevant population
Huang T, Lu C, Schumann M, Le S, Yang Y, Zhuang H, et al. Timing of Exercise Affects Glycemic Control in Type 2 Diabetes Patients Treated with Metformin. <i>J Diabetes Res</i> 2018;2018:2483273.	Other reason
Huffman FG, Vaccaro JA, Zarini GG, Biller D, Dixon Z. Inadequacy of micronutrients, fat, and fiber consumption in the diets of Haitian-, African- and Cuban-Americans with and without type 2 diabetes. <i>Int J Vitam Nutr Res</i> 2012;82:275-87.	Not relevant study design
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Hui AL, Sevenhuysen G, Harvey D, Salamon E. Food choice decision-making by women with gestational diabetes. <i>Can J Diabetes</i> 2014;38:26-31.	Not relevant study design
Hui AL, Sevenhuysen G, Harvey D, Salamon E. Stress and anxiety in women with gestational diabetes during dietary management. <i>Diabetes Educ</i> 2014;40:668-77.	Not relevant study design
Huisman S, de Gucht V, Maes S, Schroevers M, Chatrou M, Haak H. Self-regulation and weight reduction in patients with type 2	Other reason

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
diabetes: a pilot intervention study. <i>Patient Educ Couns</i> 2009;75:84-90.	
Hurst Y, Fukuda H. Effects of changes in eating speed on obesity in patients with diabetes: a secondary analysis of longitudinal health check-up data. <i>BMJ Open</i> 2018;8:e019589.	Not relevant study design
Hussain TA, et al. Effect of low-calorie versus low-carbohydrate ketogenic diet in type 2 diabetes. <i>Nutrition</i> 2012;28:1016-21.	Analysis without adjustments for confounders
Huxley R, Lee CM, Barzi F, Timmermeister L, Czernichow S, Perkovic V, et al. Coffee, decaffeinated coffee, and tea consumption in relation to incident type 2 diabetes mellitus: a systematic review with meta-analysis. <i>Arch Intern Med</i> 2009;169:2053-63.	Not relevant population
Hwang JY, Park JE, Choi YJ, Huh KB, Chang N, Kim WY. Carbohydrate intake interacts with SNP276G>T polymorphism in the adiponectin gene to affect fasting blood glucose, HbA1C, and HDL cholesterol in Korean patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>J Am Coll Nutr</i> 2013;32:143-50.	Not relevant study design
Hwang YC, Morrow DA, Cannon CP, Liu Y, Bergenstal R, Heller S, et al. High-sensitivity C-reactive protein, low-density lipoprotein cholesterol and cardiovascular outcomes in patients with type 2 diabetes in the EXAMINE (Examination of Cardiovascular Outcomes with Alogliptin versus Standard of Care) trial. <i>Diabetes Obes Metab</i> 2018;20:654-659.	Other reason
Ibsen DB, Laursen ASD, Lauritzen L, Tjonneland A, Overvad K, Jakobsen MU. Substitutions between dairy product subgroups and risk of type 2 diabetes: the Danish Diet, Cancer and Health cohort. <i>Br J Nutr</i> 2017;118:989-997.	Not relevant population
Ibsen DB, Warberg CK, Wurtz AML, Overvad K, Dahm CC. Substitution of red meat with poultry or fish and risk of type 2 diabetes: a Danish cohort study. <i>Eur J Nutr</i> 2019;58:2705-2712.	Not relevant population
Iijima K, Iimuro S, Ohashi Y, Sakurai T, Umegaki H, Araki A, et al. Lower physical activity, but not excessive calorie intake, is associated with metabolic syndrome in elderly with type 2 diabetes mellitus: the Japanese Elderly Diabetes Intervention Trial. <i>Geriatr Gerontol Int</i> 2012;12:68-76.	Not relevant study design
Imai S, Matsuda M, Hasegawa G, Fukui M, Obayashi H, Ozasa N, et al. A simple meal plan of 'eating vegetables before carbohydrate' was more effective for achieving glycemic control than an exchange-based meal plan in Japanese patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Asia Pac J Clin Nutr</i> . 2011;20(2):161-8.	Not relevant intervention
Imamura F, Lichtenstein AH, Dallal GE, Meigs JB, Jacques PF. Generalizability of dietary patterns associated with incidence of type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2009;90:1075-83.	Not relevant population

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Inzucchi SE, Bergenstal RM, Buse JB, Diamant M, Ferrannini E, Nauck M, et al. Management of hyperglycemia in type 2 diabetes, 2015: a patient-centered approach: update to a position statement of the American Diabetes Association and the European Association for the Study of Diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2015;38:140-9.	Not relevant study design
Irene S, Belinda E, Norbert S. Type 2 Diabetes Self-Management: Role of Diet Self-Efficacy. <i>Canadian Journal of Diabetes</i> 2012;36:337-344.	Not relevant study design
Ismail NA, Olaide Raji H, Abd Wahab N, Mustafa N, Kamaruddin NA, Abdul Jamil M. Glycemic Control among Pregnant Diabetic Women on Insulin Who Fasted During Ramadan. <i>Iran J Med Sci</i> 2011;36:254-9.	Not relevant study design
Jaacks LM, Liu W, Ji L, Mendez MA, Du S, Crandell J, et al. Diabetes nutrition therapy and dietary intake among individuals with Type 1 diabetes in China. <i>Diabet Med</i> 2015;32:399-406.	Other reason Education
Jackson SL, et al. Participation in a National Lifestyle Change Program is associated with improved diabetes Control outcomes. <i>J Diabetes Complications</i> 2017;31:1430-1436.	Not relevant study design
Jacobsen SS, et al. The quality of dietary carbohydrate and fat is associated with better metabolic control in persons with type 1 and type 2 diabetes. <i>Nutrition Journal</i> 2020;19:125.	Not relevant study design
Jakicic JM, Egan CM, Fabricatore AN, Gaussoin SA, Glasser SP, Hesson LA, et al. Four-year change in cardiorespiratory fitness and influence on glycemic control in adults with type 2 diabetes in a randomized trial: the Look AHEAD Trial. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2013;36(5):1297-303.	Not relevant outcome
Jannasch F, Kroger J, Agnoli C, Barricarte A, Boeing H, Cayssials V, et al. Generalizability of a Diabetes-Associated Country-Specific Exploratory Dietary Pattern Is Feasible Across European Populations. <i>J Nutr</i> 2019;149:1047-1055.	Cross sectional, epic risk t2d patterns
Janssen PG, Gorter KJ, Stolk RP, Rutten GE. Randomised controlled trial of intensive multifactorial treatment for cardiovascular risk in patients with screen-detected type 2 diabetes: 1-year data from the ADDITION Netherlands study. <i>Br J Gen Pract</i> 2009;59:43-8.	Other reason (addition trial 1y intensified vs routine care)
Jansson SP, Andersson DK, Svardsudd K. Effects of fasting blood glucose, diabetes treatment, blood pressure and anti-hypertension treatment on cardiovascular disease incidence: a 30-year follow-up study of 740 incident patients with Type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabet Med</i> 2013;30:349-57.	Not relevant study design
Jannasch F, Kroger J, Agnoli C, Barricarte A, Boeing H, Cayssials V, et al. Generalizability of a Diabetes-Associated Country-Specific Exploratory Dietary Pattern Is Feasible Across European Populations. <i>J Nutr</i> . 2019;149(6):1047-55.	Not relevant population
Jarvandi S, Gougeon R, Bader A, Dasgupta K. Differences in food intake among obese and nonobese women and men with type 2 diabetes. <i>J Am Coll Nutr</i> 2011;30:225-32.	Not relevant study design

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Jayasuriya WJ, Wanigatunge CA, Fernando GH, Abeytunga DT, Suresh TS. Hypoglycaemic activity of culinary <i>Pleurotus ostreatus</i> and <i>P. cystidiosus</i> mushrooms in healthy volunteers and type 2 diabetic patients on diet control and the possible mechanisms of action. <i>Phytother Res</i> 2015;29:303-9.	Other reason
Jayawardena R, Ranasinghe P, Chathuranga T, Atapattu PM, Misra A. The benefits of yoga practice compared to physical exercise in the management of type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Diabetes Metab Syndr</i> 2018;12:795-805.	Other reason
Jayawardene DC, McAuley SA, Horsburgh JC, Gerche A, Jenkins AJ, Ward GM, et al. Closed-Loop Insulin Delivery for Adults with Type 1 Diabetes Undertaking High-Intensity Interval Exercise Versus Moderate-Intensity Exercise: A Randomized, Crossover Study. <i>Diabetes Technol Ther</i> 2017;19:340-348.	Not relevant study design
Jayedi A, Mirzaei K, Rashidy-Pour A, Yekaninejad MS, Zargar MS, Akbari Eidgahi MR. Dietary approaches to stop hypertension, mediterranean dietary pattern, and diabetic nephropathy in women with type 2 diabetes: A case-control study. <i>Clin Nutr ESPEN</i> 2019;33:164-170.	Not relevant study design
Jenkins DJA, Kendall CWC, Lamarche B, Banach MS, Srichaikul K, Vidgen E, et al. Correction to: Nuts as a replacement for carbohydrates in the diabetic diet: a reanalysis of a randomised controlled trial. <i>Diabetologia</i> 2019;62:549-552.	Other reason
Jenkins DJA, Kendall CWC, Lamarche B, Banach MS, Srichaikul K, Vidgen E, et al. Nuts as a replacement for carbohydrates in the diabetic diet: a reanalysis of a randomised controlled trial. <i>Diabetologia</i> 2018;61:1734-1747.	Other reason
Jiang J, Qiu H, Zhao G, Zhou Y, Zhang Z, Zhang H, et al. Dietary fiber intake is associated with HbA1c level among prevalent patients with type 2 diabetes in Pudong New Area of Shanghai, China. <i>PLoS One</i> 2012;7:e46552.	Not relevant study design
Johannesen CO, Dale HF, Jensen C, Lied GA. Effects of Plant-Based Diets on Outcomes Related to Glucose Metabolism: A Systematic Review. <i>Diabetes Metab Syndr Obes.</i> 2020;13:2811-22.	Not relevant study design
Johnson ST, Al Sayah F, Mathe N, Johnson JA. The relationship of diabetes-related distress and depressive symptoms with physical activity and dietary behaviors in adults with type 2 diabetes: A cross-sectional study. <i>J Diabetes Complications</i> 2016;30:967-70.	Not relevant study design
Johnson ST, Bell GJ, McCargar LJ, Welsh RS, Bell RC. Improved cardiovascular health following a progressive walking and dietary intervention for type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Obes Metab</i> 2009;11:836-43.	Other reason (2 wks walking 2 methods + 12 wks basic vs enhanced lifestyle incl diet focus on GI, different diets)
Jonasson L, et al. Advice to follow a low-carbohydrate diet has a favourable impact on low-grade inflammation in type 2 diabetes compared with advice to follow a low-fat diet. <i>Ann Med</i> 2014;46:182-7.	Not relevant outcome

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Jonker JT, Snel M, Hammer S, Jazet IM, van der Meer RW, Pijl H, et al. Sustained cardiac remodeling after a short-term very low calorie diet in type 2 diabetes mellitus patients. <i>Int J Cardiovasc Imaging</i> 2014;30:121-7.	Other reason
Jonsson T, Granfeldt Y, Ahren B, Branell UC, Palsson G, Hansson A, et al. Beneficial effects of a Paleolithic diet on cardiovascular risk factors in type 2 diabetes: a randomized cross-over pilot study. <i>Cardiovasc Diabetol</i> 2009;8:35.	Other reason
Jonsson T, Granfeldt Y, Lindeberg S, Hallberg AC. Subjective satiety and other experiences of a Paleolithic diet compared to a diabetes diet in patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Nutr J</i> 2013;12:105.	Other reason
Julien E, Senecal C, Guay F. Longitudinal relations among perceived autonomy support from health care practitioners, motivation, coping strategies and dietary compliance in a sample of adults with type 2 diabetes. <i>J Health Psychol</i> 2009;14:457-70.	Other reason
Kadri R, Vishwanath P, Parameshwar D, Hegde S, Kudva AA. Dietary associations with diabetic retinopathy-A cohort study. <i>Indian J Ophthalmol.</i> 2021;69(3):661-5.	Not relevant study design
Kahleova H, Belinova L, Malinska H, Oliyarnyk O, Trnovska J, Skop V, et al. Erratum to: Eating two larger meals a day (breakfast and lunch) is more effective than six smaller meals in a reduced-energy regimen for patients with type 2 diabetes: a randomised crossover study. <i>Diabetologia</i> 2015;58:205.	Not relevant study design
Kahleova H, et al. The Effect of a Vegetarian vs Conventional Hypocaloric Diabetic Diet on Thigh Adipose Tissue Distribution in Subjects with Type 2 Diabetes: A Randomized Study. <i>J Am Coll Nutr</i> 2017;36:364-369.	Not relevant outcome
Kahleova H, Mari A, Nofrate V, Matoulek M, Kazdova L, Hill M, et al. Improvement in beta-cell function after diet-induced weight loss is associated with decrease in pancreatic polypeptide in subjects with type 2 diabetes. <i>J Diabetes Complications</i> 2012;26:442-9.	Other reason (12 wks hypocaloric 12 wks with exercise no control)
Kahleova H, Matoulek M, Bratova M, Malinska H, Kazdova L, Hill M, et al. Vegetarian diet-induced increase in linoleic acid in serum phospholipids is associated with improved insulin sensitivity in subjects with type 2 diabetes. <i>Nutr Diabetes.</i> 2013;3:e75.	Not relevant population
Kaliora AC, Kalafati IP, Gioxari A, Diolintzi A, Kokkinos A, Dedoussis GV. A modified response of NAFLD patients with non-significant fibrosis in nutritional counseling according to GCKR rs1260326. <i>Eur J Nutr</i> 2018;57:2227-2235.	Other reason
Kamada C, Yoshimura H, Okumura R, Takahashi K, Iimuro S, Ohashi Y, et al. Optimal energy distribution of carbohydrate intake for Japanese elderly patients with type 2 diabetes: the Japanese Elderly Intervention Trial. <i>Geriatr Gerontol Int</i> 2012;12:41-9.	Not relevant study design

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Kanellos PT, Kaliora AC, Tentolouris NK, Argiana V, Perrea D, Kalogeropoulos N, et al. A pilot, randomized controlled trial to examine the health outcomes of raisin consumption in patients with diabetes. <i>Nutrition</i> . 2014;30(3):358-64.	No control group
Katula JA, Kirk JK, Pedley CF, Savoca MR, Effoe VS, Bell RA, et al. The Lifestyle Intervention for the Treatment of Diabetes study (LIFT Diabetes): Design and baseline characteristics for a randomized translational trial to improve control of cardiovascular disease risk factors. <i>Contemp Clin Trials</i> 2017;53:89-99.	Other reason
Kawada T. Dietary intervention and cognitive performance in patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Br J Nutr</i> 2017;117:478.	Other reason
Kempf K, Altpeter B, Berger J, Reuss O, Fuchs M, Schneider M, et al. Efficacy of the Telemedical Lifestyle intervention Program TeLiPro in Advanced Stages of Type 2 Diabetes: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2017;40:863-871.	Other reason
Kempf K, Rohling M, Niedermeier K, Gartner B, Martin S. Individualized Meal Replacement Therapy Improves Clinically Relevant Long-Term Glycemic Control in Poorly Controlled Type 2 Diabetes Patients. <i>Nutrients</i> 2018;10:04.	Not relevant study design
Kempf K, Schloot NC, Gartner B, Keil R, Schadewaldt P, Martin S. Meal replacement reduces insulin requirement, HbA1c and weight long-term in type 2 diabetes patients with >100 U insulin per day. <i>J Hum Nutr Diet</i> 2014;27:21-7.	Not relevant study design
Kgosidialwa O, Egan AM, Carmody L, Kirwan B, Gunning P, Dunne FP. Treatment With Diet and Exercise for Women With Gestational Diabetes Mellitus Diagnosed Using IADPSG Criteria. <i>J Clin Endocrinol Metab</i> 2015;100:4629-36.	Other reason (no specific diet)
Khoo J, Piantadosi C, Duncan R, Worthley SG, Jenkins A, Noakes M, et al. Comparing effects of a low-energy diet and a high-protein low-fat diet on sexual and endothelial function, urinary tract symptoms, and inflammation in obese diabetic men. <i>J Sex Med</i> 2011;8:2868-75.	Not relevant study design
Kim EK, Kwak SH, Jung HS, Koo BK, Moon MK, Lim S, et al. The Effect of a Smartphone-Based, Patient-Centered Diabetes Care System in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes: A Randomized, Controlled Trial for 24 Weeks. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2019;42:3-9.	Other reason (smartphone based vs paper logbook)
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Kim SH, Hong SB, Suh YJ, Choi YJ, Nam M, Lee HW, et al. Association between nutrient intake and obesity in type 2 diabetic patients from the Korean National Diabetes Program: a cross-sectional study. <i>J Korean Med Sci</i> 2012;27:1188-95.	Not relevant study design
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Kirk JK, et al. Longitudinal changes in dietary fat intake and associated changes in cardiovascular risk factors in adults with type 2 diabetes: the ACCORD trial. <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract</i> 2013;100:61-8.	Not relevant reference test
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Koster-Rasmussen R, Simonsen MK, Siersma V, Henriksen JE, Heitmann BL, de Fine Olivarius N. Intentional Weight Loss and Longevity in Overweight Patients with Type 2 Diabetes: A Population-Based Cohort Study. <i>PLoS One</i> 2016;11:e0146889.	Other reason (intention to weight loss)
Koya D, et al. Long-term effect of modification of dietary protein intake on the progression of diabetic nephropathy: a randomised controlled trial. <i>Diabetologia</i> 2009;52:2037-45.	Not relevant population
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Lašaitė L, Spadiene A, Savickiene N, Skesters A, Silova A. The Effect of Ginkgo biloba and Camellia sinensis Extracts on Psychological State and Glycemic Control in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Nat Prod Commun</i> . 2014;9:1345-50.	Not relevant PICO
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Leehey DJ, Moinuddin I, Bast JP, Qureshi S, Jelinek CS, Cooper C, et al. Aerobic exercise in obese diabetic patients with chronic kidney disease: a randomized and controlled pilot study. <i>Cardiovasc Diabetol</i> 2009;8:62.	Other reason
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Leichter SB, Bowman K, Adkins RA, Jelsovsky Z. Impact of remote management of diabetes via computer: the 360 study--a proof-of-concept randomized trial. <i>Diabetes Technol Ther</i> 2013;15:434-8.	Other reason
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Li Q, Xing B. Vitamin D3-Supplemented Yogurt Drink Improves Insulin Resistance and Lipid Profiles in Women with Gestational Diabetes Mellitus: A Randomized Double Blinded Clinical Trial. <i>Ann Nutr Metab</i> 2016;68:285-90.	Other reason
Li S, Zhu Y, Chavarro JE, Bao W, Tobias DK, Ley SH, et al. Healthful Dietary Patterns and the Risk of Hypertension Among Women With a History of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus: A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Hypertension</i> 2016;67:1157-65.	Not relevant population
Li X, Cai X, Ma X, Jing L, Gu J, Bao L, et al. Short- and Long-Term Effects of Wholegrain Oat Intake on Weight Management and Glucolipid Metabolism in Overweight Type-2 Diabetics: A Randomized Control Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> 2016;8:07.	Other reason
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Li Z, Tseng CH, Li Q, Deng ML, Wang M, Heber D. Clinical efficacy of a medically supervised outpatient high-protein, low-calorie diet program is equivalent in prediabetic, diabetic and normoglycemic obese patients. <i>Nutr Diabetes</i> 2014;4:e105.	Not relevant study design
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Lim S, Kang SM, Kim KM, Moon JH, Choi SH, Hwang H, et al. Multifactorial intervention in diabetes care using real-time monitoring and tailored feedback in type 2 diabetes. <i>Acta Diabetol</i> 2016;53:189-98.	Other reason
Lim S, Versace VL, O'Reilly S, Janus E, Dunbar J. Weight Change and Cardiometabolic Outcomes in Postpartum Women with History of Gestational Diabetes. <i>Nutrients</i> 2019;11.	Postpartum gdm weight gain and risk

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Lin YH, Huang YY, Chen HY, Hsieh SH, Sun JH, Chen ST, et al. Impact of Carbohydrate on Glucose Variability in Patients with Type 1 Diabetes Assessed Through Professional Continuous Glucose Monitoring: A Retrospective Study. <i>Diabetes Ther</i> 2019;10:2289-2304.	Not relevant study design
Lindberg M, Midthjell K, Bjerve KS. Long-term tracking of plasma phospholipid fatty acid concentrations and their correlation with the dietary intake of marine foods in newly diagnosed diabetic patients: results from a follow-up of the HUNT Study, Norway. <i>Br J Nutr</i> 2013;109:1123-34.	Other reason
Lipoeto NI, Masrul, Decroli E, Purnakarya I. Effect of Modified Diet and Exercise on Insulin Level in Diabetes Mellitus Type-2 Patients. <i>Pakistan Journal of Nutrition</i> . 2016;15(4):370-3.	Not relevant intervention
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Lipscombe LL, Delos-Reyes F, Glenn AJ, de Sequeira S, Liang X, Grant S, et al. The Avoiding Diabetes After Pregnancy Trial in Moms Program: Feasibility of a Diabetes Prevention Program for Women With Recent Gestational Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Can J Diabetes</i> 2019;43:613-620.	Other reason
Liu H, Wang L, Zhang S, Leng J, Li N, Li W, et al. One-year weight losses in the Tianjin Gestational Diabetes Mellitus Prevention Programme: A randomized clinical trial. <i>Diabetes Obes Metab</i> 2018;20:1246-1255.	Other reason, weight loss 1 years after GDM
Liu H, Zhang M, Wu X, Wang C, Li Z. Effectiveness of a public dietitian-led diabetes nutrition intervention on glycemic control in a community setting in China. <i>Asia Pac J Clin Nutr</i> 2015;24:525-32.	Other reason, educational program
Liu K, et al. Effect of combined use of a low-carbohydrate, high-protein diet with omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid supplementation on glycemic control in newly diagnosed type 2 diabetes: a randomized, double-blind, parallel-controlled trial. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2018;108:256-265.	Participants received omega-3 capsules

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Liu ZM, Chen YM, Ho SC, Ho YP, Woo J. Effects of soy protein and isoflavones on glycemic control and insulin sensitivity: a 6-mo double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled trial in postmenopausal Chinese women with prediabetes or untreated early diabetes. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2010;91:1394-401.	Not relevant population
Liu K, Zhou R, Wang B, Chen K, Shi LY, Zhu JD, et al. Effect of green tea on glucose control and insulin sensitivity: a meta-analysis of 17 randomized controlled trials. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2013;98(2):340-8.	Not relevant study design
Liu ZM, Chen YM, Ho SC. Effects of soy intake on glycemic control: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2011;93(5):1092-101.	Not relevant population
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Liu ZM, Chen YM, Ho SC, Ho YP, Woo J. Effects of soy protein and isoflavones on glycemic control and insulin sensitivity: a 6-mo double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled trial in postmenopausal Chinese women with prediabetes or untreated early diabetes. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2010;91(5):1394-401.	Not relevant index test
Lopez-Garcia E, Hagan KA, Fung TT, Hu FB, Rodriguez-Artalejo F. Mediterranean diet and risk of frailty syndrome among women with type 2 diabetes. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2018;107:763-771.	Not relevant outcome
Luger M, et al. Feasibility and efficacy of an isocaloric high-protein vs. standard diet on insulin requirement, body weight and metabolic parameters in patients with type 2 diabetes on insulin therapy. <i>Exp Clin Endocrinol Diabetes</i> 2013;121:286-94.	Follow up 12 weeks
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Lopez-Garcia E, Hagan KA, Fung TT, Hu FB, Rodriguez-Artalejo F. Mediterranean diet and risk of frailty syndrome among women with type 2 diabetes. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2018;107(5):763-71.	Not relevant outcome
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Lynch EB, Liebman R, Ventrelle J, Avery EF, Richardson D. A self-management intervention for African Americans with comorbid diabetes and hypertension: a pilot randomized controlled trial. <i>Prev Chronic Dis</i> . 2014;11:E90.	Not relevant intervention

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Ma Q, Chen D, Sun HP, Yan N, Xu Y, Pan CW. Regular Chinese Green Tea Consumption is Protective for Diabetic Retinopathy: A Clinic-Based Case-Control Study. <i>J Diabetes Res</i> 2015;2015:231570.	Not relevant study design
Ma T, Lee C-D. Bitter Melon Intake Versus Exercise For Postprandial Glucose Among Patients With Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Medicine & Science in Sports & Exercise</i> 2018;50:723-724.	Not relevant study design
Maasen K, van Greevenbroek MMJ, Scheijen J, van der Kallen CJH, Stehouwer CDA, Schalkwijk CG. High dietary glycemc load is associated with higher concentrations of urinary advanced glycation endproducts: the Cohort on Diabetes and Atherosclerosis Maastricht (CODAM) Study. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2019;110:358-366.	Not relevant outcome
Maddah M, Shoili AG, Karandish M, Sheyoie R. Weight loss in diabetic obese women in comparison to non-diabetic women. <i>Int J Cardiol</i> 2011;150:347-8.	Not relevant study design
Madjd A, et al. Effects on weight loss in adults of replacing diet beverages with water during a hypoenergetic diet: a randomized, 24-wk clinical trial. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2015;102:1305-12.	Retrospective case-control study
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Maindal HT, Toft U, Lauritzen T, Sandbaek A. Three-year effects on dietary quality of health education: a randomized controlled trial of people with screen-detected dysglycaemia (The ADDITION study, Denmark). <i>Eur J Public Health</i> 2013;23:393-8.	Not relevant population
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Maiorino MI, Bellastella G, Petrizzo M, Scappaticcio L, Giugliano D, Esposito K. Mediterranean diet cools down the inflammatory milieu in type 2 diabetes: the MEDITA randomized controlled trial. <i>Endocrine</i> 2016;54:634-641.	Not relevant outcome
Malik N, Tonstad S, Paalani M, Dos Santos H, Luiz do Prado W. Are long-term FAD diets restricting micronutrient intake? A randomized controlled trial. <i>Food Sci Nutr</i> . 2020;8(11):6047-60.	Not relevant population
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Marco-Benedi V, Perez-Calahorra S, Bea AM, Lamiquiz-Moneo I, Baila-Rueda L, Cenarro A, et al. High-protein energy-restricted diets induce greater improvement in glucose homeostasis but not in adipokines comparing to standard-protein diets in early-onset diabetic adults with overweight or obesity. <i>Clin Nutr.</i> 2019;15:15.	Not relevant population
Marco-Benedi V, Perez-Calahorra S, Bea AM, Lamiquiz-Moneo I, Baila-Rueda L, Cenarro A, et al. High-protein energy-restricted diets induce greater improvement in glucose homeostasis but not in adipokines comparing to standard-protein diets in early-onset diabetic adults with overweight or obesity. <i>Clin Nutr.</i> 2019;15:15.	Not relevant population
Matos DA, Filizzola RG, Costa MJ, Diniz AS, Faintuch J. Are calcium and fiber beneficial for poorly controlled diabetic patients? <i>Nutr Hosp</i> 2011;26:410-4.	Not relevant study design
Matsumoto S, Beeson WL, Shavlik DJ, Siapco G, Jaceldo-Siegl K, Fraser G, et al. Association between vegetarian diets and cardiovascular risk factors in non-Hispanic white participants of the Adventist Health Study-2. <i>J Nutr Sci</i> 2019;8:e6.	Not relevant population
Mayer SB, Jeffreys AS, Olsen MK, McDuffie JR, Feinglos MN, Yancy WS, Jr. Two diets with different haemoglobin A1c and antiglycaemic medication effects despite similar weight loss in type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Obes Metab.</i> 2014;16(1):90-3.	Not relevant intervention?
McInnes N, Smith A, Otto R, Vandermeij J, Punthakee Z, Sherifali D, et al. Piloting a Remission Strategy in Type 2 Diabetes: Results of a Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>J Clin Endocrinol Metab</i> 2017;102:1596-1605.	Not relevant index test
Metz JA, Stern JS, Kris-Etherton P, Reusser ME, Morris CD, Hatton DC, et al. A randomized trial of improved weight loss with a prepared meal plan in overweight and obese patients: impact on cardiovascular risk reduction. <i>Arch Intern Med.</i> 2000;160(14):2150-8.	Not relevant population
Micha R, Penalvo JL, Cudhea F, Imamura F, Rehm CD, Mozaffarian D. Association Between Dietary Factors and Mortality From Heart Disease, Stroke, and Type 2 Diabetes in the United States. <i>JAMA</i> 2017;317:912-924.	Not relevant population
Miller CK, Gutshcall MD, Mitchell DC. Change in food choices following a glycemic load intervention in adults with type 2 diabetes. <i>J Am Diet Assoc</i> 2009;109:319-24.	Not relevant study design
Mirmiran P, Bahadoran Z, Golzarand M, Rajab A, Azizi F. Ardeh (<i>Sesamum indicum</i>) could improve serum triglycerides and atherogenic lipid parameters in type 2 diabetic patients: a randomized clinical trial. <i>Arch Iran Med</i> 2013;16:651-6.	Not relevant study design
Mirmiran P, Moslehi N, Mahmoudof H, Sadeghi M, Azizi F. A Longitudinal Study of Adherence to the Mediterranean Dietary Pattern and Metabolic Syndrome in a Non-Mediterranean Population. <i>Int J Endocrinol Metab</i> 2015;13:e26128.	Not relevant population

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Mitchell A, Fall T, Melhus H, Wolk A, Michaelsson K, Byberg L. Is the effect of Mediterranean diet on hip fracture mediated through type 2 diabetes mellitus and body mass index? <i>Int J Epidemiol.</i> 25:25.	Not relevant outcome
Mitra A, Dewanjee D, Dey B. Mechanistic studies of lifestyle interventions in type 2 diabetes. <i>World J Diabetes</i> 2012;3:201-7.	Not relevant index test
Mollentze WF, Joubert G, Prins A, van der Linde S, Marx GM, Tsie KG. The safety and efficacy of a low-energy diet to induce weight loss, improve metabolic health, and induce diabetes remission in insulin-treated obese men with type 2 diabetes: a pilot RCT. <i>International Journal of Diabetes in Developing Countries</i> 2019;39:618-625.	Not relevant population
Moncrieft AE, Llabre MM, McCalla JR, Gutt M, Mendez AJ, Gellman MD, et al. Effects of a Multicomponent Life-Style Intervention on Weight, Glycemic Control, Depressive Symptoms, and Renal Function in Low-Income, Minority Patients With Type 2 Diabetes: Results of the Community Approach to Lifestyle Modification for Diabetes Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Psychosom Med</i> 2016;78:851-60.	Not relevant outcome
Morisset AS, Cote JA, Michaud A, Robitaille J, Tchernof A, Dube MC, et al. Dietary intakes in the nutritional management of gestational diabetes mellitus. <i>Can J Diet Pract Res</i> 2014;75:64-71.	Not relevant population
Morris E, et al. A food-based, low-energy, low-carbohydrate diet for people with type 2 diabetes in primary care: A randomized controlled feasibility trial. <i>Diabetes Obes Metab</i> 2020;22:512-520.	
Morris MA, et al. Relationship of the Frequency, Distribution, and Content of Meals/Snacks to Glycaemic Control in Gestational Diabetes: The myfood24 GDM Pilot Study. <i>Nutrients</i> 2019;12:18.	Not relevant study design
Moses RG, Barker M, Winter M, Petocz P, Brand-Miller JC. Can a low-glycemic index diet reduce the need for insulin in gestational diabetes mellitus? A randomized trial. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2009;32:996-1000.	Not relevant population
Moss SE, Klein R, Klein BE. The association of alcohol consumption with the incidence and progression of diabetic retinopathy. <i>Ophthalmology</i> . 1994;101(12):1962-8.	Not relevant intervention
Mottalib A, Sakr M, Shehabeldin M, Hamdy O. Diabetes Remission after Nonsurgical Intensive Lifestyle Intervention in Obese Patients with Type 2 Diabetes. <i>J Diabetes Res</i> 2015;2015:468704.	Not relevant study design
Muchiri JW, Gericke GJ, Rheeder P. Effect of a nutrition education programme on clinical status and dietary behaviours of adults with type 2 diabetes in a resource-limited setting in South Africa: a randomised controlled trial. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> 2016;19:142-55.	Not relevant outcome
Ngaosuwan K, Osataphan S. Diabetes Mellitus Treated with Medical Nutritional Therapy and Self Blood Glucose Monitoring: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>J Med Assoc Thai</i> . 2015;98:S66-73.	Other reason

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Weber KS, Knebel B, Strassburger K, Kotzka J, Stehle P, Szendroedi J, et al. Associations between explorative dietary patterns and serum lipid levels and their interactions with ApoA5 and ApoE haplotype in patients with recently diagnosed type 2 diabetes. <i>Cardiovasc Diabetol</i> 2016;15:138.	Not relevant study design
West DS, et al. Motivational interviewing improves weight loss in women with type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2007;30:1081-7.	Not relevant intervention
Wing RR, et al. Year-long weight loss treatment for obese patients with type II diabetes: Does including an intermittent very-low-calorie diet improve outcome? <i>The American Journal of Medicine</i> 1994;97:354-362.	Not relevant study design
Wolever TM, Gibbs AL, Chiasson JL, Connelly PW, Josse RG, Leiter LA, et al. Altering source or amount of dietary carbohydrate has acute and chronic effects on postprandial glucose and triglycerides in type 2 diabetes: Canadian trial of Carbohydrates in Diabetes (CCD). <i>Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis.</i> 2013;23(3):227-34.	Not relevant outcome

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Wright N, Wilson L, Smith M, Duncan B, McHugh P. The BROAD study: A randomised controlled trial using a whole food plant-based diet in the community for obesity, ischaemic heart disease or diabetes. <i>Nutr Diabetes</i> 2017;7:e256.	Not relevant population
Wycherley TP, et al. Effects of energy-restricted high-protein, low-fat compared with standard-protein, low-fat diets: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2012;96:1281-98.	Not relevant study design
Xie Y, et al. Effects of soluble fiber supplementation on glycemic control in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus: A systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. <i>Clin Nutr</i> 2020;23:23.	Not relevant study design
Xin Y, Davies A, McCombie L, Briggs A, Messow CM, Grieve E, et al. Type 2 diabetes remission: economic evaluation of the DiRECT/Counterweight-Plus weight management programme within a primary care randomized controlled trial. <i>Diabet Med</i> 2019;36:1003-1012.	Not relevant index test
Xin Y, Davies A, Briggs A, McCombie L, Messow CM, Grieve E, et al. Type 2 diabetes remission: 2 year within-trial and lifetime-horizon cost-effectiveness of the Diabetes Remission Clinical Trial (DiRECT)/Counterweight-Plus weight management programme. <i>Diabetologia</i> .63(10):2112-22.	Not relevant outcome
Xu DF, Sun JQ, Chen M, Chen YQ, Xie H, Sun WJ, et al. Effects of lifestyle intervention and meal replacement on glycaemic and body-weight control in Chinese subjects with impaired glucose regulation: a 1-year randomised controlled trial. <i>Br J Nutr</i> 2013;109:487-92.	Not relevant index test
Yamada Y, Uchida J, Izumi H, Tsukamoto Y, Inoue G, Watanabe Y, et al. A non-calorie-restricted low-carbohydrate diet is effective as an alternative therapy for patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Intern Med</i> 2014;53:13-9.	Not relevant population
Yamakawa T, et al. Dietary survey in Japanese patients with type 2 diabetes and the influence of dietary carbohydrate on glycated hemoglobin: The Sleep and Food Registry in Kanagawa study. <i>J Diabetes Investig</i> 2019;10:309-317.	Not relevant study design
Yamamoto T, Moyama S, Yano H. Effect of a newly-devised nutritional guide based on self-efficacy for patients with type 2 diabetes in Japan over 2 years: 1-year intervention and 1-year follow-up studies. <i>J Diabetes Investig</i> 2017;8:195-200.	Not relevant population
Yan X, et al. Does daily dietary intake affect diabetic retinopathy progression? 10-year results from the 45 and Up Study. <i>Br J Ophthalmol</i> 2019;22:22.	Other reason
Yang S, Lin R, Si L, Li Z, Jian W, Yu Q, et al. Cod-Liver Oil Improves Metabolic Indices and hs-CRP Levels in Gestational Diabetes Mellitus Patients: A Double-Blind Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>J Diabetes Res</i> 2019;2019:7074042.	Not relevant index test

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Yomogida J, Inouye J, Arakaki R, Davis J. Diet and Exercise among Asian and Pacific Islanders with Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Commun Nurs Res</i> . 2013;46:374-.	Other reason, abstract
Yoon CY, et al. High dietary phosphorus density is a risk factor for incident chronic kidney disease development in diabetic subjects: a community-based prospective cohort study. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2017;106:311-321.	Not relevant intervention
Yu Z, et al. Effects of high-protein diet on glycemic control, insulin resistance and blood pressure in type 2 diabetes: A systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. <i>Clin Nutr</i> 2020;39:1724-1734.	Not relevant study design
Young RJ, McCulloch DK, Prescott RJ, Clarke BF. Alcohol: another risk factor for diabetic retinopathy? <i>Br Med J (Clin Res Ed)</i> . 1984;288(6423):1035-7.	Alcohol consumption
Zeller K, Whittaker E, Sullivan L, Raskin P, Jacobson HR. Effect of restricting dietary protein on the progression of renal failure in patients with insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus. <i>N Engl J Med</i> . 1991;324(2):78-84.	Too few participants.
Zerm R, Helbrecht B, Jecht M, Hein A, Millet E, Girke M, et al. Oatmeal diet days may improve insulin resistance in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Forsch Komplementmed</i> 2013;20:465-8.	Not relevant study design
Zheng JS, Lin M, Imamura F, Cai W, Wang L, Feng JP, et al. Serum metabolomics profiles in response to n-3 fatty acids in Chinese patients with type 2 diabetes: a double-blind randomised controlled trial. <i>Sci Rep</i> 2016;6:29522.	Not relevant index test
Zheng Y, et al. Dietary phosphatidylcholine and risk of all-cause and cardiovascular-specific mortality among US women and men. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> 2016;104:173-80.	Not relevant intervention
Zibaenezhad M, Aghasadeghi K, Hakimi H, Yarmohammadi H, Nikaein F. The Effect of Walnut Oil Consumption on Blood Sugar in Patients With Diabetes Mellitus Type 2. <i>Int J Endocrinol Metab</i> 2016;14:e34889.	Not relevant study design
Zimorovat A, et al. The healthy Nordic diet for blood glucose control: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled clinical trials. <i>Acta Diabetol</i> 2020;57:1-12.	Not relevant outcome
Sanchez-Sanchez ML, Garcia-Vigara A, Hidalgo-Mora JJ, Garcia-Perez MA, Tarin J, Cano A. Mediterranean diet and health: A systematic review of epidemiological studies and intervention trials. <i>Maturitas</i> . 2020;136:25-37.	Other reason
Zahedi M, Akhlagh SA, Aboomardani M, Alipoor R, Hosseini SA, Shahmirzadi AR. Efficacy of mediterranean diet on blood biochemical factors in type II diabetic patients: A randomized controlled trial. <i>Gazi Medical Journal</i> . 2021;31(4):714-8.	Not defined controlgroup diet

Excluded health economic articles

Reference	Main reason for exclusion
Nerat T, Locatelli I, Kos M. Type 2 diabetes: cost-effectiveness of medication adherence and lifestyle interventions. <i>Patient Prefer Adherence</i> . 2016;10:2039-49.	Not relevant intervention
Xin Y, Davies A, Briggs A, McCombie L, Messow CM, Grieve E, et al. Type 2 diabetes remission: 2 year within-trial and lifetime-horizon cost-effectiveness of the Diabetes Remission Clinical Trial (DiRECT)/Counterweight-Plus weight management programme. <i>Diabetologia</i> .63(10):2112-22.	Not relevant outcome